Weather
Clear, cold weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 53.6 and the minimum 44.6, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 57.4 and 44.5.

The China Press
大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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CONGRESS OPENS; WILSON'S TREATY NOTE DEFERRED

Gen. Gaida Awaits World's Verdict

SAYS KOLCHAK BLUNDERED IN ARMY MOVES

Supreme Ruler, He Says, Has Not Kept Faith With People

CAMPAIGN FAILS

Czech Leader Explains Reasons Bolshevists Were Not Checked

CHANGE IS NEEDED

Events In Vladivostok Preceding Revolt Are Reviewed

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Shanghai, Dec., 2.—General Gaida has communicated to Reuter's Agency the following historical review of events in Siberia in which the Czecho-Slovaks have played so conspicuous a role.

On November 18, 1918, Admiral Kolchak took over the reins of Government in Siberia. He proclaimed that he would govern in a truly democratic spirit. He had a powerful army at his back, for the best part formed by General Gaida. At that time the whole area from the Urals to the Irtish was quiet. The people hoped that the suppression of Bolshevism would mean an improvement in the internal situation. Previously the Power had been wielded by the Ufa Directorate, chosen by the Ufa Assembly. The Directorate was a Coalition Government in the strict sense. Admiral Kolchak occupied the post of Minister of War, while the chief Command was held by General Boldereff with General Rosanoff as Chief-of-Staff. A strong hand however was wanted, and Admiral Kolchak stepped into the breach.

The military position on the Siberian front was as follows:—The Anti-Bolshevik forces were distributed in three armies (1) the so-called "Siberian" Army, under General Gaida on the northern section of the front (2) the "Western" army under General Hangin, holding the southern section. (3) the southern army under General Dutoff. The composition of the Western army was very mixed, but it was chiefly made up of reactionary elements, while the Siberian army was inspired with more democratic ideas. All new regular formations were drafted into the Western army, the Siberian army being recruited solely from local drafts, the Southern army took no part in the operations under review.

WESTERN ARMY LOSSES

The Western army lost Samara, Ufa and Slatousut, while the Siberian army took the offensive and captured Perm. This was at Christmas time, 1918. During the winter the Siberian army continually advanced, while the Western army gave ground. The Bolsheviks accordingly concentrated the bulk of their forces against General Gaida, which gave the Western army, in the spring, an opportunity for making a rapid advance. As a proof of the extent to which the Bolsheviks had weakened their front, it is recalled that the Western army troops were able to capture Chistopol with no more than 500 men. The Western army took the offensive but disjointedly, without any connected plan. General Gaida was quick to see the danger of such tactics which might imperial the army headquarters itself. He applied to Admiral Kolchak, as Commander-in-Chief, urging the adoption of a single co-ordinated plan of action. His appeal was unanswered. The Bolsheviks, as General Gaida had anticipated, broke clean through the Western army front in May, a setback being converted into a rout.

General Gaida's front then ran from near Glazoff, on the river of the same name, to Chistopol, which had been the point of connection with the Western army.

(Continued on Page 4)

CHINESE LOAN IS FLOATED IN U.S. BY CHICAGO BANK

Is Part Of Thirty Million Advance Arranged By Hsu En-yuan

IN FORM OF GOLD NOTES

Is For Refunding Of Former Deal And Provides No Cash For Peking

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, Dec. 3.—The Continental and Commercial Bank of Chicago, with which Mr. Hsu En-yuan negotiated the $30,000,000 Wine and Tobacco Loan while he was in the United States, has put on the American market Gold Loan Treasury Notes of the Republic of China to the amount of $5,500,000, these notes to be redeemed within two years from date of issue and to bear interest at six percent. The price at which these Gold Treasury Notes are offered to buyers on the American market is 98¼, and they are redeemable in whole or in part at the option of the Republic of China on thirty days published notice, the premium during the first year being ½ percent and at any time there after ¼ percent.

This issue of Gold Loan Treasury Notes of the Chinese Republic covers that part of the recent Hsu En-yuan $30,000,000 loan which was negotiated for the purpose of writing off the principal and interest of the American Wine and Tobacco Loan of November, 1916, which matured on November 16 of this year. Hence no actual funds have been advanced to the Chinese Government by this transaction, and China is merely in the position of having paid off an old loan by negotiating a new one. Thus $24,500,000 of the $30,000,000 loan signed by Mr. Hsu En-yuan remains to be paid over, provided that the contract made in America is adhered to by both parties to it. It is likely, however, that the actually intended American advance to China of $24,500,000 will not materialise as such, but that, on the other hand, a three or four Power advance will be made to this country on the same, or similar, terms.

ISSUES STATEMENT

In placing the $5,500,000 loan before the American public the Continental and Commercial Bank of Chicago says the following:

"This loan is a direct liability and obligation of the Chinese Government, which pledges its good faith and credit for the full and punctual payment of the total principal and interest, and is secured in respect to both principal and interest by a direct charge which the Chinese Government guarantees to be a first, prior and continuing lien on the goods taxes derived from four of the provinces of China, the receipts from which for the fiscal year 1919-1920, as shown in the budget promulgated by the Chinese Government, are estimated to produce a total of 4,911,692 Chinese dollars. The loan is additionally secured by a direct charge upon the revenues derived and to be derived by the Chinese Government from the Wine and Tobacco Public Sales Tax of China, subject to certain other charges claimed to be prior upon certain portions of the said revenue, with the declaration by the Chinese Government that the tax is estimated to net during the year 1919-1920 the sum of 14,514,992 Chinese dollars, and that during each of the years that all or any part of this loan remains unpaid a net sum equivalent to at least $5,500,000 in Gold shall be received upon such revenue by the Chinese Government and shall be available for the service of this loan.

"These notes are being issued to refund an issue of Three-Year Secured Gold Loan Treasury Notes, which mature November 16, 1919."

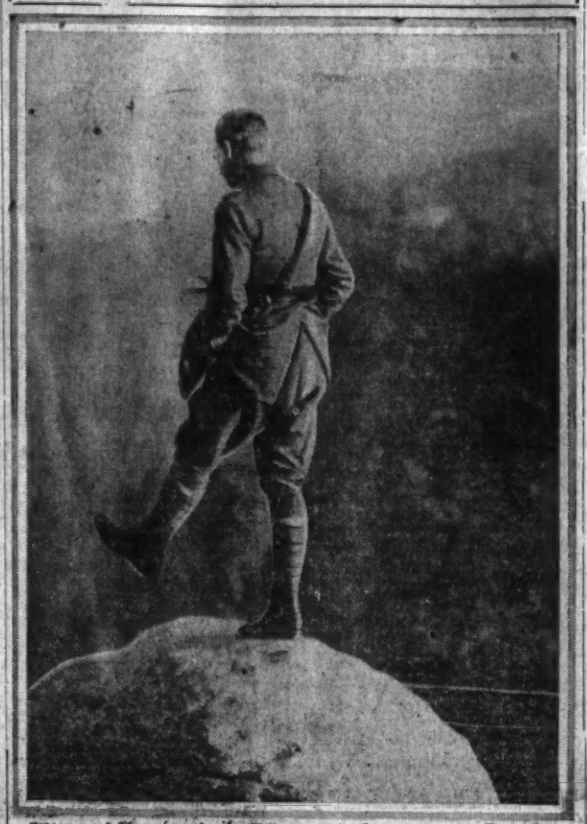
"The Government of the Republic of China states that the population of China is approximately 400,000,000; that the entire debt of the Republic of China, internal and external, is approximately three hundred million pounds sterling, or, at current rates of exchange, a debt equal to about $3.13 per capita. The Government states that, including the period under the Empire, there has never been a default in the payment of principal or interest of any obligation."

GOVERNMENT APPROVES

In its correspondence with the Continental and Commercial Bank with regard to the loan the

(Continued on Page 3)

Ocular Proof That Belgian King Has Cool Head



King Albert visits Yosemite National Park.
© INTERNATIONAL

All the world knows that King Albert of the Belgians possesses a cool head and indomitable courage. Here is ocular proof of his marvelous steadiness of nerve. In the picture he is seen on the summit of Overhanging Rock, in Yosemite National Park, with a drop of a thousand feet beneath him. Yet he is stepping out as nonchalantly as if he were on the principal street of Brussels.

Officials And Financiers Deny Validity Of Contract Sacrificing Hunan Mines

Remarkable Agreement Between Chang Ching-yao And British Engineer, Which Aroused Province, Not Concluded, They Say

Reports that Chang Ching-yao, military governor of Hunan, has given an exclusive blanket concession for the working and development of all mines in the province to a British engineer, Mr. Archibald Morsley G. Grant, yesterday brought official denials from the Commissioner of Industries, Mr. Che Ping-yuan and from the Civil Governor of Hunan. Local bankers stated that there was no possibility of such an agreement being concluded. But the province is in an uproar over the report.

A prominent local banker who is in touch with the financial doings in Hunan, said yesterday that the agreement had never been signed at Peking. "And no foreign bankers are signing contracts to develop China's resources unless the Peking Government enters into the contract," he continued. He further stated that British authorities at Changsha had ridiculed the idea of such an agreement as is reported to have been concluded.

The report was current that British financial interests were behind the deal that is said to have embraced a concession embracing building, telephone, transport, railway and water rights throughout the province. Investigation by British and other nationals followed and it is said on good authority that the agreement has never been concluded.

The following communications were received yesterday by THE CHINA PRESS:

Hunan Bureau of Industries,
Changsha.
November 28, 1919.

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS
Shanghai.

Sir:

I send you enclosed a copy of the English version of a notification to the public from this office with regard to the subject of "HUNAN MINING LOAN" which the Editor of Central China Post discussed in a leader not without mistaken notions taken for granted. Permit me to encroach on the valuable space of your columns in requesting you to publish both this letter and the translated notification. It is hoped that through your good offices true light of the question is seen.

I remain,
Yours etc.,
CHE PING-YUAN,
Commissioner of Industries.

The information that Mr. Grant, a Britisher, publishes in a newspaper to raise shares in the name of joint mining investment in Hunan is astonishing. Some time ago the Britisher in question drew up a plan of joint mining investment, and presented it through introduction to Hunan Provincial Government. Finding the plan inconsistent with the existing mining laws of the Republic of China, Hunan Provincial Government gave it no heed. Now that action is being taken to write up

(Continued on Page 6)

QUIET REIGNS IN STUDENTS' STRIKE WHICH ENDS SOON

President Of Union Declares All Classes Will Be Resumed Monday Morning

PLEDGES SIGNED BY SHOPS

Names Of Dealers Who Agreed To Boycott Jap Goods To Be Published

With 79 schools, having an attendance of 20,000 boys and 5,000 girls on strike in Shanghai yesterday, the third day of the students' agitation in protest against the Foochow incident assumed a more constructive aspect. No goods were destroyed. Nor was any demonstration held in the International or French Settlement as was said to have been anticipated.

The only incident in the Settlement which necessitated police interference was when two girl students distributing anti-Japanese circulars were taken on Boundary Road to the West Hongkew Police Station and warned.

Mr. H. Y. Cheng, president of the Students' Union, said last night that the strike will end as scheduled and classes will be resumed on Monday morning at every institution affected by the walk-out.

Mr. Cheng said that a majority of the 20,000 shops which were handed slips pledging them not to deal in Japanese goods have signed. More forms were handed out by the union yesterday. No more Japanese goods were burned. The names of the shopkeepers and dealers who sign the pledges will be published by the Students Union.

The day's work of the propagandists consists mainly of lecturing in the Chinese territories. The meeting at the Public Recreation Ground in the morning simply outlined the team work which was to be undertaken by the various schools for the day. When the boys left the ground on their way to their posts, however, a few stones were thrown at the windows of the residence of Mr. Chu Pao-san, chairman of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, near the West Gate. Little damage was done.

The decision to publish the names of the merchants was arrived at late last night. Lists of the "loyal" merchants will be distributed broadcast and those who pledged will display them in their windows.

An official report was made yesterday morning by the union on the search and burning of Japanese goods in Nantao. The report denied that the shops were looted. A copy of the report was sent to the French and International Settlement police authorities.

The aim of the strike was set forth in a circular sent out by the union yesterday. The moral support of all foreign residents in Shanghai was asked.

The home of Mr. Koo Hsin-yi, chairman of the Nantao Chamber of Commerce, was also visited by students, who sought to explain the necessity of refraining from supplying Japan with rice. Mr.

(Continued on Page 3)

PROTEST OF RUSSIA OVER MONGOLIA TO BE ANSWERED

Cause Of Surrender Of Autonomy To China Will Be Stated

WAS NECESSITY

Country Endangered By Continued Disorders In Siberia

NULLIFIES PACTS

Adjustments To Be Made, Peking Says, When Slavs Restore Peace

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, December 2.—Peking officials say that the Government's reply to the protest of the Russian Legation regarding the cancellation of the autonomy of Outor Mongolia is now being drafted and will take the line that China's action in co-operating with Outer Mongolia for the nullification of the Sino-Russo-Mongolian treaties became a necessity because of the losses and dangers caused Mongolia by the incessant disturbances in Russia. As the Russians themselves, owing to the present condition of their Government, have not been able to live up to the terms of their agreements with Outer Mongolia and China these agreements should be regarded as automatically lacking validity; thus China has stepped in to uphold the integrity of Outer Mongolian territory and keep that country from going to pieces financially and economically. As soon as the Russian Government has been restored to a firm footing China will as a matter of course enter into commercial treaties with it so as to ensure to Russian nationals the same privileges in Outer Mongolia that are granted to the nationals of the most favored nation.

OFFICIAL SENTIMENT

The general sentiment in official circles here is that China, in negotiating for the cancellation of Outer Mongolia's autonomy at this time, has acted in accordance with the dictates of equity and expediency rather than strictly according to law. She has violated her agreements with Russia, made between 1912 and 1915, but it is pointed out that these agreements were forced upon her at a time when she herself was in distress and could take no other course than consent to them. Now Russia is in a similar position and China is taking advantage of this opportunity to get her own back.

Furthermore the Chinese say that the Mongols are in need of the support, both military and financial, of China. Russian armed bands are constantly encroaching on Outer Mongolian territory, and for two years the Mongol Government has been in fear of raids by Semenoff and other Russian military chieftains. The finances of Outer Mongolia are also in a bad way, as all Russian subsidies and advances have ceased, and prompt action was imperative if the Mongols were to be saved from national bankruptcy.

Plans for the organisation of Outer Mongolia under the new

(Continued on Page 6)

Hongkong To Have General Ship Strike

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Hongkong, Dec. 5.—The China Coast Officers and Marine Engineering Guild at a meeting yesterday evening passed a resolution in favor of a general strike, owing to the ship owners refusal to meet the members demands for higher salaries. The Guild is circularising coastal shipowners today. Failing in agreement, a strike is imminent.

MEXICO IS AGAIN ASKED BY U.S. TO RELEASE JENKINS

Another Note Is Forwarded Demanding Consular Agent Be Set Free

ULTIMATUM IS WITHHELD

Washington Learns Soldiers Of Carranza Had Hand In Kidnapping

(*Reuter's Service*)

Washington, Dec. 2 (by wireless).—The United States has sent a note to the Mexican Government insisting on the immediate release of William Jenkins, the American Consular agent at Pueblo, who was first kidnapped, released after ransom and re-arrested on baseless charges by the Mexican authorities.

(*American Press Wireless*)

Washington, Dec. 1.—The State Department announced that a new American note to Mexico renews the request for the immediate release of Consular Agent Jenkins who is in prison in Pueblo and arraigns the Mexican Government's conduct in severe terms. No ultimatum has been served and no indication is given as to what the American government's course will be if Jenkins is not immediately released.

The note says the conclusion of the United States Government is that Mexico has made a studious effort to ensnare Jenkins in legal intricacies in order to divert the attention of American and Mexican people from the fact that Pueblo, the second largest city in Mexico is overrun by bandits and that the Mexican authorities are negligent.

The note adds that it appears to have been the purpose of the Mexican Government to assume a wilful indifference to the American people who have been aroused to a point of indignation.

SOLDIERS TOOK PART

Washington, November 27.—Official information received from Mexico City indicates that Carranza soldiers unquestionally were implicated in the kidnapping of William O. Jenkins, the American Consular Agent at Pueblo, who was abducted October 19 and released only after his friends in Pueblo had paid to the kidnappers $150,000 in American gold, and whose arrest by the Mexican government after his release has brought about strained relations between Mexico and the United States. Washington has been informed that the Mexican government is holding Jenkins on a charge of complicity in his own kidnapping.

EXPECT MEXICO TO PAY

State Department officials have not been officially notified of the implication of Carranza military in the boldest kidnapping of an American in the history of recent years in Mexico, but it is known that they look to the Mexican Government to reimburse promptly the friends of Jenkins.

The American Government, it was said at the State Department, does not intend to pay any of the ransom money, either directly or indirectly. Officials expressed their belief that President Carranza would be glad to repay the friends of the Consular agent.

NO DETAILS RECEIVED

Reports regarding Jenkins's physical condition and details of his kidnapping have been asked by the department. It is feared that he was mistreated by his captors, since it had been reported unofficially that he was going to the American hospital for treatment.

The original official announcement of Jenkins's release read:

"William O. Jenkins, the American Consular agent, who was robbed and kidnapped at a factory which he owns in Pueblo, Mexico, on October 19, has been released

(Continued on Page 2)

OTHER ISSUES ARE TAKEN UP IN MESSAGE

Broad Recommendations To Reduce Living Costs Are Made

BUDGET IS URGED

Various Changes Having To Do With Finances Are Advocated

TAKES UP TARIFF

In Absence Of President Communication Is Read By Clerks

(*American Press Wireless*)

Washington, December 1.—The 66th U.S. Congress Session has been convened.

Washington, December 2.—President Wilson who was unable to appear in person, sent his message to Congress which was read by clerks.

It announced that the peace treaty and the future of railroads in the United States would be discussed in a separate message later. The message made general recommendations on legislation to combat the cost of living, labor unrest, radicalism, and readjustment to a peace time basis.

President Wilson's recommendations were:

Establishment of a budget system for National finance: reorganisation of the taxation system with simplification of income and excess profit taxes:

TAKES UP TARIFF

Readjustment of the tariff system, if necessary, to meet changed conditions and make the system conform with the fact that the United States is the greatest capitalist in the world:

Recognition and relief for veteran soldiers of the world war, particularly in the way of Government farms as proposed by Secretary of the Interior Franklin K. Lane:

Proper measures to foster the dyestuff industry built up during the war to keep the United States independent of foreign supply:

Enlarged programs for rural development as recognition of the farmer's part in the war measures which will remove the cause or causes of political restlessness in the body politics:

Legislation to deal effectively with those persons who by violence or words would abrogate our time—tested institutions:

A definite program to bring about improvement in conditions of labor to bring about a genuine democratisation of industries. The messages closes with a pointed reference to radicalism and red doctrines and referred to Russia today with blood and terror as a painful object lesson of the power of minorities.

List Of Recommendations Covers Wide Range

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Washington, Dec. 3 (by Wireless).—President Wilson's message to Congress which was convened today recommends the establishment of a budget system, a more comprehensive system of auditing national expenditure, the recognition and relief of men formerly on active service, the encouragement of the production of food, the building of good roads, the extension of the control of food, the enactment of drastic legislation for the purpose of dealing with the enemies of government, Federal licences for corporations doing inter-State business, and the simplification of taxes on profits and incomes.

The message urges the necessity of a definite program to improve labor conditions, discusses problems affecting industrial life, refers to the political restlessness connected with the failure speedily to arrive at a just and permanent peace, permitting a return to normal conditions.

The message states that the causes of this unrest come from "the transfusion of radical theories from the seething European centers."

LEAGUE OPENS WAY

The message says that the establishment of the principles laid down in the Covenant of the League of Nations shows the way to industrial peace and conciliation. Although, it states, individuals have an inviolate right to strike, the Government possesses a predominant right to protect all its people and assert the power of government against bribery in any class,

Jap League Seeks Asiatic Unrest America, Great Britain Assailed

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, December 4.—An interesting example of the exploitation of unrest in Asia and the ambition to create a Pan-Asiatic movement by the formation of an Asiatic League is furnished by a new monthly magazine entitled Great Asia, published at Mukden by Japanese, whose names are printed in the journal in Japanese and Chinese. The avowed object of the publication is "to endeavor to arouse the hundreds of millions of Asia to a sense of the wrongs and injustice they suffer in consequence of the oppression of the white races of Europe and America."

Asiatics are admonished that "if they are to be saved from this thraldom it will not be as the result of the efforts of non-Asiatic people, but by the enthusiastic efforts of the Yellow races to win their freedom." The October and November issues of Great Asia have reached Peking. For unmitigated scurrility of abuse of the British and American nations they are unequalled by the most anti-foreign papers of Japan. Several articles, published in Chinese and Japanese are entirely false in statement, and maliciously evil in suggestion. The titles of the few indicate their nature: "Danger to Asia." "The future of India," "Aggressive policy of Great Britain," "Aggressive policy of the United States," "The preservation of China from extinction," "The future of Asiatic countries."

While the articles are printed in Chinese and Japanese the information concerning the proposed League is also set forth in Mongolian, Turki, and what is described as Tartar though Arabic characters are used. The league claims 5,800 members. The officers of the League are practically all Japanese. One of the four peers who are named as presidents is a Korean.

The magazine boasts of a head office at Mukden with the branches at Dairen, Calcutta and Constantinople, and it asserts that branches will shortly be opened in Persia, Afghanistan and Siam. The magazine is issued only to members and is not registered for transmission by the Chinese Post Office.

There is no suspicion that Chinese are in any way connected with Great Asia.

The message says that Russia today, running with blood and terror, is "a painful object lesson on the power of minorities."

The message utters a warning against radicalism, saying that the right road is that of justice and the orderly process of representative Government, and that those proposing other means of reform are enemies of the United States. The message renews the recommendations for establishing a chemical dyestuffs industry in the United States and says "The recent war has ended our isolation and thrown upon us a great duty."

The newspapers announce that Mr. Joshua W. Alexander, representative from Missouri, will be nominated to the post of Secretary of the Department of Commerce in succession to Mr. William C. Redfield.

Women Prisoners At Mixed Court Periled By Fire

Silk Filature Burns And Flames Spread Into Jail Adjoining

Destruction by fire of the Dah Sing silk filature at 88 Kansu Road at 9:00 o'clock last night threatend the Mixed Court building and imperiled 50 inmates of the woman's quarters of the institution to such an extent that they were removed from their cells for safety.

No lives were lost and so far as was learned no one was seriously injured by the conflagration.

The fire department was delayed in arrival at the scene of the blaze by false information as to its location but when it reached the scene was able to prevent any great damage to the Mixed Court Building, to which the flames had already spread.

Unofficial estimates place the damage at less than $20,000. The place was fully covered by insurance.

Turkey, Dry, Aghast At New Barrooms

Plea Sent To America To Save Ottoman Empire From Wet Invasion

(American Press Wireless)

Paris, Nov. 29.—"Turkey the only prohibition country in the old world, pleads to the United States—just gone dry—to save the Ottoman Empire from going wet owing to the invasions by Europeans," said Essad Bay who is in Paris incognito unofficially representing the Turkish Nationalist Party.

"The Turkish people never drink alcohol in any form as it is a primary tenet in the Mohammedan religion" said Essad Bay. "Ever since the armistice wherever the Allies have set foot they have turned the country wet.

"Saloons and cafes are springing up in the sacred City of Constantinople like mushrooms whereas formerly liquor was sold only in European Hotels patronised by foreigners. In Asia Minor, too, all the zones occupied by the Allied troops are getting wetter and wetter.

"We appeal to President Wilson, Chief Magistrate of the greatest dry country in the world to save us from the beer drinking-British and from the wine-bibbing French and Italians as well as from Greeks and Russian Bolsheviks.

"Throughout Palestine and the holy lands the British have brought beer, gin and whisky and the Greeks and Italians have moistened Smyrna and Galicia. Now the French are going into Armenia and huge quantities of Algerian wine is following them."

Germany May Claim Boxer Indemnity Pay

Question Raised By Failure Of China To Sign The Versailles Treaty

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 1.—In the House of Commons today replying to Lieut.-Col. Sir Frederick Hall Mr. Cecil Harmsworth, Parliamentary Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, stated that by article 128 of the peace Treaty Germany was called on to renounce her share of the Boxer Indemnity, but as China had not signed the Treaty with Germany it would not be possible for the Allies to enforce the execution of Germany's obligations towards China as contemplated in the treaty, such as cancellation of the Boxer Indemnity, as long as China withheld her signature. By article 113 of the Peace Treaty with Austria, to which China was a party, Austria renounced her share of the Boxer Indemnity.

Busiest Man In Washington

Secretary of State Robert Lansing. INTERNATIONAL.

A specially posed photograph of Secretary of State Robert Lansing of his desk in Washington. The Secretary can truly be called the busiest man in the capital. During the illness of President Wilson Mr. Lansing presided at the important weekly meetings of the Cabinet and took over many of the important affairs of the President's office.

GERMANY WANTS PRISONERS FREED

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, Nov. 29.—For some weeks past a brisk agitation has been carried on in Germany by the press and by Ministers in their speeches at public meetings, demanding the unconditional return of German war prisoners. The cry has been voiced still louder since the receipt of the Allied Note making further demands in consequence of Germany's failure to carry out her obligations under the armistice.

New Demands Made On Mexico By U.S.

(Continued from Page 1)

following payment of ransom, according to a message from the American Embassy at Mexico City. The rebels who held him near Pueblo had demanded a ransom of $150,000 in gold. The message says that the Third Secretary of the Embassy, Matthew E. Hanna, who was sent to Pueblo by the embassy, notified the embassy that Jenkins had sent him a message from within the Mexican Federal lines that the ransom had been paid to the kidnappers, and that he was on the way to Pueblo.

Representative Davis of Tennessee, the home State of Mr. Jenkins, said he had been informed by the State Department that friends of Jenkins had paid the ransom to the bandits. Mr. Davis said he also had been told that every effort would be made to have the Mexican Government reimburse the consular agent for damage to his property sustained when the bandits raided the place.

RANCH PLUNDERED

Hanford, Calif., December 1.—Word received here by John W. Jenkins, the father of William O. Jenkins, brought the information that the bandits who had conducted the kidnapping, besides seizing Jenkins, had plundered his ranch and home, securing $60,000.

This is the second time the consular agent has been held for ransom, his relatives having been forced to pay $25,000 to bandits five years ago. Mr. Jenkins, who is 41 years old, has been in Mexico for eighteen years. He conducts a large mercantile business and is engaged extensively in manufacturing at Pueblo.

With him at the time of his abduction were his wife, two daughters, and a sister.

Germans Leaving Alsace Lorraine

(American Press Wireless)

Paris, Nov. 30.—Thirty-two thousand Germans today have left Alsace during the French Government's recent campaign to stamp out disturbing propaganda. Statistics given for October show 2,800 Germans were expelled, 1,805 left voluntarily and 4,800 German railroad employes were "repatriated." The Gazette states that about 6,000 Germans not included in the statistics also left under various conditions. These figures cover only Alsace but the government's efforts are being continued in both Alsace and Lorraine.

TENSE SITUATION SEEN IN ITALY

Censorship Is Tightened And Guards On Frontier Are Doubled

(American Press Wireless)

Geneva, November 30.—The tense situation in Italy is shown in the censorship exercised over Italian telegrams received here also in the Customs and passport delays. The customs guards at the Italian frontier have been doubled to prevent the influx of radicals or the shipment of inflammatory publications. Eight thousand Italians are reported as awaiting passport vises to enter Switzerland.

Paris, Nov. 29.—According to the lastest information reaching here from Rome, 150 Socialist Deputies are debating over a manifestation against the King. Extremists at a recent meeting wanted the Socialists to attend in a body and make a demonstration in the Chamber. The middle party was in favor of not attending at all as a demonstration while the moderates favored attending and making no demonstration. There seems reason to doubt the report that all the Socialists are united on a demonstration, saying it will help the King who will have the support of the Catholic Deputies and that the exodus of a minority of Socialists from the chamber which is to be looked for will be a political demonstration of very small importance. Monday's events are awaited with great interest and some anxiety but in last few days greater optimism has prevailed here over the ability of the Lotti Government to surmount the crisis.

Legation At Peking Gets Report From Rome

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, December 3.—The Italian Legation has received the following details concerning the political situation in Italy, which has been described abroad in a way that ignores the underlying causes of the increase in Parliament of the Socialist vote.

These causes are the same as those that have reacted on the political situation in every country that has suffered from the high cost of living and labor unrest. But to these general causes must be added, where Italy is concerned, the dissatisfaction, which is shared by all classes to an extent hardly realised even in friendly countries, with the deferred solution of the Adriatic problem. An understanding of these causes is sufficient to correct the erroneous impression that the Socialist tendencies of Italy are those of Bolshevism, such as are manifest in countries that have been defeated in the war.

Public order in Italy is normal. The food situation is difficult but by no means tragic. The people are overcoming their war weariness in order to take up the work of reconstruction, leaving adventures to those who have not yet modified their war mentality.

Smiles from the Mixed Court

These ricsha men must be generous birds.

Every day some downtrodden son of toil shows up in court for possessing something he says was presented to him by a human pony.

Wong Yoong-zien is latest victim of implicit faith in the bounty of the sweating motors of the near-bikes.

When a ricsha coolie came along and handed him a suit of clothes, a pair of shoes and a hat—he thought it nothing strange.

But when he found a bunch of keys in the hat he just had to use 'em.

That's how he happened to break into Tsang Pah-zung's abode at 248 Hankow Road.

Yep, that's just what he did.

He told the police all about it—then took a detective to the address and showed him how he stole the clothing.

Then he wondered why the court didn't believe his tale about the ricsha man.

EXCHANGE AGAIN DROPS

(American Press Wireless)

New York, December 3.—British and French exchange is at a low level in the New York money market. On Saturday the demand for sterling touched $3.99A, the Franc was 8.4 to the dollar.

Australian Airman Arrives At Delhi

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 28.—The Australian airman, Capt. Ross Smith who is competing in a Vickers-Vimy-Rolls aeroplane for the Australian Government's prize for a flight to Australia arrived at Delhi on November 25.

Prize Is Awarded To Doctor Couling For Work On China

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, November 28.—The Academie des Inscriptions et Belles Lettres has awarded the Stanislas Julliem prize of a million and a half francs for the best work on China to Dr. Samuel Couling for his 'Encyclopedia Sinica' which was published simultaneously in Shanghai and Oxford.

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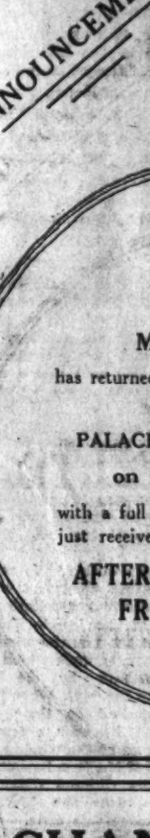

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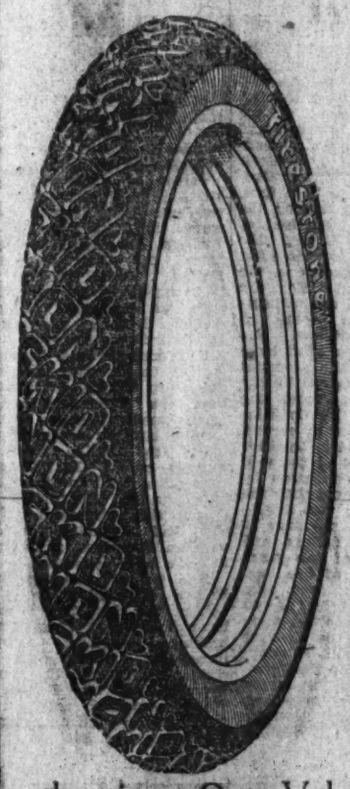

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CHANGES URGED FOR U.S. ARMY

Secretary Baker In Annual Report Advocates General Reorganisation

(*American Press Wireless*)

Washington, December 3.—The annual report of Secretary of War Baker, which has just been made public, declares that war experience shows the necessity of a fundamental reorganisation of the U.S. Army and the War Department itself.

It recommends that the emergency organisation, reduced to peace time size, be made permanent, and approves the General Staff bill for a regular establishment adequate in size to be the nucleus of any great military mobilisation the country may be called upon to make, backed by a system of universal training.

He said that in such a policy the account is upon citizens and not upon soldiders. Officers will become permanent corps experts and the men will temporarily devote a portion of their time to military training in order that they may enter civil life with a sense of national service and superior equipment for success.

Selective service is accepted as a fair means of assigning men to military service. The report said that the raising of a standing army is too costly in principle to contemplate, leaving only the method of making enlistment in the army an educational opportunity to furnish troops.

Venezuela Includes Kobe As Port Of Call On Present Voyage

Pacific Mail Liner Sails This Morning With Big List For U. S.

For the first time since last July a Pacific Mail Steamship Company liner will include Kobe as a port of call. The Venezuela, leaving here today will stop at Kobe. It is the first Pacific Mailer to call at the port since the Japanese Government established the quarantine regulations over five months ago.

The Venezuela arrived from Hongkong yesterday afternoon and sails for San Francisco this morning at eight o'clock, the last tender leaving the Customs Jetty at 6:30 o'clock.

The ship will take 250 tons of silk from this port and a full list of passengers including United States Consul A. G. Loehr, Mr. Ed. Kempffer of the British-American Tobacco Company, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Blake, Miss H. Liesak, Mr. W. J. B. Waite of Messrs. Getz Brothers of the Orient, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Wilde, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Landers.

Mr. C. M. Prishaw of the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company, Mr. R. E. Bellilios, Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Sem and Mr. and Mrs. Huie Kin were among the passengers arriving on the Venezuela from Hongkong.

Through passengers include Mr. Frederick O'Brien, former editor of the Manila Times; and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Upper of Council Brothers.

Sayville Wireless Is Being Improved

Receiving Speed At Station Increased From 10 To 300 Words A Minute

(*American Press Wireless*)

New York, December 2.—An apparatus for sending 300 to 400 words per minute by wireless is being installed at the Naval Radio Station in Sayville. The present speed of the apparatus at Sayville is ten words a minute.

New Chinese Loan Floated In America

(Continued from Page 1)

United States Department of State says:

"The Department has read with much interest the new loan contract which you have concluded with the Chinese Government and referred to the Department, and notes with pleasure this evidence of your continued interest in Chinese financial matters. The international consciousness resulting from the close associations of our country with other nations, in consequence of the War, has further accentuated the interest of this Government in encouraging and aiding, in every proper way, the undertaking of its nationals in foreign countries, in furtherance of that free intercourse which it is appreciated is mutually advantageous and which should be encouraged and supported. To the accomplishment of this end this Government is willing to take all proper steps to insure the execution of equitable contracts which are made in good faith."

PRICE OF SILVER

(*American Press Wireless*)

New York, Dec. 2.—Exchange on Monday quoted bar silver at $1.29½ and Mexican dollars at 99½.

Students Resume Classes Monday

Say Strike Is More Constructive

(Continued from Page 1)

Koo refused to see the representatives. A number of posters were posted in front of his door.

Fukien residents in Shanghai held a meeting at the Fukien Guild in the afternoon. Resolutions were passed asking the Diplomatic Corps in Peking to give its support for a just award for China, to co-operate with other organisations, to strengthen the boycott movement and to send a delegation to call on the Consular Body at Shanghai to report fully on the Foochow incident.

Students of the Comparative Law School of China spoke in four different places along Chapel yesterday. Audiences were summoned by Joseph Tuck with military bugle calls. Speakers were R. V. Lee, D. G. Ding, Joseph Tuck and Paoli Tsiang.

Delegates From Peking Sent To Investigate

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, December 2.—The Peking Government has decided to despatch H. L. Wang, a Counselor of the Waichiaopu, and H. P. Hsu, one of the secretaries at the Ministry of Education, to Foochow to investigate the recent troubles there and report in detail to Peking. These officials are to leave here as soon as they can get their instructions.

In the meantime the officials at the Waichiaopu, the Cabinet and the Ministry of Education are busy deciphering hundreds of telegrams that are coming in here from all over the country in protest of Japanese lawlessness in Foochow. The incident of last month in the Fukienese city is taking on the character of a serious national calamity and is causing the people to rally together as they have not done since the Student Movement began last May. This support is being reflected in the Government, which is taking a stiffer tone than was at first apparent towards the Japanese, and there are now hopes that China will come out of the affair with credit and self-respect.

AMICABLE ADJUSTMENT

Officials at the Foreign Office state that the Japanese Legation is showing itself more conciliatory than it was at first and that the same tendency is manifest in Tokio. Thus there is distinct optimism in all circles here, due to a feeling that the incident at Foochow, when at last it is settled, will be adjusted in such a manner as to reflect credit on both nations concerned.

A sample of the resolutions that are being sent to the Government in ever-growing numbers are the resolutions drafted and approved by the People's Foreign Relations Society at a meeting held yesterday afternoon and attended by a crowd which filled the Society's hall to overflowing:

(1) The Government is requested to take the Foochow incident up with Japan promptly and seriously.

(2) The Society will despatch circular telegrams throughout the country urging the people to rally to the support of the Government in dealing with the Foochow incident.

(3) The Society will elect representatives to take part in the coming Mass-Meeting of Citizens of China which is to take concerted action with similar organisations of the people elsewhere in the country.

STUDENTS ACTIVE

The students here are quiet but active. They have decided that there shall be no strike, but that they will support the Government by attending to their school work and conducting lecture campaigns and investigatons of Chinese shops in support of the boycott movement. Both of these latter activities are now in full swing, and students may be found in all parts of the city informing the people of recent events in Foochow and making shop-to-shop rounds of investigation in a search for Japanese goods. As long as there is evidence that the Government is handling the situation vis-a-vis with firmness and courage the students mean to keep quiet and mind what they consider their own business. But there is a distinct spirit of restlessness among both students and people, and any sign of weakness on the part of the Government it likely to set the torch to a powder-house of greater magnitude and power than the one that blew up last May.

Boycott Meetings Exemplify Democracy In Its Infancy

Democracy in its experimental stage is remarkably illustrated by the scenes in Chinese territory during the students' agitation against Japan. Particularly interesting is propaganda work carried out by the girls.

A sweet, dainty young lady wearing the colors of McTyiere's School, stood yesterday on a barrel of bean sauce in a tall and gloomy shop in Chapei. Surrounding the impromptu platform, was a conglomeration of shopkeepers, shroffs, amahs, children, workmen and coolies, hawkers with baskets of eatables and house-wives at leisure.

There were no ferns or flowers which decorate her mother's parlor in evidence, nor were there refined young men to greet her or assist her when she ascended and descended from her impromptu rostrum.

She stood there with a purpose. She knew she had a message for the masses. Why care about the quality of clothes that her listeners wore or about their mental capacity? Her appeal accomplished with sweet dignity and charming manner, was a treat to the audience. Here were men and women who perhaps had never in their lives heard an orator of the patrician type, and still less likely knew about current topics.

Yet the speaker won their hearts with her simple expressions. Her voice was musical. The grace of gesticulation and the charm of her expression made her talk delightful and inspiring. Her message was conveyed. She thanked her audience for their attention. Climbing down alertly from the barrel, sauce on her shoes and sauce on her hands, she thanked the shopkeeper for the use of the premises and started to attract another audience elsewhere.

And now the reaction. The audience was not content to allow such an event to pass without expression of appreciation. A piece of royal yellow paper was obtained. And, in orthodox religious manner, names of the listeners were signed or written by others, in case the signatories were unable to write.

"After all," said one, "the best form of appreciation we can show this lady is to act upon her advice."

When a Chinese wants to assure his neighbor that he is going to do a certain act, he takes an oath to Heaven. So the yellow paper was burnt while the new anti-Japanese converts took their oath.

Demands Drawn Up By Japanese And Foochow Formosans

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, Dec. 3.—The Chen Pao reports today that the Japanese and Formosan residents of Foochow recently held meetings in connection with the events of last month and passed sets of resolutions which throw the entire onus of the incident on the Chinese and demand heavy reparation from China.

The Japanese demands are (1) that the real causes of the recent incident and all facts related to it be published for the information of the world; (2) that Japanese residents at Foochow issue a public declaration of their innocence; (3) that the Japanese in Foochow should organise for mutual self-protection; (4) that the Japanese Foreign Office be requested not to transfer the present Consul-General at Foochow until the Shantung Question has been settled; (5) that all Chinese organisations for the purpose of boycotting Japanese goods be dissolved; (6) that the Chinese Government be compelled to pay compensation to Japanese subjects injured in the recent fracas; (7) that responsible Chinese officials offer the apologies of their Government to Japan; (8) that the Chinese send a letter of apology to the Japanese firm whose goods were plundered by the students.

The Formosan meeting drafted less resolutions and kept out of the Shantung Question, its final decisions being that the Formosans should henceforth unite with the Japanese in any action regarding the "incident"; that all Formosans who are now members of the Y.M.C.A. should resign; and that any Formosan who acts in an unpatriotic manner shall be punished severely.

In commenting on the above sets of demands and resolutions the Chen Pao says that "in spite of all the evidence against them the Japanese are now trying to mislead the public as to the actual facts regarding the Foochow incident. Thus the results of this fracas will prove unfavorable to China unless our people make genuine efforts to deal with the matter firmly and justly."

France And Vatican To Renew Relation

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, Nov. 29.—The Italian papers announce that the renewal of diplomatic relations between France and the Vatican is imminent, they added that there is no question of a new Concordate, but of "an intermediate solution."

Looking To Alaska For Supply Of Papers

(*American Press Wireless*)

Ketchikan, Alaska, December 1.—Forestry Officials here expressed the belief that Alaskan forests will began supplying pulp to American paper mills and that soon Alaska will become the main source of paper supply.

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Sale of Work
will take place
on Saturday, December 6th
at the
UNION CHURCH HALL
in aid of
Limbless Soldiers and Sailors.

To be opened at 3 p.m. by Lady de Sausmarez. There will be novelties, "Woolies," "Goodies" and Articles of Needlework for the old folks; and Toys, Aunt Sally, and Fishpond for the little ones. Cafe Chantant in upper tea-room (4-7 p.m.)

Admission $1 including tea. Children 50 cents.

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Lady players will find these clubs to be light and beautifuly balanced
$5.00 DRIVERS: BRASSIES: PUTTERS: MASHIES: MID IRONS. $5.00

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Westminster Turkish AA cigarettes are genuine imported cigarettes. They are manufactured from the finest selected tobacco leaves. Their exquisite flavor and delicate aroma will be appreciated by the connoisseur.

PEKING SENATE ACTS ON CABINET

Approves Nominations Which Were Ratified Recently In Lower House

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, December 2.—The

Italian Ambassador To U.S. May Soon Leave For Home

and Kama rivers to a point on the Bielaia river some 300 kilometers eastward.

In view of the retreat of the Western army Admiral Kolchak ordered General Gaida to retire from the Viatka river to the Kama, equivalent to an average withdrawal of 250 kilometers on the whole front facing westwards, in order to keep in line with the Western army. To cover the withdrawal General Gaida's first move was to seize the town of Glazoff. The fact that his troops could deal such a blow in the face of a victorious enemy is considered to afford striking testimony to the discipline and moral of General Gaida's army.

POLITICAL REFORMS

At that time May, 1919, there were already differences of opinion between General Gaida and Admiral Kolchak's staff. General Gaida demanded the removal of the Chief of Staff, General Lebedeff. General Pepelaieff, commanding the northern group of General Gaida's army supported the demand. General Gaida further urged (1) the introduction of political reforms (2) the speedy convocation of the National Assembly. (3) prompt land settlement for the peasants and (4) abolition of unauthorised corporal punishments and arrests.

Things were going from bad to worse. Soldiers of the Western army were deserting en masse to the Bolsheviks, though General Gaida's men steadfastly stood by their leader. On May 26, General Gaida delivered what was virtually an ultimatum to Admiral Kolchak, threatening to resign his command if his demands were not satisfied. Admiral Kolchak would not hear of General Gaida resigning, and promised to carry out the reforms. But no reforms were made. So the position dragged on through June.

Then at the end of June, General Gaida again asked to be relieved of his command. He went to Omsk and saw Admiral Kolchak who refused to accept his resignation. A stormy scene ensued, in which Admiral Kolchak threatened to treat General Gaida as a deserter if he disobeyed his orders. General Gaida accepted the position, but de-

headquarters ordering a close watch to be kept of his movements.

AT VLADIVOSTOK

Thus General Gaida reached Vladivostok. His intention was to take the first available steamer back to Europe. Local political representatives beseeched him not to leave, but General Gaida was a [illegible] not a politician, and

miss General Pepelaieff on account of the latter's democratic ideas. General Gaida should on no account hand over the command to General Pepelaieff. This closed the final interview, and General Gaida returned to the front. He never received the promised orders from headquarters, regarding the conditions of his furlough. About July 5, Admiral Kolchak went to Ekaterinburg. General Gaida was at the front which had suffered severely in morale owing to his absence at Omsk. The Siberian army was retreating and Admiral Kolchak regarded this as a fitting opportunity to dismiss General Gaida. He recalled him from the front and placed him on furlough.

The command on the Siberian front was handed over to General Dieterichs and on July 7, General Gaida left for Omsk. Here an order from Admiral Kolchak was conveyed to him by General Burlin, Deputy Quartermaster General on Admiral Kolchak's Staff, to leave his general's special train and continue his journey eastward as a plain first class passenger. General Gaida refused to obey and proceeded to Vladivostok in his own train. As an ordinary traveler his movements would have been restricted; in his special train he was free to stop when and where he chose.

The journey to Vladivostok was a triumphal progress. Everywhere along the line General Gaida met with an enthusiastic welcome alike from Russians and Czecho-Slovaks. Leading Russian politicians of all parties and representatives of the commercial classes came to General Gaida's train and urged him not to leave Siberia. One and all emphasised the need of a change of government. At several stations the Russian military commanders showed General Gaida telegrams received from Admiral Kolchak's

"DE LUXE ANNIE"

News Brevities

The P. and O. liner Dilwara, from Bombay, left Hongkong at 8 a.m. on Friday, and is due at Shanghai on Monday morning. The Dilwara beings 5,383 bales of yarn and 3,170 bales of cotton.

• • •

The U. S. S. South Dakota, the flagship of Admiral Albert S. Gleaves, is expected to arrive in Shanghai December 13 or 14. She was due in Yokohama from Manila last Thursday.

• • •

The wedding of Mr. E. J. Ainslie of Messrs. Lane Crawford and Co. and Miss A. E. James of Dover took place at the St. John's Cathedral, Hongkong a week ago today, according to Hongkong papers.

• • •

A change in the time and place for the dinner of the alumni of the Massachusettes Institute of Technology has been announced. The old "Tech" men will meet at the Yih Ping Shan Hotel, Thibet Road, Friday, December 12, at 7 o'clock when plans will be discussed to aid the $10,900,000 drive instituted by their alma mater.

• • •

The sale of work in aid of limbless soldiers and sailors of the Union Church Ladies' Society will take place at the Union Church Hall this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Tea will be served.

• • •

The Marine Engineers Institute will hold a dance tonight at 9 o'clock at the Masonic Hall. Through an error the Institute was mentioned as the place for the dance yesterday.

• • •

The Advertising Club of China will hold its regular meeting Wednesday night at 9 o'clock at the Chinese Y. M. C. A.

• • •

The Members of the Municipal Service Club are giving an informal dance in the South room of the Town Hall, on Wednesday, the 17th of December. Tickets are obtainable by application to the Secretary of the Club. A Christmas party for members and their children will be held on December 24.

• • •

United States Consul-General Leo A. Bergholz, who was stationed at Seoul, Korea, during the political disturbances of the past year, is at the Palace Hotel together with his mother. Mr. Bergholz and his mother are on their way to Canton where he has been transferred as Consul-General. His place in Seoul is being filled by Mr. Ranford S. Miller, whom he succeeded in 1918 when Mr. Miller went to the State Department in Washington to be Chief of the Far Eastern Bureau. Mr. Bergholz first came to China as private secretary to the minister at Peking in 1882. Since then he has served at Erzerum, Turkey, Berut Canton, Kingston, Jamaica, Dresden and Seoul. He was in Dresden from 1913 until February, 1917, when America severed diplomatic relations with the Central Powers.

• • •

The annual calendar issued by the Siccawei Observatory has been published for 1920 and is on sale for two dollars. The volume includes astronomical and meteorological data and various calendars and is profusely illustrated with maps and diagrams.

Danes Want Appeal Forwarded To Allies

(*American Press Wireless*)

Copenhagen, Nov. 20.—The Minister of State has received an address signed by 315,455 Danish subjects asking the Government to engage negotiations with the Allies in view of the evacuation by the German authorities and troops of the third Zone in order to assure the liberty to vote in the second zone in compliance with the wish expressed by the Danish Government. The Plebiscite that was to be taken in the third Zone has been suppressed from the definative text of the Peace Treaty. The Minister replied that everything led him to think that the desired appeal would prove no avail. The Presidents of the two Chambers received a deputation sent by the signatories and declared that they looked upon the address as a manifestation of the feeling of the Danes with regard to Schlesvig. The added that they did not see however how the evacuation could be obtained at present (words missing) given that the Danish Government had failed to demand it on a favorable occasion.

German Radio Patent Purchased By Japan

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, Dev. 5.—It is reported that among seven valuable patents which the Japanese have purchased from Germany is the "Telefunken" patent and that the Japanese are endeavoring to arrange for the erection of a powerful Telefunken station in China by March next.

British Force Enters Masurian Territory

(*American Press Wireless*)

Paris, Nov. 29.—From Berlin a telegram from Thorn announces that the British mission has been informed by the British Government that 16,000 British soldiers are for the occupation of the Masurian territory where a Plebiscite is to be taken. The transportation will take place via Danzig.

to China. He is only entrusted with the task of solving various ecclesiastical questions there, no decision has been taken regarding the establishment of diplomatic relations between China and the Vatican.

BENEFIT CONCERT FRIDAY

A grand concert will be given by Miss M. B. Olive, dramatic soprano and Mr. Harry Ore, pianist, Friday night at 9.15 o'clock at the Olympic Theater. Sixty-six percent of the proceeds will go to the running expenses of the newly organised "Women's Social Service League." The artists will be accompanied by Miss Muriel A. Smith.

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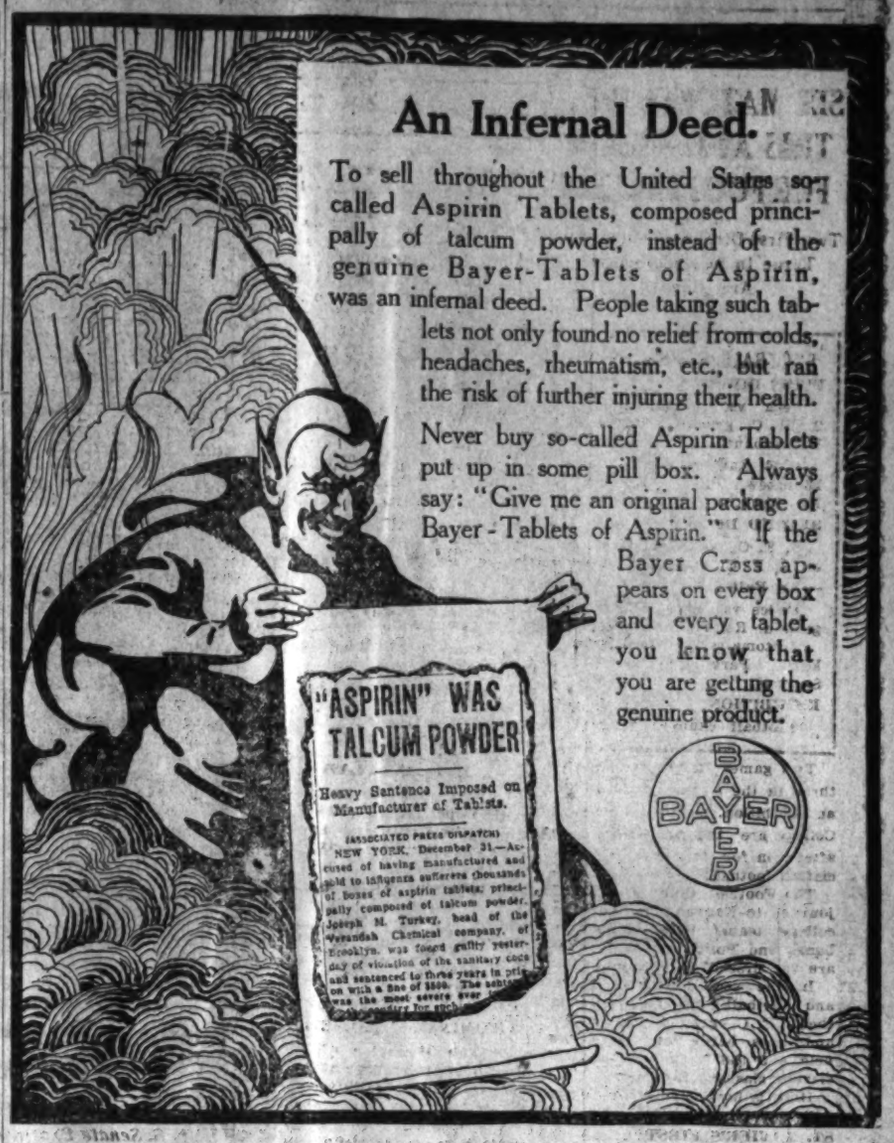
An Infernal Deed.

To sell throughout the United States so-called Aspirin Tablets, composed principally of talcum powder, instead of the genuine Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin, was an infernal deed. People taking such tablets not only found no relief from colds, headaches, rheumatism, etc., but ran the risk of further injuring their health.

Never buy so-called Aspirin Tablets put up in some pill box. Always say: "Give me an original package of Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin." If the Bayer Cross appears on every box and every tablet, you know that you are getting the genuine product.


"ASPIRIN" WAS TALCUM POWDER
Heavy Sentence Imposed on Manufacturer of Tablets.
(ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH)
NEW YORK, December 31.—Accused of having manufactured and sold to influenza sufferers thousands of boxes of aspirin tablets; principally composed of talcum powder, Joseph M. Turkey, head of the Verandah Chemical company, of Brooklyn, was found guilty yesterday of violation of the sanitary code and sentenced to three years in prison with a fine of $500. The sentence was the most severe ever
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If your chemist cannot supply please write us.

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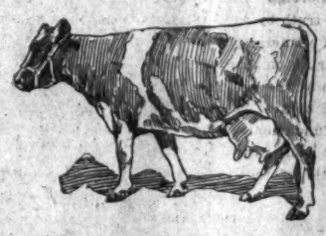

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AGENTS

SPORTS - Latest News of Athletic World - GOSSIP

SIX MATCHES ON THIS AFTERNOON FOR FOOTBALLERS

Two First Division Games And Three In Second League Are Carded

FOOTBALL GAMES TODAY

FIRST DIVISION

Recs vs. Whizzbangs on S. R. C. ground. Referee—Mr. Gabbutt.

S. F. Xaviers vs. Police on Hongkew Park. Referee—Mr. Bissett.

SECOND DIVISION

S. F. C. vs. Jewish R. C. on S. F. C. ground. Referee—Mr. Fulton.

Police vs. Recs. on Police ground. Referee—Mr. Barnes.

Customs vs. Navy on Hongkew Park. Referee—Mr. Stormont.

EXHIBITION

Football Club at Nanyang.

Two games in the first league, three in the second division and an exhibition match at Nanyang College are the attractions this afternoon for followers of association football.

The Football Club eleven will journey to Nanyang to meet the college team. Recs vs. Whizzbangs and Police vs. St. Xaviers are the first division games.

In the second league, Police and Football Club eleven meet at the S. F. C. ground, the Police and Recs battle at the Police field and the Navy and Customs elevens clash at Hongkew.

Here is how some of the teams will line up:

ST. XAVIER'S FIRST

The following will represent the St. Xavier's: D. Sequeira, C. Encarnacao (Capt.), P. Oliveros, H. Favacho, H. Johnson, V. Elliott, A. Gutierrez, G. Silva, M. Rumjahn, A. Aguiar, J. Gutierrez.

WHIZZBANGS

G. A. Falconer, Captain; J. A. Cheeseman, E. M. Luylock, S. D. Begg, E. A. Roberts, J. Gilmour, W. J. Josephs, W. H. Ferris, T. E. Bluck, G. D. Raeburn and R. R. Jones, reserves; J. W. Morcher and D. C. Tattimer.

POLICE FIRST LEAGUE

J. Isaacs; J. B. Clissold (Capt.), and A. L. Biggs; B. H. Munson, E. Knight and A. E. Worwood; F. J. Carnell, W. H. Hotchkiss, E. J. Ling, W. J. Ryle and W. R. Chisholm.

POLICE SECONDS

A. McGillivray; A. C. Craig and J. Crowley; S. E. Spurgeon; C. J. D. McDonald and W. Slater; R. Conduit, C. Thurgood, E. Bounier, H. Jefferson (Capt.) and H. McGregor.

S. F. C. SECOND

Bertes, Lang, Clifford (Capt.), A. P. Goldman, Cheetham, L. Goldman, Roach, Macdonald, Harriss, Johnston and Brown.

Reserve—Baker.

CUSTOMS

Steventon; Nash and B. Close; Heron, Davis and Stacey; Mellows, Curry, Barnes, Ogden and Wray. Reserves: Lovelock and Cofall.

FOOTBALL CLUB

McLean, Isherwood, Loonis, Ross, Brown (Capt.), Wallace, Johnstone, L. Smith, Drake, Forshaw and Tippin.

Basketball Tonight

There will be two games in the American Song Service Basket Ball League tonight at the Chinese Y.M.C.A., the first starting promptly at 8:30. The first game will be between the Reds and the Whites with Mr. Robert Rugh as referee. The second will be between the Blues and the American School. Mr. J. E. Jackson will referee. At present the Blues are in first place. The American School boys will try to wrest from them that honorable position, so they say.

This is the start of the second round in the league. There will be games on the evenings of December 13 and 20, the league closing on the 20th, each team having played every other team twice. After Christmas the "big" league will start and it is hoped that the Song Service teams will enter that league intact.

The Yellow Sox and Nanyang College basketball teams will play at the Chinese Y.M.C.A. at seven o'clock.

HARRIERS RUN TODAY

The Harriers Club "Novice Championship" will be competed for over a five miles cross-country course this afternoon, starting from the pavilion in Hongkew Park at three o'clock.

A great race is expected between M. Seredkin, G. A. Drairseldt, K. Staley, F. A. Strandvig, E. Clough and a number of others who are entered for this race. Messrs. Ellis, Hawley and McKenna will lay the trail.

Shanghai Revolver Club

The November revolver competition of the Shanghai Revolver Club closed on the 30th. Mr. C. H. Ryde, Reserve Coy., S.V.C., won the experts medal and will in future competitions compete in the Experts Class. Mr. S. B. Stevenson, experts special class, won the bar and silver spoon with the excellent score of 181.

Conditions of competition were five shots at 15 yards (left hand) five shots at 20 yards (either hand) and 10 shots at 25 yards (either hand) (Experts Special Class to fire 5 shots right and 5 shots left hand at 25 yards instead of 10 shots either hand). Time limit for loading and firing 20 shots 5 minutes. Targets with 2 inch inner and 4 inch outer bullseye used. It is hoped that all members (past and present) who have passed the Marksman's and Experts course will enter in the allcomers revolver championship competition which is held during December.

EXPERTS SPECIAL CLASS

	Score	Time
S. B. Stevenson	181	4.40*

*Bar and spoon.

EXPERTS CLASS

	Score	Time
E. H. Cope	179	3.40
F. T. Smith	170	4.00
H. W. Lambert	168	4.30
L. Kadoorie	166	4.50

MARKSMANS CLASS

	Score	Time
C. H. Ryde	164	4.40*
F. C. Rawlins	158	4.20
H. H. Read	150	4.00
H. W. Dawson	118	4.00

*Medal.

PRELIMINARY COMPETITION

10 shots at 15 yards 10 shots at 20 yards either hand. No time limit 150 points for marksman.

C. S. Armistead	182*

*Marksmans class in future competition.

Shanghai Hockey League

The Harlequins meet the Sikh in the first hockey league match of the season today at 3:15 p.m. on the Widow's Monument ground. The Harlequins team is as follows:

Jackson, Evans, Agassiz, Cobl Donnelly, Harvie, Hutchison (A H.), Linton, Bertenshaw, Columbine and Ellis.

At The Apollo

"Indiscreet Corinne," a five-part comedy drama featuring Olive Thomas, American musical comedy star, drew a big house at the Apollo Theater last night. The picture gives the premiere danseuse of Ziegfeld's Follies a splendid opportunity to demonstrate her remarkable ability. It will prove popular for in addition to featuring Olive Thomas it carries a powerful moral lesson. "Indiscreet Corinne" will be screened again tonight and tomorrow.

Constable Given Praise Of Court For Slaying Man

Officer Commended At Inquest For Shooting Fleeing Bandit Leader

Battle between the police and a band of robbers at the Fung Tai piece goods shop at 568 Fukien Road in which one man was killed and four others wounded Thursday night had resulted in no further fatalities at a late hour last evening. The wounded men were resting easily with a fair chance for recovery.

When the inquest over the body of Wong Lih-pung, the armed robber, was held in the Mixed Court yesterday by British Assessor Blackburn and Magistrate Li, Chinese Police Constable No. 465, who fired the fatal shot was praised and recommended to notice by the commissioner of police.

The verdict read:

"The court commends the action of C. P. C. No 465 and desires that this commendation should be brought to the notice of the commissioner of police.

"The finding is that deceased was shot dead by C. P. C. No. 465 (Li Tzu-tung) on Hankow Road at 7:40 o'clock on the night of December 4 while in the act of escaping after the commission of an armed robbery and that such policeman was justified in firing the shot which caused the death."

The Fukien Road Street Union yesterday held an extraordinary meeting in connection with the armed robbery committed at the Fung Tai piece goods shop. A request will be addressed to the municipal police to station extra police in the street during the winter season and a letter will be despatched to the Foreign Bureau to extradite the robber arrested from the Settlement authorities for trial at the Arsenal and the arrest of the accomplices at an early date.

Their Dad Was On Strike

Their dad's on strike.

These little fellows, sons of one of the steel mill strikers in the Pittsburgh zone, are typical of the hundreds of children whose fathers participated in one of the greatest industrial conflicts in the history of the country. They are shown seated on the doorstep of their home within a stone's throw of the mills.

America Is Thanked By Peking Parliament

Appreciation For Action Taken By U. S. Senate Expressed In Cablegram

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Dec. 5.—The Senate and House of Representatives yesterday telegraphed to United States Senate as follows:

"In the name of all the members of the Parliament of China, we, the undersigned, have the honor to convey to you our heartfelt appreciation of the action of the Senate in passing a special reservation regarding the Shantung Provisions of the Versailles Peace Treaty. Nothing that has occurred in recent times has so impressed the Chinese people. The pains which your committee of Foreign Affairs took to discover the truth by a searching examination of witnesses, then displaying that truth in an open debate listened to by the whole world, in our humble opinion is a monument of the fundamental honesty of purpose and sense of fairdealing so characteristic of the American people.

"In thanking you deeply and sincerely for the friendship which you have thus evinced for our country, may we express the hope that nothing may cause you to rescind or modify the decision which you have so nobly recorded.

(Signed) "Li Sheng-to,
"President of the Senate.
"Wang I-tang,
"Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Parliament of the Republic of China.

China Again Urged To Send Delegates To Labor Meeting

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, December 2.—Yung Kwei, the Chinese Charge d'Affaires at Washington, has cabled to the Government that he has obeyed instructions in informing the International Labor Conference that China will send neither labor nor capitalist delegates to the Convention, but that he fears that the Government's attitude in this question may redound to China's disadvantage in as much as the delegates to the Convention appear to hold views that are unfavorable to those nations that are not represented by labor and capitalist delegates. Hence he urges the Government to recede from its original stand and send properly accredited representatives of labor and capital to the Convention as soon as possible.

It is understood here that the Government has Yung Kwei's recommendation under consideration and that two or more delegates are likely to be despatched to the Washington Convention by the first available steamer.

A SIMPLE CURE FOR COLDS

A hot bath at bed-time followed by a laxative is the best treatment for a cold, and the best laxative is

PINKETTES

These dainty little sugar-coated pilules dispel constipation, cure biliousness, sick headaches, torpid liver, pimples and ill-smelling breath. If you cannot obtain Pinkettes where you live send 60 cents for a vial to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

COTY

We have now received the following perfumes by this famous maker:

ROSE JACQUEMINOT
JASMIN DE CORSE
L'ORIGAN
AMBRE ANTIQUE
CYCLAMEN
VIOLETTE

LILAS POURPRE
CHYPRE
IRIS
LILAS BLANC
VIOLETTE POURPRE
HELIOTROPE

A. S. WATSON & CO.

16 Nanking Road

26788

"Who are the agents?"

This familiar query will be answered by this

LIST OF LOCAL AGENTS

Appearing in this Newspaper on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

ABRASIVE COMPOUNDS
The Carborundum Company
American Trading Co.

ADDING MACHINES
Burroughs Adding Machine Co.
Adding, Bookkeeping, Calculating
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.
Dalton Adding Machine Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Sundstrand Adding & Listing Machine
Barrett Adding-Listing-Computer
Golden Gem Adders
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.

ALUMINUM WARE
Illinois Pure Aluminum Co.
Willits & Patterson

ANESTHETICS
Procaine (Novocain)
Rector Chemical Co.
American Trading Co.

BALL BEARINGS
The Chinese S.K.F. Co., Ltd.

BANDAGES, CREPE PAPER
Dennison's
American Trading Co.

BEER
Asahi Beer
The Dai Nippon Brewery Co., Ltd.

BELTING
Edward R. Ladew Co.,
American Trading Co.
Gandy Belting Co. (Baltimore)
Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ltd.
John Tullis & Son, Ltd.
Arnhold Brothers & Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

BOILERS
Erie City Iron Works
American Trading Co.

BOOKS & PUBLICATIONS
D. Appleton & Co., (Miscellaneous);
Barse & Hopkins (Children's & Novelties);
Badger (Gorham Press), (Miscellaneous);
The Century Co., (Miscellaneous);
E. J. Clode Pub. Co., (Miscellaneous);
Dodd Mead & Co. (Miscellaneous);
G. H. Doran & Co. (Miscellaneous);
Doubleday, Page & Co. (Sets & Miscell.);
Funk & Wagnalls (New Standard Dictionary Literary Digest New 10 vol "History of the World War." Self-help English books.)
The Grolier Society (The Book of Knowledge)
Grosset & Dunlap, (Popular Series);
Harper Bros. (Sets & Miscellaneous);
Houghton, Mifflin & Co. (Miscellaneous);
Laird & Lee, Inc., (Diaries);
Little, Brown & Co., (Miscellaneous);
J. B. Lippincott & Co., (Medical);
McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. (Engineering);
The Ronald Press, (Business)
W. B. Saunders Co., (Medical);
Chas. Scribner's & Sons, (Miscellaneous);
F. A. Stokes Co. (Miscellaneous);
Chinese American Publishing Co.,
American Library Association
American Technical Society
Comstock Publishing Co. (Scientific)
Columbia University Press
Ginn & Co.
Gregg Publishing Co. (Shorthand)
D. C. Heath & Co.
The Macmillan Co.
Yale University Press
Edward Evans' Sons, Ltd.
American Book Company, New York
Benoyer-Geppert Co., Chicago (Maps)
G. & C. Merriam Co., Springfield
Macmillan & Co., London
The Macmillan Company, New York
The University of Chicago Press
The Mission Book Company

BOOKS, TECHNICAL & BUSINESS
International Library of Technology
Internat'l. Correspondence Schools

BOOTS & SHOES
Brown Shoe Co.
Willits & Patterson
F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co.
The Menihan Co.,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

BOTTLES, HOT WATER, METAL
Gillette Mfg. Co.
American Trading Co.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE
Chicago Spring Butt Co. (Spring Hinges)
United Specialties Mfg. Co. (Auto. Sash Adj.)
Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

BUILDING MATERIALS
Wm. Morris & Co., Ltd.
Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ltd.
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

BUILDINGS, SECTIONAL STEEL
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

BUTTER
Heyman—Australian & Danish
Mustard & Co.

CALCULATING MACHINES
Merchants, Monroes, Millionaires
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.

CANDLES
Price's (China) Ltd.
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

CANVAS & TARPAULIN
Goodin Reid & Co., New York
China Mutual Trading Co.

CASH REGISTERS
National Cash Register Co.
American Trading Co.

CHECK PROTECTORS
The Protectograph & Check Writer
Technical Supply Co., 11c Nanking Rd.

CIGARS & CIGARETTES
Golodina Cigars
British-American Tob. Co. (China) Ltd.
Kyriazi Freres, Cairo
Wallem & Co.
Melachrino: M. Melachrino & Co., Inc.
Tobacco Products Corporation
Naturals: Schinasi Bros.
Tobacco Products Corporation

CONFECTIONERY
Life Saver Mints
Willits & Patterson

CONVEYING MACHINERY
Brown Portable Elevator Co.
American Trading Co.

CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS
International Correspondence Schools
China Agency, 11c Nanking Rd.

CUTLERY
Wm. A. Rogers, Ltd., (Silverware)
Willits & Patterson

DICTATING MACHINES
The Dictaphone Co. of America
Technical Supply Co. 11c Nanking Rd.
Ediphone Dictating Machines
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.

DISINFECTANTS
American Drug Co.
42 Nanking Road
B. K. General Laboratories
American Trading Co.
Lifebuoy Royal Disinfectant Soap.
Lever Bros. (China) Ltd.

DISINFECTORS
American Sterilizer Co.
American Trading Co.

DRAPERIES, LINENS, ETC.
Catlin & Co., New York
Wm. Simpson Sons & Co., New York
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

DRUGS & CHEMICALS
Allen & Hanburys, Ltd.
40 Canton Rd.
American Drug Co.
42 Nanking Road
Ralph L. Fuller & Co., New York
China Mutual Trading Co,
H. K. Mulford Co.
Rector Chemical Co.
American Trading Co.
National Aniline & Chem. Co., Inc.
The Shanghai Dispensary

DUPLICATING MACHINES
American Multigraph Co.
Technical Supply Co., 11c Nanking Rd.
Edison-Dick Mimeograph
Mustard & Co.
Ideal Stencil Machine Co.
Willits & Patterson
Roneo Duplicator & Copier
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.
Rotary & Modern Duplicators
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.

DYES
Ralph L. Fuller & Co., New York
China Mutual Trading Co,
Grasselli-Bayer
Soon Brothers Co.
Society of Chemical Industry in Basle
J. Morian, 11 Av. Edouard VII.
Sunset Soap Dyes
American Trading Co.
Newport Chemical Works
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
National Aniline & Chem. Co., Inc.
Hd. Office for China, 14 Canton Rd.

ELECTRICAL DEVICES.
Amylite Electric Co. (Dimmers)
China Investment & Trading Co.
Gant & Co., Ltd., (Electric Clocks)
Scott, Harding & Co.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
British Insulated & Helsby Cables, Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Duncan Electrical Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Sangamo Electric Co.
Weston Electrical Instrument Co.
Ashida Engineering Co. Ltd
Belden Mfg. Co. (Wires & Cables)
Luminous Unit Co. (Brascolite)
Hart & Hegeman Mfg. Co. (Wiring Devices)
Lux Mfg. Co. (Nitrogen Lamps)
Niagara Searchlight Co. (Flashlights)
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T.E.M.A.

ELECTRIC LT. & POWER PLTS.
Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co.
American Trading Co.
Marco Light
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Siemens Ltd., London.
China Mutual Trading Co.
Unielectric Corp. (Unit Electric Plants)
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.

ENGINES, BOILERS, STEAM
Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co.
American Trading Co.

ENGINES, GAS & OIL
Nelson Bros. Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Wolverine Marine Motors
American Trading Co.
Ruston—T. E. M. A.
Scripps—T. E. M. A.
Bronk—T. E. M. A.

EXPANDED METAL
General Fireproofing Co.
Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ltd.
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

FILTERS
Slack & Brownlow, Ltd.
Mustard & Co.

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS
Boyd Fire Extinguisher,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Fyre—Fyter Co.
Dodge & Seymour
Pyrene Mfg. Co.
Mustard & Co.
Hollandia—T. E. M. A.

FLOOR PRESERVATIVES
Truscon Laboratories
American Trading Co.

GLASS
Hires Turner Glass Co.
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Pilkington Bros., Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

GRAMOPHONES
Cortina Languages Outfits
Chung Hwa Book Co., Ltd.
The New Edison Phonograph
J. A. S. Alves, la Jinkee Rd.

HARDWARE
Russel & Irwin Mfg. Co.,
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Chicago Spring Butt Co. (Spring Hinges)
United Specialties Mfg. Co. (Auto. Sash Adj.)
Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

HEATING DEVICES
D. Moore & Co.,
American Trading Co.
Southard-Robertson Co. (Stoves),
Mustard & Company.
Theron Stoves & Alcohol Fuel Cubes
Willits & Patterson.

INKS, PRINTING
Geo. H. Morrill Co.,
American Trading Co.

INSTRUMENTS, SCIENTIFIC
Cambridge Scientific Instrument Co.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.

INSURANCE, ACC. & SICK.
Ocean Accident Insurance Co.,
American Trading Co.
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

INSURANCE, FIRE
Assicurazioni Generali
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Employers Liability Assurance Corp., Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Motor Union Insurance Co., Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Queen Insurance Co.,
American Trading Co.
Scottish Union & National Ins. Co.,
Batavia Sea & Fire Ins. Co.,
Norwegian Atlas Ins. Co.,
Rayner, Heusser & Co., Tel. 698.
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund
The Norwegian Lloyd Ins. Co., Ltd.

INSURANCE, LIFE
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

INSURANCE, MARINE
Assicurazioni Generali,
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Batavia Sea & Fire Ins. Co.,
Rayner, Heusser & Co., Tel. 698.
Employers Liability Assurance Corp., Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Phoenix Assurance Co.,
American Trading Co.
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund
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Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

INSURANCE, MISCELLANEOUS
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

IRON MERCHANTS
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LEATHER
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LEATHER SUBSTITUTE
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Soon Brothers Co.

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American Trading Co.
Smith, Major & Stevens, Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.

LIGATURES & SUTURES.
American Drug Co.
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Davis & Geck,
American Trading Co.

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Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

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Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

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American Trading Co.
Sprout Waldron & Co.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
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Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

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Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, ICE MAKING
York Mfg. Co.,
American Trading Co.
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Ingersoll Rand Co.,
American Trading Co.

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Bagley & Newall,
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American Trading Co.

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Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

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Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
United Cigarette Machine Co.,
American Trading Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, MISCELLANEOUS
Edward Maurer & Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, WOODWORKING
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Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

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Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
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Rector Chemical Co.,
American Trading Co.

MEDICINES
Society of Chemical Industry in Basle
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Dr. D. Jayne & Son
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

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42 Nanking Road
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Edward Evans & Sons, Ltd.

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Bear Brand,
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.

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Humber, Ltd.,
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Ford Cars & Trucks
Hudson Super-Six
Essex
Dodge & Seymour

MOTOR CAR SUPPLIES
Klaxon Horns,
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.

MOTORCYCLES & ACCESSORIES
Excelsior Motorcycle Co.,
American Trading Co.

MOTOR TRUCKS
Bethlehem Trucks,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc. (Far Eastern Distributors)
Kissel—T. E. M. A.

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Estey Organ Co.,
Edward Evans & Sons, Ltd.

OFFICE EQUIPMENT
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Edward Evans & Sons, Ltd.
Shaw-Walker Steel Files,
Dodwell & Co., Ltd., 44a, Kiangse Rd.
Y. & E. Filing Systems
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.
Macey & Co.,
United States Steel Furniture Co.,
Ediphone Dictating Machines under Equipond
American Trading Co.
Art Metal Steel Furniture,
Burroughs Adding Machines,
Oliver Typewriters,
Roneo Duplicators & Copiers,
Reliable Safe & Lock Co.,
Victor Safe & Lock Co.,
Rebuilt Typewriters—All Makes,
Boston Pencil Sharpeners,
Venus Pencils,
Caribonum Ribbons & Carbons,
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd
Remington Typewriters
Remington Ribbons & Carbon Paper,
Steel Equipment Co.,
A. B. Dick Mimeograph Co.,
Dalton Adding Machine Co.,
Chicago Mirror & Art Glass Co.
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

OPTICAL GOODS
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National Optical Co., 69 Nanking Rd.
Standard Optical Co.,
Technical Supply Co., 11c Nanking Rd.

PAINTS, VARNISHES, ETC.
Acme White Lead & Color Works,
Willits & Patterson
Boston Varn. Co., (Kyanize)
China Invest. & Trading Co., Inc.
Chas. H. Brown Paint Co.
Dodge & Seymour
Certain-teed Products Corporation
Truscon Laboratories,
American Trading Co.
Velvatine—T. E. M. A.

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Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Impression and Manifold Papers
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.
Maurice O'Meara Co.,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Typewriter & Roneo Paper,
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Road.
R. Dieles & Co., Ltd.

PENS & PENCILS
Moore's Fountain Pens,
Joseph Dixon Crucible Co.,
American Trading Co.

PERFUMERY
Maison de Parfumerie
40 Nanking Road
Vinolia Co., Ltd., Paris & London
Lever Bros. (China) Ltd.

PHARMACEUTICAL SUPPLIES
American Drug Co.
42 Nanking Rd.
H. K. Mulford Co.,
Davis & Geck,
Rector Chemical Co.,
American Trading Co.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
Roxo Cameras,
Burke & James
American Trading Co.

PIECE GOODS
Catlin & Co., New York.
Wm. Simpson Sons & Co., New York,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Persian Commercial Co.

PRESSBOARD & INSULATING PAPER
Diamond State Fibre Co.
American Trading Co.

PRINTING SUPPLIES
Shanghai Press, Ltd.

PROJECTION LANTERNS
Bausch & Lomb Optical Co.,
Novette, Inc.,
Edward Evans & Sons, Ltd.

PULLEYS
The Chinese S. K. F. Co., Ltd.

PUMPING MACHINERY
W. H. Allen Son & Co., Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Gwynne's Ltd., London.
China Mutual Trading Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

RAILWAY MATERIALS
Liberty Steel Products Co.,
New York.
T. Haish, Chinese Co-Director
Astor House Hotel, Shanghai.
Ramapo Iron Works,
American Trading Co.

REFRIGERATORS
White Frost Refrigerator Co.,
American Trading Co.

ROOFING MATERIALS
A, B, C and Pagoda Roofing,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Carey Roofings,
China Invest. & Trading Co., Inc.
Weather-Compo } Certain-teed Products Corp.
Scout Roofings }
American Trading Co.

ROPE, STEEL
R.S. Newall & Son
Scott Harding & Co.

SAFES LOCKS & STR. RM. DOORS
Kaiser Safe Co., Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Safe-Cabinet Co.
Dodwell & Co., Ltd., 44a, Kiangse Rd.
York Safe & Lock Co.
Dodge & Seymour
T. & E. Record Safes
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.
Reliable Safes & Locks
Victor Safes & Locks,
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.
Herring Hall Marvin Safe Co.
Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Lipa—T. E. M. A.

SANITARY FITTINGS
Tremlon Potteries Co.
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SHIPPING LINES
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Jessica Transports Co.
P. & O. S. N. Co.
B. I. S. N. Co., Ltd.
Spear Line
Eastern & Australia S. S. Co., Ltd.
Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.

SKYLIGHTS
David Lupton Sons Co.
American Trading Co.

SOAP
Lever Bros., Ltd.
Vinolia Co., Ltd., Paris & London
Benjamin Brooke & Co., England
Hodgson & Simpson, Ltd.
R. S. Hudson, Ltd., England
Lever Bros. (China) Ltd.

STATIONERY
Crown Ribbon & Carbon Mfg. Co.
Whiting Paper Co. (Fine Stationery)
Chinese American Publishing Co.,

STEEL PRODUCTS
Pacific Coast Steel Co. of
San Francisco, Cal.
Shanghai Branch
United States Steel Products Co.

STEEL STRUCTURAL
Pacific Coast Steel Co. of
San Francisco, Cal.
Shanghai Branch
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

STEEL WINDOWS & DOORS
J. G. Wilson Corporation
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

STERILIZERS
American Sterilizer Co.
American Trading Co.

STOVES-HEATING & COOKING
Southard-Robertson Co.
Mustard & Co.
D. Moore & Co.
American Trading Co.

SUGAR OF MILK
National Milk Sugar Co.
American Trading Co.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS
American Drug Co.
42 Nanking Road

SURVEYING & DRAFTING INST.
Wm. Ainsworth & Sons Co.
Technical Supply Co., 11c Nanking Rd.

TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH APP.
Automatic Telephone Mfg. Co., Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Federal Telephone & Telegraph Co.
China Invest. & Trading Co., Inc.
Relay Automatic Telephone Co., Ltd. London.
China Mutual Trading Co.
Stromberg Carlson Tel. Mfg. Co.
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TILES
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Maison de Parfumerie
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Corona Typewriters
Dodge & Seymour
Remington Typewriters,
Mustard & Co.
Underwood Typewriter Co.
Dodwell & Co., Ltd., 44a, Kiangse Rd
Oliver Typewriters
Rebuilt Typewriters—All Makes
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.
Fox Baby Portable
National Portable
Rebuilt Typewriters-All Makes
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.

TYRES
Miller Tires
Dodge & Seymour
Racine Tire Co.
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Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

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Blackman Export Co.
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
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"Westclox" "Big Ben" etc.
Mustard & Co.
Wm. L. Gilbert Clock Co.,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Illinois Watch Co.
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Waltham Watch Co.
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Truscon Laboratories
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Buffalo Scale Co.
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Mustard & Co.
Knowles Scale Co.
Dodge & Seymour
Henry Pooley & Son Ltd., Birmingham.
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N.B. Names of local agents and branches are shown in italics, the agencies they hold in bold type.

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US BOYS · It Puzzled Skinny · By McNamara

MASTER SKINNY, I REALIZE THAT YOU WERE SPOOFING ME IN TRYING TO LEAD ME TO BELIEVE THAT YOU EXPECT TEN MILLION DOLLARS FROM SHRIMP FLYNN PROVIDING HE DOES NOT LIVE TO BE 100 YEARS OLD.
YES YES I SEE!
DID YOU HAVE A GOOD LAUGH AT MY EXPENSE?
NOT VERY!
GRACIOUS ME, I DID MY BEST TO ARGUE WITH YOU AND IN OTHER WAYS LEAD YOU TO BELIEVE THAT I WAS STUPID ENOUGH TO SERIOUSLY CONSIDER SUCH AN OUTLANDISH IMPOSSIBILITY!
AND I FAILED — OH GRACIOUS I'M SO SORRY - BOO, HOO!
WHAT THE-
HOW ABOUT IT FOLKS?
SHALL WE LEAVE VAN OUT AFTER THIS? - DON'T YOU THINK HE IS TOO DARN SERIOUS TO BE MIXED UP IN A FIRST CLASS COMIC STRIP? - MARK ONE OF THE SPACES BELOW, CUT ALONG DOTTED LINES AND SEND IN YOUR VOTE.
THROW VAN OUT
KEEP VAN IN
NAME
ADDRESS

Officials Deny Validity Of Hunan Mine Contract

(Continued from Page 1)

shares, notice is hereby given to Chinese as well as foreigners, lest they might be fooled.

For Civil Governor of Hunan,
CHE PING-YUAN,
Commissioner of Industries.
Notification.

That the scheme is an ambitious one is seen in the following text of the alleged agreement as published in the Far Eastern Review:

Agreement

Memorandum of Agreement made this....between Wu Yao-kin, President of the Board of Commerce and Industry for the Province of Hunan, duly appointed by the Central Government of the Republic of China with plenipotentiary powers over and within the limits of the said Province of Hunan in all matters connected with or appertaining to the industrial development of the said Province of Hunan, party of the first part, and hereinafter referred to as the First Party; and Archibald Morsley George Grant, Mining Engineer, a British subject, duly registered at His British Majesty's Consulate-General at Hankow, party of the second part, and hereinafter referred to as the Second Party.

Now by these presents be it known that I, the First Party, have observed with regret the backward condition of the commerce and industry of the said Province of Hunan, and have applied for and obtained the full sanction of the Government of the Republic of China through His Excellency Chang Chin-yao, the duly appointed Governor with plenipotentiary powers over and within the said Province of Hunan, and knowing the Second Party to be a person of the highest repute and ability, I, the First Party, in conjunction with His Excellency Chang Chin-yao, the duly appointed Governor of Hunan, have decided to invite the co-operation of the Second Party in developing the commerce and industry of the said Province of Hunan and such development shall commence with the mining industry; for the purpose of encouraging such industry the Second Party is hereby granted a concession for the developing and working of mines throughout the said Province of Hunan under the following terms and conditions:

I.—The mining rights of the entire Province of Hunan are hereby granted to the Second Party with the exception of (1) mines which are already in operation, (2) mines over which agreements have been made by the native mine-owners with foreign companies. In such cases 1-2 it shall be optional to the native mine owners to decide on co-operation with the Second Party or otherwise. Such mining rights as described herein shall include water rights, building rights, transport and railway rights, electric and telephone rights.

II.—No financial responsibility shall rest with the First Party or on the native mine owners; all capital required for the development of mines being furnished by the Second Party or his duly appointed representative while the native mine owners shall contribute their mining properties which shall be valued at fifty percent of the capital decided upon by the Second Party's expert for the development of the mine or mines so contributed.

III.—The Head Office of the Second Party shall be in Hankow, with a Branch Office at Changsha, or at any other point in the interior of Hunan at which it may seem expedient to the Second Party from time to time to establish Branch Offices.

IV.—The Second Party shall organise a Parent Company with a nominal capital of One Million Pounds sterling, such capital to be used for the equipment and working of selected mines, in each mine selected by the Second Party's expert, the amount of capital required for the equipment and working of such mine to the profit earning stage shall be decided by the Second Party, the native mine owners contributing their mines either actually or potentially and such contribution shall entitle the said native mine owners to fifty percent of the net profits earned by the mine or mines so contributed.

V.—The Second Party shall after the formation of the Parent Company possess the exclusive right to float subsidiary companies at any point or at any time mine or mines within the said Province of Hunan.

VI.—The Parent Company shall be controlled by a Board of Directors, of which Board the Second Party or his Nominee shall be the President. Three Directors shall be appointed by mine owners and three Directors in addition to the Second Party shall be appointed by the shareholders of the Parent Company and in all cases of even voting by such Board of Directors the President shall have the casting vote.

VII.—On each mine working, the accounts shall be kept in both Chinese and English and the mine owners shall have the right to appoint an Auditor from time to time as shall hereafter be mutually agreed upon, but in the event of any dispute arising to such accounts the English Books shall rule, in toto.

VIII.—The dividend may be annual or semi-annual as shall be decided upon by the Board of Directors appointed to the mine or mines concerned.

IX.—In the event of lands adjoining mines being required to be purchased or lands other than those used in actual mining operations, the funds necessary for such purchase shall be advanced by the parent or subsidiary company as the case may be, and funds so advanced by the parent or subsidiary company shall be deducted from the fifty percent profit due to the original mine owner.

X.—The First Party shall be responsible for the granting and procuring of the necessary permits and for securing the proper title deeds for the parent or subsidiary company and all such title deeds, documents, etc., shall be held by the Second Party or his Nominee as the property of the parent company or subsidiary company as the case may be, so long as a mine or mines are operated, but in the event of the Second Party's expert deciding that a mine or mines can no longer be worked at a profit such mine or mines shall at the discretion of the Second Party's expert be declared abandoned on such declaration of abandonment given in writing and signed by the Second Party or his Nominee, the title deeds, permits, documents, etc., aforesaid shall be handed back to the original mine owner.

XI.—The legal costs for mine permits shall be advanced by the parent company or subsidiary company as the case may be, on each mine selected by the Second Party's expert but such costs shall be deducted from the fifty percent of the profit due to the original mine owners immediately upon such mine or mines reaching a profit earning stage.

XII.—All mines in the Province of Hunan or areas containing potential mines with the possible exception of those noted in Clause 1 hereof, of whatever nature, auriferous, metaliferous, or otherwise, shall be offered to the Second Party's expert for selection and the said expert shall at his discretion, accept or reject each or any of them.

XIII.—All mines selected shall be worked in accordance with the present existing laws of China but in the event of the change of policy on the part of the Government of the Republic of China or the introduction of new mining laws, such laws, if detrimental to the Second Party or in any way liable to affect either the profits or the smooth working operations of the Second Party shall not affect this agreement or affect any mine or mines in the Province of Hunan, which the Second Party, parent company or subsidiary company, as the case may be, are working on or are desirous of working on in pursuance of this agreement.

XIV.—The mine owners shall be entirely responsible that no disputes arise with the natives or in case of force majeure or unavoidable difficulties arising the said mine owner shall be responsible to the Second Party, the parent company, or the subsidiary company, as the case may be, for any loss or damage suffered by the Second Party, parent company or subsidiary company.

XV.—Whereas it is fully understood in the foregoing clause that the mine owners are responsible to the Second Party, parent company or subsidiary company, as the case may be, for any loss or damage, it is hereby agreed that the Second Party will assist the mine owner to maintain smooth working operations to the best of his ability.

XVI.—As a further protection and in addition to the foregoing Clauses 14 and 15 each mine working whether under the jurisdiction of the Second Party, parent company, subsidiary company, or the duly appointed representatives of each or either, shall pay to the Government of the Republic of China through such Governor of the Province of Hunan as shall from time to time be duly appointed by the Central Government of the Republic of China, a royalty of ten percent of the net profit earned by each mine working, and such royalty shall insure, free of all charge to the Second Party, parent company, subsidiary company, or duly appointed representative of each or either, the maintenance of an adequate police force either civil or military as shall be deemed expedient or necessary at each mine or mines working if required by the Second Party, parent company, subsidiary company, or duly appointed representatives of each or either, and such police force shall ensure on behalf of the Government adequate protection of all transport or material to and from such mine or mines throughout the province of Hunan whether by road, raft, or waterway.

XVII.—Should it be found at a later stage either before or after the commencement of mining operations of the Second Party that additions to this agreement are necessary to further safeguard the interests of the Second Party, the First Party hereby agrees that such additions may be made and the Second Party hereby agrees that in the event of the First Party desiring to add any clause or clauses which it is decided will be of mutual benefit, such clause or clauses may be added, mutually agreed upon.

XVIII.—The tenure of this concession shall be for fifty years or alternately so long as a selected mine or mines can be worked at a profit. In such latter case the option of such extension shall rest with Second Party or his Nominee, and this concession shall continue until such time as all mines selected either actually or potentially during the said period of fifty years are declared abandoned by the Second Party's expert, in such cases in accordance with and in the terms of Clause 10 hereof this concession shall cease.

XIX.—Four copies of this agreement shall be made in the English text and four in the Chinese text, the original shall be the property of the Second Party, one copy shall be retained by the First Party and one copy shall be lodged at H. B. M. Consulate, Hankow, one copy with His Excellency the Governor of Hunan; the responsibility for the translation from the English to the Chinese text shall rest with the First Party, and in the event of any dispute arising hereafter as to the meaning of the terms hereof, the English text shall rule.

(Signed) President of the Board of Commerce and Industry of the Province of Hunan.

Signed and delivered by His Excellency Chang Chin-yao, Governor of the Province of Hunan.

Discussing the purported agreement, the Far Eastern Review says: "Numerous representations protesting against the agreement have been made to the Government at Peking and influential Chinese have wired directly to General Chang Ching-yao condemning him for his action. His defence is that the agreement was signed in the sole interests of the people of Hunan, and that as he is the chief administrator of Hunan it is his business to do everything within his power for the benefit of the Hunanese, without regard to his own personal interests. He says that without foreign co-operation the old prosperity of Hunan cannot be restored and that in signing the agreement he had no intention of discriminating against other foreigners."

China Political Notes From Chinese Papers

Parliament is not satisfied with the holding of the Agriculture and of Education portfolios by some other ministers concurrently, and considers the present Cabinet incomplete. It will urge General Chin Yung-peng to name new nominees at once.

The appointment of Mr. Pan Fu as Vice-Minister of Finance, was done without the approval of Mr. Li Shih-hao, who has tendered his resignation as a protest and left Peking for Tientsin. General Tuan Chi-jui has undertaken the work of mediation and has asked Pan to resign and to be succeeded by Chien Ching-sung. Premier Chin has consented to the arrangement and Li has promised to return.

Mr. Chow Tse-chi has approached Mr. Kang Shih-tu, the Parliamentarian, and asked him not to bring up again the bill calling for the amalgamation of the Currency Bureau with the Ministry of Finance.

The Chief Executive has nominated Mr. Chang Yuen-chi to be Governor of Fukien. He asked Premier Chin to endorse him, and bring up the matter with the Fukien Tuchun, General Li Hou-chi.

In compliance with the request of General Wang Yi-tang, the chief Northern delegate, the Peking administration has ordered Messrs. Wu Ting-chang, Wang Ko-ming and Wong Yu-ling, associate delegates, to proceed to Shanghai at once.

The Cabinet, in reply to the Fukien Guild at Canton, stated that the Foochow incident is being dealt with by Mr. Chiang Ching-koo, the Charge D'Affaires at Tokio, with the Japanese Government; and Japan has consented to investigate the matter. The Cabinet will not relax its firm hold and would fight on its rights.

The Government has circulated a telegram throughout the country, asking for funds to relieve the Chinese residents in Siberia and to enable them to return to their mother country.

The provinces do not approve the government's suggestion to raise funds among themselves for the reduction of troops. The matter is therefore again deadlocked and it appears that nothing can be accomplished until the Government is able to raise sufficient money to hand over to the provinces to carry out the work.

The Anfu Club Thursday held a celebration in commemoration of the cancellation of the Mongolian autonomy. Among these who attened were Generals Tuan Chi-jui, Hsu Shu-cheng, Chin Yun-peng, En Hua, Li Yuen, the members of the new Cabinet and the Speakers and members of Parliament. Speaker Li offered the formal speech of congratulations and addresses were made by Generals Tuan, Chin and Hsu.

Constantinople Feels Earthquake Shock

(*American Press Wireless*)

Paris, Nov. 29.—From Constantinople a rather strong earthquake shock is reported from the Western part of Asia Minor, where it caused material damage. The Minister of the Interior has been informed that the last earthquake shocks felt in the regions of Ouchak and Soma caused the complete destruction of seven villages. Twenty persons were killed and a great many were injured. An earthquake shock is reported to have been felt in Luchen Haute Garonne at 7:45 on Thursday not much damage was done, but the population not being used to earthquakes appears rather alarmed.

"DE LUXE ANNIE"

Peking To Answer Protest Of Russia

(Continued from Page 1)

regime are progressing rapidly. General Hsu Shu-cheng, High Commissioner for the Northwestern Frontiers, has been made Commissioner for all affairs relating to Outer Mongolia, and henceforth has full powers over Chinese officials in that territory. He has submitted to the Government a draft of his scheme for developing and administering the country; and this document will be made public after it has been approved by the President and the Cabinet. It provides for agricultural and mining developments in Outer Mongolia, as well as for measures covering military protection and policing. A Mongol cavalry division trained by Chinese and equipped with modern instruments of war is included in General Hsu's military plans.

CHEN YI SHELVED

There has been some trouble among the Mongol dukes within the past fortnight, as these nobles are by no means united in their desire to give up their autonomy and become one of the five nations under the Chinese flag. The Russian influence at Urga and elsewhere through Mongolia is still strong, and there are likewise elements among the Mongols who favor the idea of the Pan-Mongol State. Hence General Hsu Shu-cheng is about to return to Outer Mongolia to keep an eye on the situation and smooth things over, and he has instructed one division and one mixed brigade to be in readiness on the Mongolian borders for any emergency.

In the meantime Chen Yi, the Chinese Resident at Urga, has been promoted to the rank of Yiwei Changchun, or Member of the Board of Generals. This post is regarded as the shelf on which superannuated, and time-worn Chinese generals are placed when their services are no longer required, and it now remains to be seen whether this promotion for Chen is of the Irish variety or whether he will be permitted to retain his new rank and his old post at Urga. He and General Hsu are not on good terms as a result of their differing views as to which of them is entitled to the credit for arranging the cancellation of Outer Mongolia's autonomy, and, as Little Hsu is now all-powerful in Outer Mongolian affairs, Chen Yi's days in Urga are apparently numbered.

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(MALTED BARLEY, WHEAT, AND PURE FULL-CREAM MILK).

The Food Drink with all the Virtues.

1. Generates force and sustains it.
2. Gives strength and maintains it.
3. Easily digested and completely absorbed.
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6. Suits all ages and conditions.
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Supplied by all Chemists and Stores.

Also available in Tablet form to be dissolved in the mouth.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS., ENG.

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BAKERY DEPARTMENT, HONGKEW MARKET.

From MONDAY, 24th Nov., our NEW STALL in the HONGKEW MARKET (in front of the S. M. Market Health Office on Miller Road) will be opened for the sale of OUR BREAD: Stall open daily from 6 a.m. till Noon.

Orders for BREAD and CAKES can be given to the man in charge.

Tickets for one pound of Bread are on sale at 14 for a dollar. In view of recent prosecutions against Chinese for selling inferior and short weight bread as "Fuhlee" bread in the market the Patronage of the Public is invited.

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One of the most encouraging and beneficial results of the war has been the tremendous boost-up given to both National and Individual Thrift. Read, learn and inwardly digest how we can assist you in your Individual Thrift. You all do, or should, use ELECTRIC LIGHT.

If so, you must use ELECTRIC LAMPS.

THIS IS WHERE WE COME IN. We are selling our new consignment of lamps, at prices 25 per cent. less than former prices.

Buy Our Lamps and Save Your Money

Our present prices are as follows:—

16, 25, 32, 50 C.P. 200 V.	Tls. 0.30 each
100 C.P. 200 V.	Tls. 1.10 each
200 C.P. 200 V.	Tls. 2.20 each

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If you have a trained nurse in attendance ask her about the reliability of this pharmacy.

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Both your doctor and your trained nurse will recommend us. Ask them.

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Prescription Specialists
"Safe as a Bank"

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WHY PAY MORE
FOR A CUP OF COFFEE
WHEN YOU CAN GET ONE AT THE

CAFÉ PAULISTA
FOR
ONLY 5 CENTS
FRESH AND HOT DAILY

No. P 448, Nanking Road (near Fukien Road) Tel. C. 2980

INSTANT COFFEE

1 doz. Tablets in Cartoon	60 cts.
1 lb. Ground Coffee	60 cts.
1 tin Ground Coffee	80 cts.

26240

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REFRACTING & MANUFACTURING OPTICIANS

Shoes $6.50 up :: Boots $8.50 up

Best of Leather and Workmanship

First Buy
Chung Hwa Footwear
Then order your Holiday Suit
Because

Chung Hwa Boots and Shoes, costing half the price of imported kinds, will provide spare cash with which to buy better suiting or some extras for your holiday attire.

A call at either showroom will immediately convince you.

If you cannot call please ask for our illustrated catalogue for mail order patrons.

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NO BOLSHEVISM IN CZECHO-SLOVAKIA

Leader Is In Jail And The 'Man In The Street' Is Too Wise For It

A CHANCE FOR AMERICANS

New Nation Is Eager To Trade With Us; Economic Conditions Better

New York, Nov. 2.—Czecho-Slovakia is fast returning to normal and only a matter of months must intervene before the new nation, making its debut in world commerce, opens the war-closed natural richness of the country to trade, according to Captain Emanuel V. Voska, formerly of the General Staff, A. E. F., just back from Prague after founding the Czecho-Slovak a Commercial Corporation.

Throughout the length and breadth of President Thomas G. Masaryk's land there is hardly a trace of Bolshevism, he said. Muna, a Czech, who tried to emulate in Czecho-Slovakia the example of Lenin, is in jail and had been for two months before Captain Vcska left Prague, on October 5. Dominating the country by his tremendous popularity, President Masaryk banished Bolshevism by banishing discontent, said the Captain, signing as his first official act a measure that made the eight-hour day a national law of Czecho-Slovakia.

Captain Voska declared that the Czecho-Slovaks were eager to trade with America, but that they had been held back because of the existing rate of exchange on the crown. The crown is discounted so far below the dollar that trade is practically impossible, and for this reason the commercial corporation had been brought into being. Captain Voska, who is associated with Carl Byoir, formerly of the Committee on Public Information, said that the corporation already had engaged in trade between America and Czecho-Slovakia, buying for dollars and selling in crowns, only goods passing between the countries, thus circumventing the regulations that forbid the Czecho-Slovakian merchant from sending the Republic's currency out of the country at disadvantageous rates.

SAVED FROM BOLSHEVISM

Under the terms of the Peace Treaty the country is entitled to the use of Hamburg as its port. Two ships with American goods have made the trip to Hamburg, and from there the cargoes were moved into Prague by the Elbe. Captain Voska said that he believed that within two years the exports of this country would exceed the imports, with at least 50 percent of the country's manufactures, especially textiles, being sold abroad.

"Economic conditions" he said, "are rapidly getting better, although they are not yet normal. The harvest has been exceptionally good in all crops, with the exception of small sections of Slovakia. From neighboring countries we are gradually getting raw materials with which to start the factories, and all that is needed now to bring industry to its fullest measure is more raw materials. Among them I include cotton and leather, the latter because the shoe industry is one of the largest items in the commerce of Czecho-Slovakia. There is also need of fine metals.

"The explanation of why economic conditions are generally good lies in the fact that political conditions are daily becoming better. Some people in America do not appreciate how it is that Czecho-Slovakia, in giving full and just representation in the Government to the proletariat saves itself from Bolshevism. And yet, due to these very measures, it has become absolutely impossible for Bolshevism to obtain a foothold.

"I can hardly find words to express how the plain people, 'the man in the street' hates Bolshevism. They detest it and they loathe it. Muna, who attempted to plant it, is in prison, while Smeral, who led the radical wing of the Social Democrats, has been forced to flee into Switzerland.

CHANCE FOR AMERICANS

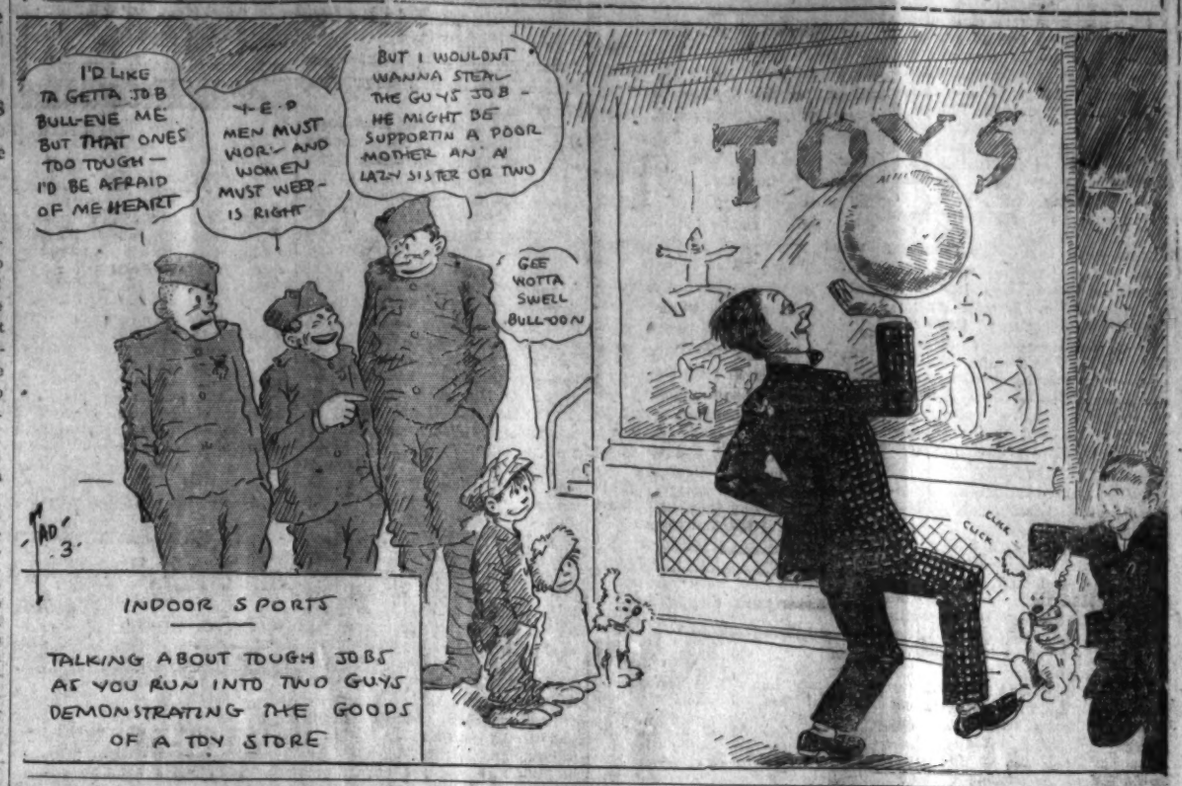
"Bolshevism is always the result of dissatisfaction, and there is less dissatisfaction among the people in Czecho-Slovakia, I believe, than anywhere else. If economical and political conditions improve as fast as they have improved in the last six months, then even that small percentage of people who are inclined today to seek false salvation in Bolshevism will drop that idea.

"Textiles, of course, are the most important industry of Czecho-Slovakia, but next comes the famous Bohemian glass works. Practically all of these works are starting again to work, and it is merely a question of supplying raw materials in large enough quantities before all can resume. There are many opportunities for American business men in Czecho-Slovakia, because the people never forget your country's part in the gaining of their freedom.

"Then, apart from business, the country has the famous resorts of Carlsbad, Marienbad, and Pistany, in Slovakia. The republic is planning to make them as famous in the future as they have been in the past."

According to Captain Voska, Czecho-Slovakia is furnishing all of the coal used on the Austrian railways, and much of the supplies purchased by the Viennese householders is of Czecho-Slovakian origin. Already, he said, there has been produced a surplus of agricultural products, especially of sugar beets. Because of the abundance of the beets, sugar is plentiful, so much so, in fact, that it is enjoying a temporary vogue as "commercial currency."

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad


I'D LIKE TA GETTA JOB BULL-EVE ME BUT THAT ONES TOO TOUGH — I'D BE AFRAID OF ME HEART
4-E-D MEN MUST WORK AND WOMEN MUST WEEP - IS RIGHT
BUT I WOULDNT WANNA STEAL THE GUYS JOB - HE MIGHT BE SUPPORTIN A POOR MOTHER AN' A LAZY SISTER OR TWO
GEE WOTTA SWELL BULLOON
TOYS
CLICK CLICK
TAD '3
INDOOR SPORTS
TALKING ABOUT TOUGH JOBS AS YOU RUN INTO TWO GUYS DEMONSTRATING THE GOODS OF A TOY STORE

Far Eastern News Notes

Captain Falls From Hongkong Hotel Verandah

From the China Mail of December 27: The particularly distressing accident occurred from the Hongkong Hotel premises this afternoon at 2:45. It transpired that Captain J. A. L. Taylor, who is staying at the Hotel with his wife and two children, had by some means, unknown at present, fallen from the third floor verandah.

The unfortunate gentleman's injuries are extremely serious. At sight the legs are broken in several places.

One of the Hotel employees hastily put the victim in M. de Fournel's motor car and proceeded at once to the Government Civil Hospital. What other injuries Captain Taylor has received are not known yet. During his fall he struck a corner of the first floor verandah, knocking away part of the masonry.

The very unfortunate part of the affair is that Captain Taylor only came from Amoy last Saturday to join his family here, where he was to have taken charge of one of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson's ships we understand.

Electric Lighted Sedan Chair Novelty On Canton

From the Canton Times: The wedding according to Chinese custom of Mr. Lau Woon, co-director of the Canton Hankow Railway, to Miss Chan took place at Sai Kwan. The bride was borne from her parents' home to her husband's home in an electric lighted sedan chair instead of the ordinary one. The cover of the chair was made of the attractive red satin with beautiful embroideries. There were many electric lights on the top and sides of the chair. The uniform of the eight carriers was also red with electric lights all over them. Such a chair is expensive and unique, the first of its kind here.

The dowry of the bride cost a large sum consisting of valuable articles. The crown and gown which she wore were made of expensive beads and other ornaments.

The house in which the ceremony took place was the largest building in Sai Kwan. Inside of the house there was a theater and a Chinese play, staged there during the wedding festival.

Chinese To Be Trained In Tea Culture, Trading

From the China Critic of December 2: We are glad to learn that there is to be established in the tea growing district of Anhui Province, China, a college for training the Chinese in scientific methods of tea culture and tea trading, according to recent offical reports. Special attention is to be paid to sanitary conditions in the growing of the leaf and suitable apparatus for handling the product, such as in packing, in order to preserve it natural flavor will be introduced.

There is no finer tea in the world than the Chinese from the special districts, either in flavour or lack of tannin.

Master Of Namwo Describes Loss Of Ship

From the China Mail of November 28:

Captain L. Schieldorup, master of the s.s. Namwo, owned by the Kwong Hing Navigation Co., of No. 6 Bonham Strand, West, which was briefly reported in yesterday's China Mail, went aground in the Hainan Strait, arrived in the Colony yesterday. He reports that the vessel which was built of wood and had a net tonnage of 542 tons, sailed from Haiphong on November 18, bound for Hongkong with 300 tons of general cargo. The disaster happened on the Yug Cha Kong reef at latitude 19 deg. 56 min. and longitude 109 deg. 20 min., at 4 a.m., on November 20. There was a strong wind blowing at the time and the weather was overcast and rainy. The ship is a total loss. Three lives (all Chinese) were lost. Fifty-five persons (all that were left of the ship's complement) were saved by lifeboats and other small craft from the shore. The cargo was insured for $100,600.

Canton Makes Bid For Movie Publicity

The Canton Times of November 27 says: The cinema artists of the Universal Film Co., of the United States, who have been in Japan, and are now in Shanghai staging a great serial film, will also go to Hongkong and Manila. This news item has prompted the suggestion that the cinemas of Canton, or leading citizens here, should extend an invitation to the Universal Film people to visit Canton and have some of the scenes taken here also. Canton is one of the oldest cities of China, and with the wealth of interesting places and buildings here, can offer sufficient inducement to the Universal Film people. If any of the scenes are staged here, the publicity Canton will receive will be worth many hundreds of dollars as the film will surely encircle the globe.

Japan Now Blaming Missionaries For Revolt In Korea

Connection Of Insurgents And Presbyterians Alleged In Recent Charges

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, Dec. 4.—It is announced that papers discovered at Seoul disclose relations between the Korean Independence movement at Seoul, Shanghai and elsewhere and the Presbyterian headquarters. The Japanese Government states that it proposes to "pursue the matter to its source and rigorously prosecute those concerned."

Episcopalians Retain Prayer For President

Ex-Ambassador Page And General Clement Prevail Against Proposal To Drop It

Detroit, Oct. 16.—The petition for divine guidance for the President of the United States will not be omitted from the morning service of the Protestant Episcopal Church. This is the result of appeals made in the House of Deputies in the Triennial General Convention today by Thomas Nelson Page, former Ambassador to Italy, and Major Gen. Charles M. Clement of Harrisburg, Penn.

The proposed concordat by which it is hoped to bring about closer unity of denominations for the spiritual welfare of the world was saved for consideration in the convention by an appeal in the House of Bishops by Bishop Charles H. Brent of Western New York, formerly Chaplain General of the American Expeditionary Forces.

These were the two outstanding features in the deliberations of the most important general Church convention held since the war on what delegates characterise as its "biggest day."

There was heated debate in the House of Deputies on the recommendation of the Revision Commission that the Prayer Book rubric be so transposed as to permit shortening of the morning service by omission of the prayer for the President when the litany is said or the communion service follows immediately.

Mr. Page, who represents the European branch of the Church in the convention declared:

"This is not a moment to dispense with the prayers of the people for the President. This is the most inspiring prayer of Americans in Europe. You may strike from your Prayer Book the prayer for the President, but you cannot prevent the American people from praying for him."

Then General Clement sprang from his seat and thrilled the convenion by saying:

"Although I do not agree with the President and have no sympathy for him excepting in his illness, I believe the nation, apart from all politics, desires that his life be prolonged."

Bishop Brent's appeal for the Concordat was dramatic. As proposed, it provides that ministers of the Congregational communion may be ordained priests of the Protestant Episcopal Church without severing affiliation with their own church. Other denominations, it is stated, are showing a decided interest in the plan.

The House of Bishops this afternoon accepted the resignation of Bishop Frederick J. Kinsman of Delaware. Bishop Kinsman's request that he be formally deposed, however, was refused.

Because of the impression that has become current among many American citizens of foreign birth notably American Jews, that it is the object of the Episcopal Church in its Americanisation work to convert the Jews and others to the Episcopal faith, George Zabriskie of New York, as the result of a conference with Rabbi Franklin of Detroit, President of the Convocation of Hebrew Congregations in this country, presented in the House of Deputies a resolution that would correct this misapprehension.

The resolution, unanimously adopted, states that it is not the purpose of the convention to "disparage or criticise the notable work of American patriotism displayed by great numbers of our fellow-citizens of foreign birth or parentage, who profess other religious faith," agreeing that religious liberty "is the only secure basis upon which free American institutions can be perpetuated."

Siberian Loyalists Still Falling Back

Former Premier Will Preside Temporarily Over Sessions Of New Assembly

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Irkutsk, Dec. 4.—The communique issued today by General headquarters says:

The Ex-Premier M. Vologodsky will temporarily preside over the Constituent Assembly Election Committee until the arrival of M. Tschaikovsky.

On Making Sure

There is nothing like making sure where one's health is concerned. Good health is the best guarantee that Life shall be a success. Now it is well-known that digestive disorders are the cause of more cases of ill-health than any other class of ailment. The digestive system is so extensive, so complex and so hard-worked, that its liability to derangement is not astonishing. Happily, however, many digestive ailments can be easily remedied. Happily, too, many digestions need never go wrong. You can make reasonably sure that your digestion will not fail you, even under trying conditions, if you get into the excellent way of taking Beecham's Pills. This "Wonderful Medicine"—as it has been called—does really work wonders with the digestive system. Beecham's Pills impart tone to the stomach, regulate the action of the liver and kidneys and gently stimulate the bowels into healthy activity. Get into the habit of making sure. Have recourse to Beecham's Pills at the first sign of digestive trouble. Make sure of your health by taking

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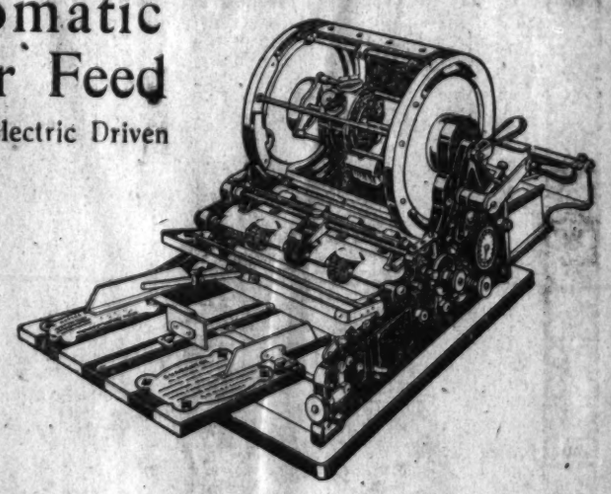

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Rytons Lose Slander Case Against O'Tooles On Lack Of Proof; Must Pay Costs

Decision for the defendants and assessment of costs against the plaintiffs was the award made yesterday in the British Supreme Court, by Judge Skinner Turner, in the slander action of Mr. R. T. Ryton and Mrs. Olive Ryton against Police Inspector and Mrs. J. O'Toole.

Notice of appeal was given by Mr. W. S. Levinson, counsel for the plaintiffs.

Mr. E. W. Godfrey appeared for the defendants.

In his findings the court held that the burden of proof resting on the defendant a case had not been established. He pointed out that the plaintiff had carried a "fancied grievance" against Mrs. O'Toole fo many months and had "molested" her at various times with accusations, all of which the inspector's wife denied.

WOMEN HAD QUARRELED

The quarrel between the women arose over the dismissal of Mrs. Ryton as a school teacher and her charge that Mrs. O'Toole was responsible for it.

The court pointed out that on previous occasions when Mrs. Ryton had verbally assailed Mrs. O'Toole in connection with the affair, the policeman's wife held her tongue. Consequently, he assumed that "I do not think that any jury would accept the plaintiff's story as against the very positive denial of the defendants."

The judgment was as follows:

This is an action for slander and, whatever interpretation is put upon the words alleged, they undoubtedly constitute a bad slander. I have not to consider their meaning: though I confess that to my mind, when taking the whole of the statement, it is certainly open to argument whether the inuendo does not go much too far. But the meaning alleged is not denied: and I have to take it, if I find the words were uttered. The one issue before me is: were the words uttered? If so, the question of damages only remains. In any view of the words, no special damage is necessary to support this action and none in fact has been alleged or proved.

The difficulty arises from the fact that so much is common ground between the parties: the trouble at the Thomas Hanbury School, the incident in the Public Gardens, the first incident at Chefoo and most of the second incident; these are all practically admitted. But the one incriminating statement is the subject of a very serious conflict of evidence. The parties have agreed to try this case without a jury and, I regret to say, it falls to my lot to decide between them.

NO TRUTH IN RUMOR

Before I deal with the case itself, I wish to say that it is eminently satisfactory to know that nothing has been said or done in this Court to hint that there is the slightest vestige of truth in the very cruel words alleged. If these words represent rumors here, and I fear there is some ground for fearing so, I trust this case will put an end to them. I am led to say this by the reference to "rumors" made by Mrs. Carlisle; and by the somewhat remarkable demand for a public apology in two newspapers in reparation for a slander said to have been published on one occasion only and to one individual and that a very near relative of the female plaintiff.

I come now to the case itself; in 1917, the two ladies were fellow teachers in the Thomas Hanbury School for Boys and towards the end of that year the female plaintiff thought herself aggrieved by some action of the female defendant over a drawing, and thereafter the parties were hardly even on speaking terms. In May, 1918, the female defendant joined in a letter addressed to the female plaintiff asking her to apologise for an offensive letter she had written to some other fellow teacher: this Mrs. Ryton refused to do, and the matter was referred to the headmaster, who asked Mrs. Ryton to resign. She refused to do this, and her services were subsequently terminated (she receiving an excellent testimonial dated in July, 1918). Mrs. Ryton made up her mind that Mrs. O'Toole was at the bottom of all this; and sometime in the summer, probably in September, 1918, openly accused her of so doing, in the Public Gardens before others and said she would be even with her for it. Mrs. O'Toole admittedly held her tongue on this occasion. Nine months later, in July, 1919, the parties met at Chefoo and the female plaintiff repeated her charge and threat to Mrs. O'Toole and was again treated with silence; later in the evening of the same day she was met by the two defendants and, even after she was told that Mrs. O'Toodle had had nothing to do with getting her dismissed from the school, persisted in it and stated her intention of continuing to molest her. It is then that the slander is alleged to have been uttered by the female defendant in the presence of Mrs. Carlisle, who had come upon the scene. Both parties saw the Consul the next day: Mrs. Ryton for protection against Inspector O'Toole and Inspector O'Toole to protect his wife from further molestation by Mrs. Ryton.

WORDS ARE DENIED

It is sworn that Mrs. O'Toole uttered and emphasised the words complained of; on the other hand it is strenuously denied that any such words were ever uttered.

In dealing with a conflict of evidence like the one in this case, it is essential to remember the elementary rule that he who asserts must prove. The burden of proof here rests entirely on the plaintiffs, and in considering whether they have fulfilled their task I have to look at the probabilities of the case, the circumstances surrounding it and the credibility of the parties. Now we start with the fact that while every man or woman is entitled to ample protection against defamation, one does not expect people to suddenly start slandering their neighbors; and nothing has been suggested in the way of motive why the defendant should have gone out of her way to indulge in the alleged outburst of scurrilous language. In fact, the parties never had much to do with each other and had had no relations at all for nine months. Hence this action is one which rightly calls for strict proof. Then the circumstances: a false charge had been made publicly and repeated by the female plaintiff against the female defendant even after its falsity had been emphasised to her. Similar charges had been treated by her with silence on two previous occasions. The conduct of the female plaintiff showed no fear of the O'Tooles: and while the presence of her husband might have made Mrs. O'Toole more bold in her language, it hardly carries me to the length urged by Mr. Levinson. So much for the probabilities and the circumstances. The evidence for the plaintiffs is that of Mrs. Ryton and her mother, supported by a letter written by the mother three weeks after the event from notes said to have been made at the time. I cannot place any reliance on the suggestion that the children, elder seven years, remember what took place or put the extreme interpretation on the words alleged in the statement of claim. On the other hand, both defendants strenuously deny the uttering of any of those words. I come to the credibility of the respective parties. The female plaintiff is a woman with a real grievance (loss of her post): she has a fancied grievance against the female defendant: she on a previous occasion has written an offensive letter to one of her colleagues for which she refused to apologise: a letter condemned by her colleagues, the headmaster and the Chairman of the Council: she publicly aired her grievance against the defendant regardless of its truth and was apparently upset at getting no answer at all: she insists upon this grievance even when told she is wrong: she openly threatened the female defendant to get even with her or make her pay. And when this alleged slander is uttered, no complaint about it is made for three weeks and even then neither she nor her mother makes any communication about it to her natural protector, her husband: he is left to find out that something has happened from the children!

GOOD REPUTATIONS

On the other side, the one defendant is a school teacher of 15 years' experience and nothing has been urged against her, save that she kept silence under considerable provocation and that she and the female plaintiff were not on speaking terms a year previously while engaged at the same school. There is no hint of malice or maliciousness in any of her previous conduct. Her husband, the other defendant, is a Police Inspector of nearly 20 years experience; and though he exaggerated matters when he threatened to have Mrs. Ryton locked up, nothing more has been suggested against him. And in fairness to him, there was evidence on which he might have asked a competent Court to call on Mrs. Ryton to give security to keep the peace. Such is the sort of direction I should give a jury in a matter of the kind; and taking it all into consideration and remembering how long this so-called grievance against the female defendant has been rankling in the female plaintiff's mind, and also that rumors prejudical to her are apparently about, I do not think any jury would accept the plaintiff's story as against the very positive denial of the defendants and I therefore give judgment for the defendants with costs.

BRITISH MINISTER NAMED

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 28.—Mr. Richard Seymour today had an audience with the King at Buckingham Palace on the occasion of his appointment as Minister Plenipotentiary at Bangkok.

Swiss Fund Raised For Those Who Fell

(American Press Wireless)

Geneva, November 30.—A public subscription fund is being raised for the families of 7,700 Swiss killed in the French army service. The Swiss papers express pride at this country's showing in the war. French official statistics are quoted to show that 8,000 Swiss joined the French army, and all but three hundred were killed in action or died. The remaining three hundred, including many wounded, returned to Switzerland under Captain Gourvonsier of whom Foch said "there is a real leader of men." One Swiss exploit recounted was the brave stand of a thousand men at Verdun who were surrounded by several times their number but held up the German advance several valuable hours. One thousand Swiss were killed to the last man.

Passengers Departed

Per I.-C. s.s. Loongwo for Wuhu: Miss Innocentt; for Hankow: Mr. and Mrs. Wilkinson, Mr. and Mrs. Ollerton, Mr. and Mrs. Messer, Miss Messer, Mstr. John Williams, Dr. Henry Fowler, Messrs. F. Bergendall, Oswald, R. H. Gregory, J. K. Poteat.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata Maru for Japan: Mrs. H. Moet, H. Moet, Mr. and Mrs. S. Murphine, Mr. and Mrs. Ozawa, Messrs. Kawasaki, Murakami, Kosuga, Okada, Nakahara, Mori, Iwamoto, Iroiwa, Sakai, Minami, Watabe, Masuyama, Takahashi, Toyoshima, Takahashi,

Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru for Nagasaki: Mrs. S. Arisawa, Mr. and Mrs. Hashizuma, Mr. and Mrs. N. Kitajima, Mrs. de Souza and 3 children, Mr. C. R. Ringer, Mrs. M. Urazaki, Messrs. J. Mori, K. Masuda, K. Matsumura, Moo Seo-sung, J. Sato, K. Takeyasu, Y. Terasaki, F. A. Dickhoff, J. Luckenback, M. Murakami, T. Matsushima, K. Okda, S. Suzuki, N. Toda, S. Hibino, K. Komoriya, Y. Mori, T. Marutani, K. Murao.

"DE LUXE ANNIE"

Passengers Arrived

Per N.S. s.s. Hsin Ningshao from Ningpo: Mrs. A. R. Yah.

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo: Mr. J. B. Webster, Mrs. W. A. Reed.

Per S.P. s.s. Tehhsing from River ports: Miss Glinsh, Mrs. Magsonni.

Per I-C. s.s. Koonshing from Tientsin: Masters Parton (2), Cunnings, Rafan, Williams, Cobcoft, Tebert, Montgomery (2), Poych (2), Helbury and Jones, Misses Allen, Marshall and Helbling.

Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru from Hongkong: Capt. and Mrs. L. B. Cane, Mr. and Mrs. Kwang M. Jeme, Miss J. C. Lawney, Messrs. A. E. Claxton, H. Dilekyan, H. Fowler, Albert Jost, S. Saegusa, Dr. L. Woods; through passengers for Nagasaki: Mr. H. Asano, Mrs. D. F. Fabella; for Kobe: Count M. Soyejima; for Yokohama: Mr. Ho Yu-tong, Mrs. Y. Seki; for Honolulu: Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Cookson and infant, Mrs. L. M. Smith, Messrs. Chong Hop-sing, E. C. Waterhouse; for San Francisco: Miss L. F. Aldrich, Mrs. M. P. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. A. Bailey, Miss A. H. Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. G. Eben and 2 children, Dr. and Mrs. Jose Fabetta, Misses R. Fabetta, M. Gustilo, F. A. Mosher, M. A. MacFadden, Mr. and Mrs. T. Y. Jen, Master Lew Gun, Mrs. Lee Shee and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. McGonigal, Mrs. E. E. Scharer and 2 children, Master D. O. Scharer, Mr. and Mrs. H. Valdez, 3 children and infant, Mr. and Mrs. H. Valdez, 3 children and infant, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. J. Wayers and infant, Mrs. Young Chin, Messrs. A. I. Brownlee, T. M. Cramer, Chu Chu Neu-chun, Chu Tsing-po, M. H. Day, J. H. Evans, Fong Sam, L. J. Kluvier, R. E. Lindsell, Lau Shi-kun, Wong Choy.

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We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy and retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse. It causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.

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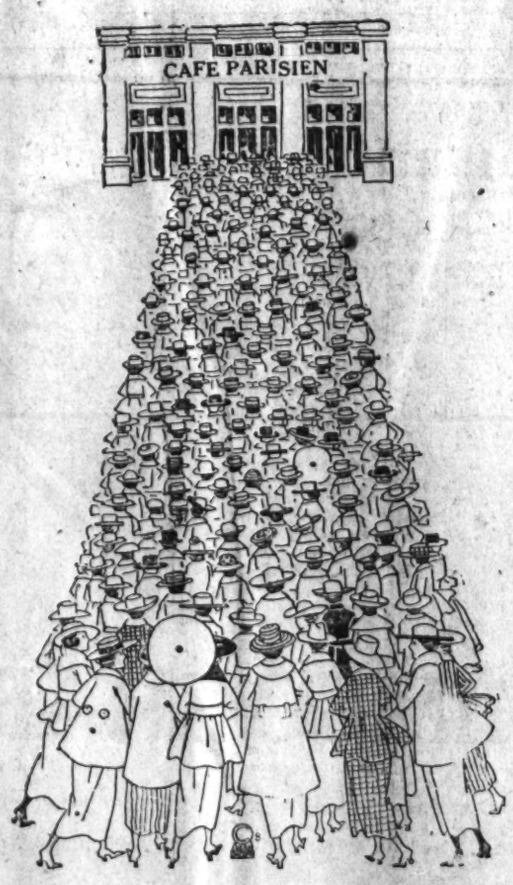

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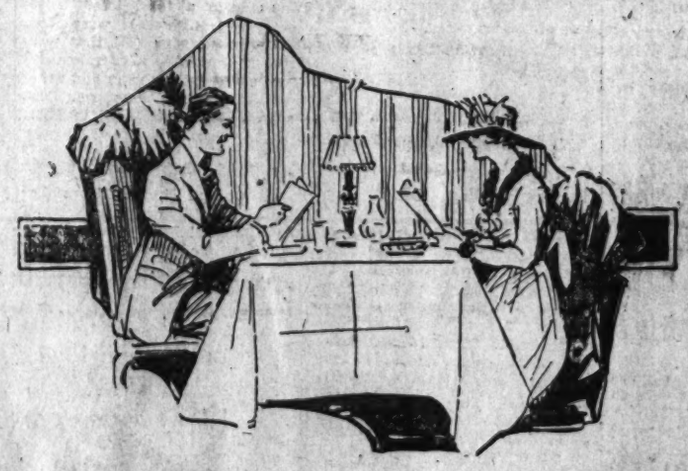

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(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

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NOTICE

S.S. "Wytheville" From New York

An examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the China Merchant's Eastern Wharf on Saturday, 6th instant, at 10 a.m. when the Marine Surveyors Messrs. Paulsen and Bayes-Davy will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,
Agent.
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NOTICE

S.S. "Elkton" From Seattle

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26761

LOST

A Bank Order of Zung Yu Bank, (鎔裕莊) No. 18368, for Taels 928.40, due on 10th moon of 20th day, has been lost.

The public are hereby cautioned against negotiating the same, as it has been nullified at the Bank concerned.

TSIN TAH.
晉大號
Shanghai, December 6, 1919.
26793

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that B/L No. 76 calling for 2 pkgs. Electrical Starters, marked

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5576
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and numbered 28955/6 ex s.s. "Chicago Maru," has been lost and the public is hereby warned against attempting to negotiate same, the B/L having now been rendered null and void.

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S.S. "ARNA" FROM NEW YORK

Consignees are hereby notified that this steamer has been unavoidably detained at Kobe, and is expected to sail for Shanghai on or about December 12th.

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[redacted]

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The Public is hereby warned not to accept papers bearing such Chop and signature, unless chopped and signed in the presence of the manager of this company. Anybody holding one or more of the aforesaid sheets of paper is requested present same at the Office of this Dispensary within 14 days from date, after which period they will be declared null and void.

The Manager
of TALOW DISPENSARY.
November 25th, 1919. 26620

The Oriental Hospital

Surgical and Venereal Diseases: Injections of all kind of vaccines, serums and 1914 (606); Tests of blood, treatment by X Ray and Diathermy.

Dr. K. WATANABE, A.M., M.D.
(Japanese)
He studied medicine in Japan, America and Europe, so can speak English well.
21 HAINING ROAD
(fifth house from North Szechuen Road.)
SHANGHAI
Tel. North 2279.
21666

Reconstruction of the War Devastated Regions in France

4.000.000.000 FRANCS PUBLIC LOAN

issued by the "Credit National" with the guarantee of the French Government.

PLAN OF THE LOAN:
A million debentures of Fcs. 500.00 each.
Nett interest—5% per annum.
Free of any tax for the present and the future.
Reimbursable at Fcs. 600.00.
In a period of 75 years.
As from 1920.
Annual prizes amounting to Fcs. 10.000.000.00.
By quarterly drawings including 4 prizes of Fcs. 1.000.000.00.
Price of issue of debentures Fcs. 495.00 each.
Subscriptions received at best rate of exchange until December 12th, 1919, at THE BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE, No. 29, The Bund.
26723

WHARF TARIFFS

The new Tariffs which come into force on January 1st, 1920 have been drawn up and are in course of distribution.

Any firms who have not received copies are requested to communicate with the Wharf Office concerned, when they will be at once supplied.

The new rates will apply to all goods not on Landing Accounts on December 31st, 1919.

Rioka Soko Kaisha, Ltd.
China Merchants' Wharves.
Holt's Wharf.
Kaiyosha's Pootung Wharf.
Nippon Yusen Kaisha's Wharves.
Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Wharves.
Robert Dollar Co.'s Wharf.
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Wharves.
26715

Mme. DONTSUFF
18 RANGE ROAD
Orders taken. Prompt and punctual execution. Also hats for ladies on sale.
Lessons given in making of hats, course three months. 6-7.30 evenings.
26666

Prof. I. K. Seto
TURKISH BATH
and Massage Establishment
Specialities:—Rheumatism; Nervousness; Fat people reduced; etc.
No. 85 Szechuen Road, (Corner Nanking Road), Tel. C. 2768

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN
METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES
PHONE OR WRITE TO
W. Z. ZEE & SONS
BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1488

WHILE EXCHANGE HOLDS

We offer our Portable Typewriters at the following prices:

"BABY FOX" at $70.00
"NATIONAL" at $60.00

Both machines complete in handsome travelling cases and sold under the terms of our one-year guarantee

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
Phone: Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai — Cable Add.: Mashbusch

Your Next Storage Battery should be a—

Prest-O-Lite
Service Station And Distributor for China
There is a correct size for your car
The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

HANKOW — SHANTUNG
GROUNDNUTS
WALNUTS
Egg products, Straw-braid, Crude Camphor, Oils, Beans, Seeds
IMPORTS
Chemicals, Dyes, Greases, Refined Oils, Lubricants, Rubber and Sport Goods.
China Albion Trading Company
51 Szechuen Road
Phone C. 3234
LONDON — NEW YORK

ORIENTAL FUR CO.
MO-CHEE
No. 227 SZECHUEN ROAD
Furs! Furs! Furs!
ERMINE, SABLE, FOX, BLACK FOX, SQUIRREL, RED FOX, REAL SKUNK,
and large assortment of other Furs at Reasonable Prices.
26767

Szechwan Crepe de Chine
Direct from the Source of Supply, to any Address in the World.

Travelling through Szechwan Province more than 600 years ago Marco Polo, the celebrated Venetian Explorer, observed this beautiful Crepe de Chine. He took it to Kublai Kahn, the greatest Emperor the world has ever known and Kublai Kahn presented it to the most favoured women of his court, adding charm and beauty to the already most beautiful women in the world. Send us your cheque or Chinese Post Office money order for $20. In return we will mail you one roll of Szechwan Crepe de Chine, postage free. Width 26 inches, length 30 feet. Original Shade.

WIDLER & COMPANY
Chungking, West China.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st December, 1919, Mr. Yow Bung Ching (姚鏞卿) will cease to be Compradore to our firm, and on and after that date all communications relating to our business should be addressed direct to our firm. Therefore all Compradore orders, receipts or other documents —purporting to be issued by this firm must be brought to us for examination and verification before the 6th December, 1919, after which date those not verified will be considered null and void.

CURRIMBHOY & CO., LTD.
Shanghai, 30th November, 1919.
26719

The Kailan Mining Administration

HOUSEHOLD COAL

On and after 17th November, the price will be $13 per ton delivered (Cash with Order). Application to 1 Jinkee Road Tel. Central 1115.
26698

OFFICES WANTED

OFFICE room wanted, medium size; willing to take part of suite. Apply to Box 15, THE CHINA PRESS.
26778 D.10

WANTED, two or three-roomed office, Central district. Apply to Box 500, THE CHINA PRESS.
26753 D.9

SITUATIONS VACANT

CHINESE Interpreter required immediately. Only men with thorough knowledge of English and Chinese (various dialects) need apply to Box 21, THE CHINA PRESS.
26792 D.2

WANTED, Chinese typist (male), immediately. Must write correct English, have good handwriting and be quick and reliable workers. Those with good education preferred. Apply to Box 17, THE CHINA PRESS.
26787 D.7

CHINESE assistant manager or partner wanted for an import firm. Apply, stating experience, etc., to Box 23, THE CHINA PRESS.
26795 D.10

HIGH SALARIES paid to expert Advertisement Writers. China is waking up to possibilities of modern advertising. More advertising experts needed. Learn this profession in your spare time. Write for catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

POSITIONS OPEN at all times for expert bookkeepers. We teach Bookkeeping, Cost Accounting, Higher Accounting, Certified Public Accounting, Railroad Accounting, etc. Instruction easy to understand and apply. Hundreds of I.C.S. graduates in China holding responsible positions. Ask for catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

CHINESE Translator wanted for regular employment. Must be able to translate from Chinese into English. Apply, stating experience, etc., to Box 486, THE CHINA PRESS.
26717 D.7

BLANKETS

For Sale

NEW consignment of grey wool, double blankets, size 66" x 82", weight 5 lbs. For particulars, apply Trans-Pacific Corporation, 103 Szechuen Road.
26651

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE HIGH EXCHANGE

Carry a Gold Dolla. Account

WITH

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY

No. 8 Kiukiang Road.

HONMA HOSPITAL
No. 8A Miller Road.
Tel. N. 2961
DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Uretroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens.
VACANT—One large front room furnished with bathroom and verandah attached, suitable for a couple. Terms apply to
Mrs. G. POLLOCK.

TO LET with board from 15th December, a large double newly furnished room facing south. Verandah and private bathroom attached. Suitable for married couple or two bachelors. All modern comforts, excellent cuisine. Apply Box No. 498, THE CHINA PRESSS.

ORIENTAL HOUSE
31 Boone Road
TO LET, two large rooms, one back, one front, also one large attic, facing garden, hot water, with bath attached. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Telephone North 1102.
26757

TO LET, one large furnished room with verandah and bathroom attached, hot and cold water, and all conveniences. Also one small room. Apply 23 North Szechuen Road; telephone North 2554.
26765 D.7

TO LET, in western district, two large communicating rooms with bathroom, also two attic rooms with bathroom. Furniture and board optional. Rooms can be let singly, if required. Apply to Box 10, THE CHINA PRESS
26772 D.12

TO LET, from middle December, two large rooms with small kitchen, or board, as required. Apply resident, 416 Avenue Joffre.
26771 D.6

TO LET, nicely furnished front rooms with board, in private family. Apply to 36, Quinsan Road.
26752 D.7

SINGLE rooms to let, with board, to quiet people; there is also accommodation for table boarders. Please apply to Swiss Butchery, Broadway.
26762 D.6

TO LET, three-roomed apartment; steam heat and all modern improvements for living quarters. Apply to 51 Szechuen Road.
26702

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED from January 1st, one or two rooms with bathroom attached, furnished or unfurnished, Hongkew district, moderate terms. Apply to Box 24, THE CHINA PRESS.
26796 D.9

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES TO LET: Several suites of offices of one, two and three rooms, near Bund. One suite has three very large rooms on ground floor. Apply J. T. Hammond, No. 51 Szechuen Road.
26701

PROFESSIONAL

FRENCH taught to children or adults by experienced and well-recommended young French lady. Best references. Apply to Box 18, THE CHINA PRESS.
26785 D.7

EXPERIENCED teacher gives lessons in Mandarin and Shanghai dialects. Moderate charges. Apply to Box 19, THE CHINA PRESS.
26790 D.11

FOR SALE, Scripps-Booths car; engine sound, perfect, good. For particulars, apply to Box 22, THE CHINA PRESS.
26795 D.10

A YOUNG Russian, speaking English, desires practice in conversation in exchange for Russian lessons. Apply to Box 7, THE CHINA PRESS.
26768 D.6

DRIVING and repairing lessons given by an expert motor car mechanic. Apply to Box 447, THE CHINA PRESS.
26617 D.19

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

SITUATIONS WANTED

STENOGRAPHER, American woman, capable, experienced, wishes position. Apply to Box 8, THE CHINA PRESS.
26769 D.6

HALF-DAY position wanted by lady, with six years' experience in office work. Quick shorthand writer. Apply to Box 12, THE CHINA PRESS.
26775 D.7

IMPORT-EXPORT man, 29, married, steady habits and long experience in China, is open for engagement from 1st of January, 1920. Advertiser has good knowledge of Chinese products, such as hides, oils, egg products, etc., etc., and is also on friendly terms with first-rate Chinese dealers. Can correspond in several foreign languages and will, if necessary, establish connections with responsible firms in Europe and United States. Willing to travel. Only 1st-class houses need apply to Box 13, THE CHINA PRESS.
26776 D.9

BRITISHER seeks engagement with import and export firm. Nine years' China experience. Capable accountant and correspondent. Knowledge of railway and steamship work. Speaks Chinese. No objection to outport branch. Apply to Box 9, THE CHINA PRESS.
26770 D.12

COMPRADORESHIP wanted by an experienced Chinese, with knowledge of import and export business, desires to join a firm. Well acquainted with all dealers. Can give security if required. Apply to Box 437, THE CHINA PRESS.
26729 D.7

POSITION WANTED by American mechanical engineer, at present employed in the Philippines. Will be open for engagement on or after January 1st, 1919. Competent to superintend steel construction, steam plant, and general machinery installation. Apply to Box 36, THE CHINA PRESS.
26355 D.

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, small well furnished house garage. French concession for three months. Apply to Box 24, THE CHINA PRESS.
26798 D.9

TO LET, 20 Robinson Road, excellent ten-roomed residence with garage, facing Park. Rent only Taels 90. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.
26698

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, an excellent piano by Rachals. Fine tone, specially made for this climate. Regularly tuned. Price Tls. 225. May be tried at any time. Apply to Box 20, THE CHINA PRESS.
26791 D.9

FOR SALE, large well-made English cabin trunk, also A.B.C. code, 5th edition. Apply to Box 14, THE CHINA PRESS.
26777 D.6

FOR SALE, at Kuling. A half-lot, with large house containing four bedrooms, three bathrooms, two sitting rooms, usual offices; garden, and courtyards. Fully and substantially furnished. One of the best locations in Kuling. Full particulars on application to Box 5, THE CHINA PRESS.
26764 D.7

FOR SALE: First-class boarding-house in Hongkew for sale, cheap. Owner retiring. 12 rooms, 9 bathrooms, with hot water. Apply to Box 6, THE CHINA PRESS.
26765 D.7

LIMITED quantity of Coke's dandruff cure and hair tonic; 60 cents bottle. Mail your order. Eastern Syndicate, 128A Szechuen Road.
26740 D

WANTED, Persian or Angora kittens or cat. Advise price and where they may be seen. Apply to Box 16, THE CHINA PRESS.
26784 D.7

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
38 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Klang	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seremban
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Canton	Madras	Shanghai
Cebu	Manila	Sourabaya
Colombo	Medan	Taiping
Delhi	New York	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	Peking	Tavoy
Hankow	Penang	(Lower Burma)
Hongkong	Yokohama	Tientsin
Iloilo		

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Acting-Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabez."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. G. KONG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ... $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Ross Thomson, Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Szabs.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	Kup. Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad. Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
Chefoo	Hongkong	Shanghai
Dairen (Dalny)	Manchouli	Tientsin
	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager for Asia.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital..$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,933.68

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dairy	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 Hankow Road.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

Sung Han-chang,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £431,800

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin,
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

SavingsBank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914. and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Y. M. CHIEN Acting Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,347.41
Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Min, Sub-Manager.
C. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Owned by
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

Capital & Surplus U.S. $9,500,000
Undivided Profits U.S. $1,054,000

Head Office:
National City Bank Building,
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China	Philippines
Shanghai	Manila
Peking	Cebu
Tientsin	
Tsingtau	Straits Settlements
Hankow	Singapore
Hongkong	
Canton	Dominican Republic
Manchuria	Santo Domingo
Harbin	
India	San Pedro de Macoris
Bombay	
Calcutta	Sanchez
Rangoon	
Japan	Santiago
Yokohama	
Kobe	Puerto Plata
Java	
Batavia	Panama
Soerabaya	Panama
	Colon

Branches of
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	Cuba
Buenos Aires	Artemiso
Once	Bayamo
(Buenos Aires)	Calbarien
Rosario	Camaguey
	Cardenas
Brazil	Ciego de Avila
Bahia	Cienfuegos
Pernambuco	Cruces
Porto Alegre	Guantanamo
Rio de Janeiro	Havana
Santos	Manzanillo
Sao Paulo	Matanzas
	Pinar del Rio
Chile	Placetas
Santiago	Remedios
Valparaiso	Sagua la Grande
	Santa Clara
Uruguay	Santiago
Montevideo	Sancti Spiritus
	Union de Reyes
Venezuela	Yaguajay
Caracas	
Maracaibo	Colombia
	Medellin
Siberia	
Vladivostok	Russia
	Moscow
Italy	Petrograd
Genoa	
	Spain
Porto Rico	Madrid
San Juan	
	Trinidad
	Port of Spain

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: Yokohama Japan.

	Yen
Capital Subscribed	100,000,000
" Paid up	61,000,000
Reserve Fund	Y.28,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shanghai
	Manila	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Mukden	Singapore
Chanchun	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Dairy	Newchwang	Sydney
Hankow	New York	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokio
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtao
Kalyuen	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock
Kobe		Yokohama

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society.)
Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,5[illegible] (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,00[illegible] 000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDA[illegible]

Branches:

Handjermasin	Penang
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Betong
Padang	Tjilatjap
Palombang	Weltevreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908.
Capital $1,000,000
Reserve Fund $50,000
Head Office, Branches & Agencies.
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Lanchi.

Agencies at the principal Cities throughout China.

Foreign Agencies:—London, New York, Tokio, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, Hakodate, Seoul and Fusan.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Tel. No. C. 3145, Manager's Office.
Tel. No. C. 2147, General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, Gold Dollars and Yen according to arrangements.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
4% Compound Interest allowed on Savings Current Deposits,
Interest allowed on Savings Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.

Cheque-books or Savings Pass-books at Depositor's disposal.

Li Ming, *Manager.*
Chen Sin Tseng, *Sub-manager.*
Zai Moh Zung, *Sub-manager.*

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund...	H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ...	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya Canada, etc.		

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. HEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

Banking Service with AMERICA —direct and personal

XPORTERS or importers now engaged in, or ith America would do well pecial nature of our facili- l interest we take in every nsactions.

rect banking service—with- , or unnecessary delays.

ur *personal* service. Every hrough, both here and in resentatives with a personal ich is evident in the service

you about America?

n the Far East:

nghai

and Kiangse Roads ranches in

Hankow — Hongkong — king—Tientsin

Asia Banking Corporation

New York

CAPITAL U.S. $4,000,000 SURPLUS U.S. $1,100,000

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Guardian Savings & Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

PARK[illegible]

FOREIGN BANK[illegible]

HEAD OFFICE: 5[illegible]

Fully Paid Capital

OWNED AN[illegible]

The National Park Bank, N[illegible]

DIR[illegible]

Richard Delafield
Stuyvesant Fish
Gilbert G. Thorne
Cornelius Vanderbilt
R. H. Williams
E. C. Hoyt
A. P. Villa
Sir Wm. Price

Charles A. Ho[illegible]

BRA[illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO
PARIS TO[illegible]

SHANGH[illegible]

No. 1 KIUKIANG ROAD
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 1174

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK LTD.

9 Ningpo Road

Capital (registered).....	$1,000,000.00
Capital (paid-up)	655,900.00
Deposits (June 30, 1919).....	5,242,000.00

Branches and Agents in all principal cities of China.

Correspondents in London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Chicago, Tokyo, Kobe and Osaka.

Your business is solicited.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

Provisions Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on December 1, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	"	16-26
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	16-18
Cod	"	16-18
Mandarin	"	20-30
Mackerel	"	20-30
Pomfret	"	20-25
Salmon	"	16-18
Samli	"	none
Soles	"	18-20
Whitebait	"	20-24
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.00-$2.50
Duck	"	40-60
Hare	each	30-35
Eggs	por doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	60-90
Partridge	"	40-45
Pheasant	"	50-55
Pigeons	"	16-18
Quail	"	12-14
Snipe	"	12-14
Teal	"	12-14
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Woodcock	each	40-50
Wild Duck	"	30-35
Wild Geese	"	40-50
Wild Pigeons	"	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	"	16-20
Bananas	"	4-5
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	25-30
Lemons	each	4-5
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per lbs.	6-10
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	"	10-12
Persimmons	"	none
Peeboes	"	none
Plums	"	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	"	none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	"	14-15
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	2-3
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Bread Beans	per lb.	8-19
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	50-60
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	8-10
French Beans	"	6-8
Green Corn	each	1-2
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	"	6-8
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	10-12
Potatoes	per picul	$2.50-$3.00
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	"	3-5
Turnips	per bunch	1-2
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lbs.	—
Flour, Australian	"	$3.60
Flour, Shanghai	"	$2.40
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.40
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per Bottle	20
Chinese dairies	"	17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 18.80
Stove Coal	"	Tls. 22.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

Head Office
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.
Branches in Marseille, Vladivostock, Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

中華銀行 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital .. $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000
Reserve Fund .....$ 20,000

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shansi
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hauchow	Canton	S. Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Osaka
	Yokohama	

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

Financial And Commercial News

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, December 5, 1919.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 7/4=Tls. 2.7273
@ exch. 7.37=Mex. $3.70054

Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 147¼=Tls. 67.91
@ exch. 73.7=Mex. $92.14

Mex. Dollars: Market Rate: 73.55

Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch: ..... Tls. 153

Copper Cash .. per tael 185.000

Native Interest ..... Tls. 20

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	75d.
Bank Rate of Discount	6%
Ex., Paris on London ..	Fr. 39.88
Ex., New York on London T.T.	G.$3.95

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T. 7/4
London	Demand 7/4¼
India	T.T. 326
Paris	T.T. 1468
Paris	Demand 1465
New York	T.T. 147
New York	Demand 147¼
Hongkong	T.T. 63½
Japan	T.T. 34
Batavia	T.T. 376
Singapore	T.T. 32¼

Bank's Buying Rates

Nominal

London	Demand 7/5
London ...	4 m/s. Cdts. 7/8¼
London ...	4 m/s. Docy. 7/8½
London ...	6 m/s. Cdts. 7/9¼
London ...	6 m/s. Docy. 7/9½
Paris	4 m/s. 1850
New York ...	o/d. Docy. 149
New York ..	4 m/s. Docy. 156¾

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 21,000 ..... =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. 0.65

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR DECEMBER

Hk. Tls.	2.44	@	7/4¼ £1
„	1	@	1433 Fr. 15.96
„	0.60	@	149¼ Gold $1
„	1	@	33¾ Yen 3.30
„	1	@	15 Rupees 6.15
„	1	@	1.50 Mex. $1.50
„	1	@	— Roubles —

Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, December 5, 1919.

Official

Anglo Javas Tls. 7.40

Telephones Tls. 69.00
Yangtszepoo (ord.) Tls. 41.00
Tls. 41.50 March
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 395.00 March

Unofficial

Ewo Cotton (ord.) Tls. 700.00
Oriental Cotton Tls. 390.00 March
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 400.00
Tls. 395.00 March
S. & H. Wharves Tls. 160.00 December
New Engineering Tls. 28.00 December
Shanghai Docks Tls. 120.00 Cash
Tls. 121.00 December
Yangtszepoo (ord.) Tls. 42.00 March
Tls. 34.00 December
Tls. 41.75 March

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, December 5, 1919.

Japanese Bond: 5%
Tls. 29.00 February
Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 71.80 December
Tls. 80.00 January
Tls. 92.00 February
Japan-China S. & W. Co.
Tls. 51.00 December
Yangtszepoo Cotton Mill:
Tls. 35.00 December

Local Yarn

Water Moon 16-20's
Tls. 214.00 December
Tls. 221.00 January
Tls. 226.10 February
Tls. 228.00 March
Tls. 234.50 May
Local Yarn for Standard
Tls. 210.00 December
Tls. 217.00 March
Tls. 220.00 April
Tung Chow Cotton
Tls. 31.30 December
Tls. 32.00 January
Tls. 32.70 February
Tls. 33.50 March
Tls. 34.40 May

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ..	$500
Chartered	$530 S.
Russo-Asiatic	£80 CN1
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 410 S.
North China	$202¾
Union of Canton .	Hk. 195
Yangtsze	$220 S.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 20 S.
Fire Insurances.	
China Fire	$138
Hongkong Fire ..	$340 S.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def. ..	$220 B.
Indo-China Pref. .	$20
"Shell"	210/— B.
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 41
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 37
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 14
Oriental Cons. ...	25/—
Raub	$2.10 S.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock ..	$170 S.
Shanghai Dock ...	Tls. 124
New Eng. Works .	Tls. 28
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf ..	Tls. 172½
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 100 S.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 67½
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land ...	Tls. 63 B.
Weihaiwei Land .	Tls. 3
S'hai Hotels Ltd. .	Tls. 18
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 700
E-wo Pref	Tls. 85
Laou-kung-mow ..	Tls. 360
Oriental	Tls. 310
Shanghai Cotton .	Tls. 305
Kungyik	Tls. 55
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 35
Yangtszepoo Pref. .	Tls. 88
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$188
Green Island	37
Langkats	Tls. 15½
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra ...	Tls. 125
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 12 B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford ...	$88
Moutrie	$32
Watson	35¾ B.
Weeks	Tls 11¾
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7½
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 2½
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 21½ B.
Batu Anam 1918 .	Tls. 0.55
Bukit Toh Alang .	Tls. 1½ B.
Bute	Tls. 0.40
Chemor United ..	Tls. 0.50
Chempedak	Tls. 6
Cheng	Tls. 1½
Consolidated	Tls. 2¾
Dominion	Tls. 6
Gula Kalumpong .	Tls. 5½
Java Consolidated.	Tls. 11½
Kamunting	Tls. 8
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 10
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 3½ S.
Kroewoek Java ...	Tls. 9½
Padang	Tls. 8½
Pengkalan Durian .	Tls. 4
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.82½
Samagaga	Tls. 0.65
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.75
Senawang	Tls. 8
Shanghai Klebang .	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay ..	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref. .	Tls. 8
Shanghai Pahang .	Tls. 1½
Sungala	Tls. 1
Sungei Duri	Tls. 6
Sua Manggis	Tls. 2¾
S'hai Kalantan ...	Tls. 0.50
S'hai Seremban ...	Tls. 0.60
Taiping	Tls. 1
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.60
Tebong	Tls. 13½
Tlobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 3½ B
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber .	Tls. 350 S.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 13
S'hai Elec. & Asb	$2
Shanghai Trams ..	Tls. 62 B
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 12 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 40
Shanghai Mercury .	Tls 25
S'hai Telephone ..	Tls. 69
S'hai Waterworks .	Tls. 150 S.

S. Sellers. Ss, Sales. B. Buyers.

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd.

Telephone No. Central 398

RUBBER AUCTION

The Netherlands Gutta-Percha Company, (Shanghai Agency) sends us the following details of the Singapore rubber auction of November 20:

In this morning's rubber auction the tendency was quiet. Prices paid for various grades during the morning were as follows:

Fine pale crepe	95–98
Palish to pale	89½–93
Fine ribbed smoked sheets	95–98
Fair to good smoked sheets	83–94½
Good to fine brown crepe	81–84
„ „ „	75–79
Scrap crepe	71–74
Bark crepe	64–69½

Cotton Market

Messrs. A. B. Rosenfeld and son write as follows in their weekly cotton market report:

China Cotton: The market has had a distinctly weak appearance throughout the past week, without much excitement. Prices were carried down one-half tael from the level of a week ago. Notwithstanding the profit-taking which was constantly indulged in by those who had been engaged on the short side of the market, showed very little resisting power and no rally of any consequence has been experienced so far.

The dominant feature of the decline has been the steady recovery of "Silver" and perhaps the most significant feature of the situation was the sudden weakening of "spot" cotton in consequence of the tightness of the money market at the principal Marts, and as "spot" holders were hoping to realise in the face of a general withdrawal of spinners from the market hence the decline, in spite of the fact that the movement of cotton was hardly full enough to cause any serious pressure.

From the above, it will be seen that as far as the general outlook is concerned, we still consider a lower level of prices warranted.

Liverpool, November 28, 1919.

LIVERPOOL MARKET:

	Pence
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakellaridis	45.00
M. G. Fine Scinde and Bengal	17.00
Good Middling American, Spot	24.58
Good Middling American, Jan	23.23
Good Middling American, March	22.02

MARKET STRONG

New York, December 4, 1919.

New York Market: Jan. 36.94 cents, March 34.60 cents, May 32.78 cents.

Market: Easier.

Bombay, December 1, 1919.

Indian Market: Broach 553 Rps. per chandy.

Market: Firm.

SHANGHAI MARKET:

	Tls.
Shensi, Spot	32.00
Tungchow, Spot	31.50
Shanghai, Spot	29.00
Shanghai, M. Ginned, Spot	29.00
Ningpo, Spot	26.50

Tone of the Market: Weak.

Messrs. J. Spunt and Co. write as follows in their report dated December 6:

China Cotton.—Following upon our last report the market continued in a practically lethargic state which, coupled with the persistent monetarial tightness, brought about spot offerings at a lower level than that of last week by about 5 mace per picul which, however, elicited but very little or no interest at all.

The Yarn market having assumed more of a weakish aspect and the Mills as stated in our last issue being fairly well supplied for immediate needs, Spinners have evinced more of an eagerness to contract for forward deliveries but at rates which in no way appeal to holders who continue firm in the attitude they have thus far adopted with a tendency to maintain same, as it were, at all costs.

Taking into consideration, therefore, the steadiness in prices all along in Mid-Americans and Sampin coupled with the present situation in the Cotton markets of the world there is every reason to expect that prices here have reached their lowest level and that a reaction upwards may sooner or later make itself felt although there are those who anticipate the contrary. Tone of the market, weak.

Rubber Prices

Messrs. R. N. Truman and Co. have received the following telegraphic report from their Singapore Agents in connection with the last weekly report auctions held on December 3, 1919.

Average price realised.

No. 1 Smoked Sheet—$1.00, per pound equivalent to 2s. 4½d. ex warehouse Singapore.

No. 1 Crepe—$0.99, per pound equivalent to 2s. 4¼d. ex warehouse Singapore.

Demand is good offered 1,077 tons; sold 776 tons.

ONE MANDATE IS WANTED FOR ALL OF TURKEY

Americans In Paris Believe Relief Of Armenia Alone Is Impossible

GENERAL HARBORD SAILS

Paris Eagerly Awaits Report On His Investigation Of Near East

(Note: It will be recalled that the Harbord Mission mentioned in the following article, declared that America would have to put 250,000 men into Turkey if she accepted the Mandate.)

By Charles H. Grasty

Paris, Oct. 30.—There is as keen an interest here as in the Senate in the report which Major Gen. James G. Harbord is making on conditions in Turkey and Armenia. He and his colleagues of the American Mission who traveled 2,000 miles in Asia Minor and Transcaucasia will sail for America Saturday. General Harbord will take his report with him and deliver it in person to the President or the State Department.

He is regarded as one of the clearest-headed men in the American Army, his work in France having been second only to General Pershing's in importance; and when America sent him and his able assistants to Asia Minor the allied chancelleries took a real interest in the proceedings. General Harbord's findings will go far to determine whether the United States will accept a mandate in Turkey or Armenia and on what terms, if it does accept one. At present from the Black and Caspian Seas southward to the Indian Ocean, and from the Mediterranean to Persia, Asia is seething with intrigue among the allied powers, each of which is ambitious for territory and spheres of influence.

Americans here believe that if the United States takes a mandate at all, it should be under conditions that will permit the successful working out of the problems of the Near East. It has been commonly thought that America could take Armenia separately; but, as the situation has come to be better understood, it is apparent that interests are so intertwined and overlapping that it would be impossible for any mandatary to bring order out of chaos unless its mandate included all the Turkish-speaking territory, namely, the Constantinople area, Turkey in Asia, Armenia and the Transcaucasian Republics of Georgia, Azerbaijan and Russian Armenia. The Arab-speaking parts of the old Turkish Empire are left out.

A DIFFICULT PROBLEM

The people of the United States have hitherto been interested through their philanthropic efforts principally in the future of Armenia. Armenia itself, however, has no political identity, and it is only when close study is made of the situation in the Near East that it is realised that the problem of Armenia must be solved outside of that country.

What Armenians consider as Armenia is a territory about the size of New York, Ohio and Pennsylvania. Part of this territory belongs to Turkey, and perhaps one-third of it was territory formerly belonging to Russia, but now included in the small Republic of Armenia in the region known as Transcaucasia. The only Armenia having actual political identity at the present moment is the two small provinces which comprise the republic of that name, about the size of Ohio, which is entirely land-locked and isolated, a little State unrecognised by the powers, except Turkey, with no outlet to salt water and with no railroad giving access to the sea over which it has any control.

The Armenians, as well as all the peoples in Asiatic Turkey, including Syria and Mesopotamia, have been accustomed for 500 years to look to Constantinople as the seat of authority and the center of such business life as existed in the empire. Constantinople was one of the most important ports in Continental Europe in its shipping clearance before the war.

Constantinople, next to New York and Tiflis, is the most important Armenian city in the world. It had before the war 150,000 Armenians, nearly all of them engaged in business, their trade connections ramifying to all parts of the empire. These are the kind of people upon whom would largely depend the future of an autonomous Armenia.

From this it is apparent that a mandate for Armenia, in order to be successful, will have to include Constantinople. At the same time projects for the economic development of Armenia would necessarily in matters of transportation overlap the adjacent territory of the other Transcaucasian republics and of Natalia. Constantinople is separated from Armenia by Anatolia, a Turkish empire in itself.

It is not only true of the matter of transportation, but it is true also in the maintenance of order. There are in this country Kurds, Tartars, Turks, Arabs, Armenians, Greeks, and other peoples, a perfect polyglot of population which is mingled hopelessly through this region.

In what was Armenia there is an appalling lack of population today. Various estimates were made as to the number of people deported and who were either slaughtered or died from other causes, the number being generally estimated as in the neighborhood of 700,000 to 800,000. Of the surviving population there are still perhaps 300,000 refugees in Russian Armenia today.

The Turks express a willingness to have properly accredited Armenians formerly resident in Turkey come back, but they don't want Russian Armenians, who are tainted with Bolshevism.

FEDERATION BROKE UP

Transcaucasia includes the Republics of Georgia, Azarbaijan, and Armenia. These republics were formed after the collapse of Russia.

The Transcaucasian federation was a single Government, but when Denikin began to loom on the horizon they were frightened by the thought of a reconstituted Russia reclaiming its territories, as they formerly belonged to the Russian Empire. They considered whether or not they would stand against Denikin. Two of the Governments wished to, and the third, Armenia, declined to act against Denikin, which broke up the Transcaucasian Federation, and it dissolved into the three little republics.

They are all more or less under the influence of Bolshevism. Georgia has nationalised its land without compensation to the original owners. The principal means of communication was the Transcaucasian Railway, which ran from Batum on the Black Sea. The only means by which supplies from Europe could reach this country is by way of Tiflis, which is in about the center of Transcaucasia, and east to west and from it to Baku, on the Caspian Sea, is the site of the great oil fields and industry so vitally necessary to the economic life of Russia.

From Tiflis another short line runs south into Armenia.

When the Russian collapse came each of these three little countries grabbed what rolling stock there was in its territory and considered itself possessed of the Russian property. The shops of the road are at Tiflis, the oil which the engines burned is in Baku, which gave them control of the fuel and Georgia control of the shops and also the Black Sea port of Batum, giving her a dominant position to control whatever shipments were going on to Armenia.

DIFFICULT TO REACH

This it has become difficult for the American Relief Committee to get flour through to starving Armenia. The Georgian Government usually demands some sort of present or a certain percentage of the flour shipped before granting permission or its shipment.

To sum up, without a mandatory conditions in Turkey and Armenia are hopeless. In view of the rivalries and jealousies among the European powers and the sentiment of the native population, the United States is the only possible mandatary. If she accepted a mandatory Constantinople, Turkey, Armenia, and the Transcaucasian republics must all be included. To attempt a mandatory of Armenia alone would be to accept a gold brick.

A mandatory over the whole territory, with Constantinople as the headquarters, would be something worth while for the United States, and American efficiency and resources would be equal to the job. This is believed to be the only way to redeem the most hopeless and miserable situation which exists anywhere on earth. Probably twenty years would be required, and we should be prepared to advance something like a billion dollars, and fifty or sixty thousand soldiers would be needed in the early stages. But after a few years the country would be self-supporting.

If the magnitude of the task were understood and recognised and the conditions above outlined insisted upon, there is general faith here that America would remove one of the worst curses from which the world has suffered. Through clean and orderly government and bringing together of all races in a public school system, religious fanaticism would probably disappear and Northern Turkey and Armenia might continue as one government after the mandate ended.

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WEATHER

Fine weather. Strong monsoon along the whole coast. Rough weather on the China Sea to the South of the Macclesfield and Paracels.

IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, DEC. 6, 1919

Teachers And Students

SEVENTY-NINE of the eighty-three schools in the Shanghai district that are members of the Students' Union are now out on "strike" in protest against the Japanese outrage at Foochow and in promotion of the boycott against Japanese goods. The four that are not out are those under Municipal control. Approximately 25,000 young men and women are at work acquainting their fellow citizens from soap boxes, barrels and other elevations, of their views with regard to Japan, and informing these same citizens of their rights and duties as freeborn Chinese.

It is important to hold in mind that these 25,000 young men and women do not represent the riff-raff of this town. They are the sons and daughters of the best and most substantial classes and from their ranks will spring the future leaders of China. And by Monday they will have completed their crusade and will be back at their studies.

We do not hesitate to congratulate them on their crusade and we likewise congratulate them on their decision to go back to their studies. We also desire to point out to them that patriotic service is one thing and getting an education to fit themselves for greater patriotic service is quite another. If the students, for instance, should commit themselves to the soap-box for a considerable period of time they would break up the organisation of the schools of the country and so in the end bring defeat by depriving themselves of the very thing that they most imperatively need if they are to make China the great and noble country she should be and which they all want her to be.

Discussing this phase of the issue now presented to us, we take pleasure in quoting the following passages from a very thoughtful letter received yesterday from a member of the faculty of St. John's. At St. John's, it should be borne in mind, when the students held their meeting and decided to join the students of other local institutions, the University did not declare a holiday but granted leave of absence to students who wished to leave the grounds; and faculty members were instructed to be prepared to meet classes in case any students should appear. The letter we refer to says:

It seems to me unnecessary that the Students should take this attitude. No one is more patriotic than the Chinese teacher. The younger teachers themselves are but students grown older by two or three years. The student is in danger of thinking himself forced to choose *one* of two forms of activity when nothing in the world but his own state of mind prevents him from having both. We hope by our policy of carry-on at St. John's to get the students to see this.

I have the future in mind as I write and I want you to know, since I know your sympathy with the students and since I feel my own very strongly, how we who are on the faculty of the University look at the matter. These opinions are, of course, my own. We are trying to solve the problem and we want you to understand us.

And from the Students' Union we have the following, which shows that Faculties and Students are by no means far apart:

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear sir: Enough outside misunderstanding necessitates the publishing of the following lines which seek to explain the motives of the Students' strike in a nutshell.

Ever since the Japanese riot at Foochow, and their reluctance to comply with our demands for reparation, we have keenly felt Japan's aggression and her encroachment upon China's sovereignty. We deem it necessary to carry on an extensive propaganda including lecturing, demonstrating, and boycotting of Japanese goods, so as to arouse the public sentiment and make our protest successful. So critical is the situation now pending, and so great is the task bearing upon us, it is neither wise nor expedient to lose a single minute, and, accordingly, we cannot but suspend our school work for a few days in order to concentrate our effort to this very point.

A word may be said here as to the distinction between the strike last time, and the strike as it is. The strike last term was itself a protest against the three "national traitors," and it ended only when they were actually expelled from office. This time, we are utilising the strike as a means to another end—the possible awakening of the mass to realise the national danger.

May we not enlist your sympathy to put this article in a conspicuous place in your paper?

THE CHINESE STUDENTS' UNION.

14 Yih Ho Li,
Rue Amiral Bayle,
December 5, 1919.

A Brilliant Show

"Is your wife going to wear her diamonds at the opera?" "Of course! We can't all appreciate music, and we ought to try to make grand opera interesting even for those who go merely to look on!"

How He Got 'Em

"How did you get so many wounds?" I asked the corporal in the bathhouse, seeing his body covered with scars. "Accidental discharge of duties?"

"Naw, you see it was this way: I was standing on the edge of our trench leanin' up against our barrage, when they lifted the barrage and I fell into the trench."—*Everybody's.*

Topics In Brief

Well, anyhow, one doesn't have to escape being hit by falling prices.—*Webster City (Ia.) Freeman Journal.*

* * *

The gravest part of the yellow peril is that the Jap can get rich on what the average American wastes.—*Asheville (N.C.) Times.*

* * *

Respectfully submitted to strike committees everywhere: If you starve a cow you can't expect to milk her.—*Philadelphia Evening Ledger.*

* * *

Government will lose almost $300,000,000 on the railroads this year. Would Plumb divide this among the workers?—*Fountain Inn (S.C.) Tribune.*

* * *

Ex-Crown Prince who believes that he will be recalled, may learn that some things have depreciated even more than the mark.—*Wall Street Journal.*

* * *

The trouble with the Italian press seems to be that it regards the United States as an accomplice instead of an ally.—*New York Morning Telegraph.*

* * *

Those Ardmore citizens who wouldn't hear Reed because he opposes the League have unique ideas about methods of arbitration.—*Fountain Inn (S.C.) Tribune.*

Manifest Of 'The National Organisations Union Of China' To Friendly Countries

Shanghai, Dec. 1, 1919.

We, the undersigned, in the capacity of representing the whole nation of China, humbly and sincerely bring to your notice the following reasons for our organising this union:

1.—By the fact that our country is a republic and the provisional constitution provides that the state sovereignty resides in the people, we can not allow a small number of officials and militarists to usurp it. Accordingly, we organise this union with an object to uphold this constitutional right.

2.—A small number of officials and militarists deceive our friendly countries by forging people's will for their private ends. Accordingly, we organise this union to exhibit its true will.

3.—Quarrels and contention have arisen generally from dissatisfaction. To prevent confusion must be referred to the will of the majority of people of different countries before power can give way to reason. Accordingly, we organise this union to maintain a permanent peace for the world.

Our people have been long disgusted by despotism. Since our Great Revolution, in spite of the fact that the country has been called a republic, the people have groaned under oppression and upheavals have turned out repeatedly. As a result, the whole country is in a great turmoil. Besides, our neighboring country has made numerous encroachments upon us and our state power has been thinned day by day. The misfortune of a single country is now dragging the whole world into confusion. Do you think that such features turn out of the people's true accord?

As the formation of our union happens just in the time when the league of nations is about to be inaugurated, so we must seize the opportunity to manifest our expectations to the world. It would be too late to mend the stable after the horse is stolen.

Now what we want is only justice. We don't want others to inflict upon us what we don't want to do upon others. The general trend of the world is to uphold righteousness and is compatible with our conception. For these reasons, we beg hereby to submit to the consideration of our friendly countries our summarised expectations which have undergone our careful discussion.

A.—WE EXPECT TO CANCEL ALL THE UNJUST AGREEMENTS AND PACTS ENTERED INTO WITH JAPAN SINCE THE OUTBREAK OF THE WORLD WAR.

Such agreements and pacts amount to more than twenty in number all of which were yielding to the coercing or bribing of our officials and militarists by the Japanese military nobles who took advantage of the fact that the Western powers were too busy to turn their attention to the East in the midst of the war. By virtue of them, the military and fiscal powers, the mining and forestry rights, the post, the railway lines and the telegraph, of the whole country have been almost all pledged for various loans amounting to 400,000,000 yen and more. Especially, the 21 demands of 1915, the military pact of 1918, the ratification of the Kiaochow-Tsinan line agreement, and those agreements for the lines between Kiaochow and Hsuchow between Shunte and Tsinan, for the four lines in Mongolia and Manchuria and for the prolongations of the Huining Kirin line and of the Nanzing line, each has sufficient qualification to impair our independence and endanger the world peace. The respective reasons underlying this expectation may be brought forward as follows:

(a) Re the 21 demands. These demands were extorted by Japan with the duress of an ultimatum after her occupation of Tsingtau with an object to make it a stepping stone to taking Shantung, Manchuria, Mongolia and Fukien. Such demands are void from the standpoint of international law.

(b) Re the military pact. Japan under the cover of resisting a common foe snatched our military power through this pact. But it provides that it should expire as soon as the state of belligerency with the enemy is ended. As our country has restored peace with Germany and Austria so there is no reason for it to exist now.

(c) Re the railway agreements. Those agreements were formed by tempting the Peking dominant factors with loans. Since railways are the means of extending commerce, the market of the eastern, northern and middle parts of our country will be monopolised by Japan no sooner than her military posts have been established therein. Then, not only our country is so fettered up as to leave its destiny to her disposal, but also the commerce of our friendly countries will be excluded. Therefore we should have them cancelled.

(d) Re the other agreements. Such as those for arms loans and finance loans either further our internal trouble or encroach our rights. Therefore we should have them cancelled also.

Nay, there is a fundamental reason. Our country is a republic built upon the provisional constitution and has been recognised by our friendly countries on that account. Since it is provided in the provisional constitution that no treaty or loan agreement should be made without the consent of the national assembly, then naturally we can't recognise all those unjust agreements and pacts without the consent of the legal parliament. This is what we ought to emphasise before our friendly countries.

B.—WE EXPECT TO RECOVER DIRECTLY FROM GERMANY ALL RIGHTS AND INTERESTS SHE POSSESSED IN SHANTUNG FORMERLY.

Shantung is China's territory. When it declared war upon Germany it did declare that all its treaties and obligations to Germany were rescinded. Then it is quite obvious that all Germany's rights and interests in that province should be directly recovered by it. Japan, however, on the one hand, impelled Great Britain, France, Russia and Italy to enter into secret agreements with her and on the other hand, tempted the Peking dominant factors to sign the 21 demands, the agreements for the Kiaochow-Hsuchow line and the Shunte-Tsinan line and to ratify the agreement for the Kiaochow-Tsinan line. With those facts as her support, she then disputed those rights and interests in the Paris conference whose decision in her favor raises our unparalleled dissatisfaction. For, if she were entitled to them by right of conquest, why should all those places captured by the British and American troops be restored to their respective original owners? If China were deprived of them on account of its lack of merit in the war, why could Denmark, having been a neutral, recover her lost territory which had been taken by Germany sixty years ago? Moreover, on the fact of Tsingtau, Japan did assert that it was to be restored to us and our 150,000 laborers serving in the front line did some benefit, some at least, to the Entente powers. For these reasons, our people admit that the provisions Nos. 156, 157, 158 of the peace treaty with Germany are unjust, and the students suspended their studies, merchants their business, and laborers their work, to strongly oppose signing the same. Our delegates in respecting our people's will have made it a pending case to be referred to the justice of the league of nations with the hope of recovering those rights and interests directly.

Unexpectedly, the Peking dominant factors and Japanese militarists every day plan to get the case left to China and Japan themselves. Then Japan will surrender only the nominal jurisdiction of Shantung or adopt her former practice of breaking a promise. Her object is to make our country lose the chance of having our wrong redressed by the League of Nations and her intention is to make Shantung a base for establishing a Monroe doctrine in Eastern Asia. If their plan to draw out the case actually succeeds we should deny it effectively. This is what we ought to emphasise before our friendly countries.

C.—WE EXPECT THAT OUR FRIENDLY COUNTRIES WILL UNDERSTAND THAT WE RECOGNISE THE PEACE TREATY WITH GERMANY, PROVISIONS NOS. 156, 157, 158 BEING EXCEPTED.

Our country is a great aspirer to peace. It sincerely desires to afford support to what can profit the world peace and remedy what tends to impair it. To the past autocracy of Germany we offered strong opposition, and the whole nation unanimously advocated the sending of delegates to the Paris conference. Then our mind of supporting the peace of mankind was clearly exhibited to the world. But unfortunately, the peace treaty assigns to Japan without the least reason what ought to be ours. This means that our country has to be disposed of not only by the friendly powers but also by a defeated enemy. Should we tolerate the grievance so as to accept such a decision, what would be the use of having such a weak member at the conference table? In fact, a disgrace to our country means not less so to our allied powers. Moreover, what they desired to suppress was a tyrant of western Europe, but a tyrant of eastern Asia is built up as soon as their object is accomplished. Then we fight for our right not only for the sake of loving the country but also for that of the world.

But we cannot but assure our friendly countries one point as this: What we don't recognise are only the provisions Nos. 156, 157, 187 for their inconsistency with international law and we agree to all the others just like all friendly countries. An evidence of our desire for peace is the fact that our delegates before withholding their signatures from the peace treaty with Germany had claimed those three provisions to be reserved as a condition of signing the rest. Thus, it can be clearly seen that our country makes no objection to the whole treaty except the three provisions. Another evidence is that we have declared peace with Austria. This is what we ought to emphasise before our friendly countries.

D.—WE EXPECT THAT UNTIL OUR LEGAL NATIONAL ASSEMBLY CAN FREELY EXERCISE ITS FUNCTION, OUR FRIENDLY COUNTRIES WILL SUPPLY NO ARMS OR LOANS AND PAY NO SALT SURPLUS OR CUSTOMS SURPLUS TO THE NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN GOVERNMENTS.

What our people respect is our provisional constitution only. Therefore that national assembly which is born out from it is recognised by us as the only legal organ representing our will and therefore we can't blindly follow any government whose organisation is not based upon it, without discriminating between North and South. The duty of a republican people is such; we don't mean to be too upright towards the South or go too far for the North.

During the past eight years, upheavals have happened four times. Their fomentation has been due to no other cause than the officials and militarists. Well, the object of a country in appointing officers is to make them observe the law to protect the people; but our officers violate the former to persecute the latter. Can our people contentedly tolerate their oppression and butchery?

The object of the Japanese military nobles in supplying arms and loans to our officers is to help them so that they may work as their pioneers. All our friendly countries customarily uphold justice and humanity, so we think they would not do the same thing that Japan is doing. In the first part of this year, they did declare that before solution of China's situation, neither money nor arms should be supplied to China by any country whatever, and we are quite grateful to them for such a noble attitude. But now-a-days, the Peking government under the pretext of disbanding soldiers, attempts to raise immense loans again, so we are afraid that they would be tempted by such apparently sound words.

We are sure that our officials and militarists raise loans for their own pockets and for military lust only and not at all with intention to secure peace. What has been reorganised with the former reorganisation loans and in what place have they been used? We think our friendly countries still can recollect these.

The customs surplus and salt surplus according to agreements should, of course, be delivered back to our country. But how much of them, formerly delivered, have the dominant factors used on civil administration and how much for army expenses? We dare say they are relied on by them just like the loans and arms as instruments for butchering the people.

The Japanese military nobles, on account of rendering assistance to Peking in the form of loans and arms externally impair the feeling of our people and internally incur blame from their own people. This is a rut which has upset a coach. We don't think it advisable for our friendly countries to follow the same. This is again what we ought to emphasise before them.

In conclusion, we should say that the aforesaid four expectations have grown up not only for the sake of our own country but also for that of the world. Mutual benefits for the nations, according to the general trend of the world, depend upon mutual help and not on mutual contention. To include one country and to neglect another is the sole policy of our officials and militarists, for selling the country is what our people deeply disdain. Their thought is extremely incompatible with the general trend of the world and their will be absolutely not the true will of our people. Though they are apparently powerful, yet they must give away to the overwhelming force of the majority. This is the reason why despotism can never re-appear in the world. The will of our people is to get rid of all the injustices inflicted on our country and the world, so that all peoples enjoy equal treatments. Then, there will be no more quarrel and contention. This principle, when established in one country is beneficial to that country and collides with no other principle, if it is enforced in the world. We sincerely hope that our friendly countries for the sake of justice and humanity will render us support by means of their good will so that we may win a success.

THE NATIONAL ORGANISATIONS UNION OF CHINA.

Anecdotes Of The Famous

The famous mathematician and physicist, M. Ampere, was extremely absent-minded, and it is told of him that in September, 1806, he read a learned paper on his researches before the Academy of Sciences in Paris. When he had finished his lecture and was about to take his seat, he found, to his surprise, that it was occupied. Greatly agitated, he went to Geoffroy Saint-Hilaire, the President of the Academy, and said:

"Mr. President, I must call your attention to the fact that some one who is not a member of this body has entered the chamber and taken my seat."

The President replied calmly:

"You are mistaken, my learned brother; the person whom you have in mind is, like ourselves, a Fellow of the Academy of Sciences."

"How long, I should like to ask?" said Ampere.

"Since Nivose of the year VI.," said the President, who was now entering into the humor of the situation.

"And in what class?" inquired the suspicious Ampere.

"In the class of mechanical engineering, my friend," answered Saint-Hilaire, laughing.

"Well, that is odd!" cried Ampere. And, seizing a calender of the Academy, he opened it at the date Saint-Hilaire had mentioned, and read, "Napoleon Bonaparte, Fellow of the Academy of Sciences, chosen in Nivose of the year VI."

Much disturbed, Ampere made all sorts of apologies, and explained that he had not recognised the Emperor on account of his poor eyesight.

"You see what happens," said Napoleon, "when you don't get round to meet your fellow-members. I have never seen you at the Tuileries. But now I shall command you to come and see me; tomorrow at seven o'clock you will dine with me."

The next evening the Emperor waited two hours for Ampere, but he had long before that forgotten the invitation.

* * *

It was the custom of Whistler when drowsy to go deliberately to sleep, no matter where he was or what the circumstances might be. At a dinner-party his gentle snore suddenly aroused his neighbor, who nudged him violently with his elbow.

"I say, Whistler," he protested excitedly, "you must not sleep here!"

"Leave me alone!", snapped Whistler. "I've said all I wanted to. I've no interest at all in what you or your friends have to say!"

One evening he was a guest at a hotel, as was Edwin A. Abbey, and immediately after the dinner was served went calmly to sleep. On the way to the theater he had another nap in the cab. He also slumbered peacefully through the play. The next morning he blandly asked:

"What did Abbey have to say last night? Anything worth while?"

The Composer's Cigarette

Brahms always was credited with a frugal mind, and the following story is told of him and the late Erich Wolff.

A cigarette had been offered by the former to the latter, who received it with emotion and placed it carefully in his waistcoat pocket.

"Why do you put the cigarette away? Why not light it now?" asked Brahms, who already had struck a match.

"I cannot smoke it," replied Wolff. "I shall take great care of it; it is not every day that one gets a cigarette from Johannes Brahms!"

Thereupon the composer opened his cigarette-case again and said, with a smile of satisfaction:

"Then just give me back the good cigarette, will you? For your purpose an imitation will serve just as well."

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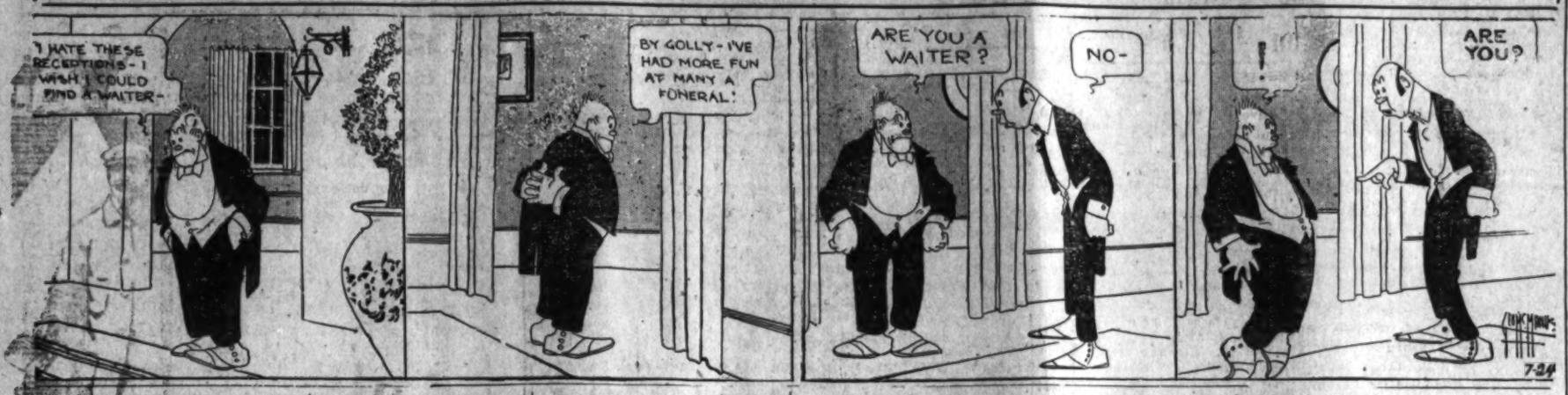
Bringing Up Father

By George McManus


I HATE THESE RECEPTIONS - I WISH I COULD FIND A WAITER -
BY GOLLY - I'VE HAD MORE FUN AT MANY A FONERAL!
ARE YOU A WAITER?
NO -
!
ARE YOU?
7-24

Who's Your Master, Boy?

By Dr. Wm. A. McKeever

"Don't you think I am too old to be tied to my mother's apron strings or to be required to get the permission of my father every time I want to go out anywhere?"

Inquiry of a proud, self-assertive youth of sixteen who takes not a little pride in the fact that he is big enough to break away from home restraints and do about what he pleases. And my reply follows:

Yes, my boy, you are right in a correct interpretation of the idea. But, what I wish to ask is, Can you boss yourself? Can you rule your own spirit? Have you will power to do the thing which satisfies your moral judgment, your conscience? You can disobey the wishes of your parents, but do you want to dare to do so?

It is easy to break the parental restraints over you. Any big sixteen-year-old hulk can do that. The very best your parents can now do is to advise or admonish or plead. They cannot give you will power. You must acquire that. They cannot build your character. You must develop that. Your make-up from this time forward will be chiefly an example of your own handiwork.

Now, how are you going to feel turned loose with yourself as your own manager? How will it seem when you meet the other boys and can no longer blame your "old-fogy dad" for this and that in your conduct? How will it strike you to have people of mature judgment eye you critically and possibly see many faults in you and at the same time mentally charge you with being alone accountable for these faults?

What I want you to do, my boy, is to look both ways, both forward and back. It is then, I believe, you will shiver a bit at the idea of being turned over to yourself to sink or swim in the further progress of your life. It is then, I believe, that you will consider it something of a privilege and not a small honor to go to Dad with your problems and get the valuable advice which belongs naturally to his maturer years.

It is then, I believe, that you will feel an inclination to go back to mother as the best friend if not the most reliable counsellor you ever had in the world, and tell her all about your troubles and receive all the loving advice she can possibly give.

The ordinary sixteen-year-old youth is much deceived about himself. He is not fifty percent matured mentally, morally or spiritually, and is for that reason a sort of wabbling weakling in self management. And the boy of this age of the most sound common sense is the one who will stop long enough to conclude that no one else can possibly take the same patient, unselfish interest in him as that of his natural parents.

So, if you are not willing to accept your parents' advice as to your conduct and your unfolding career; that is, if you cannot adopt their plan you should at least try hard to adopt it and to use some of its elements. It is a mighty serious thing for you coldly to shove your parents aside and take matters entirely in your own hands.

I have watched this sort of family tragedy longer than you have lived. The usual sequel to it is broken spirited dejected parents and a son who later will ever refuse to forgive himself for such a blunder.

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Hints For The Household

If new potatoes are put in water with a little common soda two hours before they are wanted they will then scrape quite easily.

* * *

To serve up cauliflower whole and unbroken, boil in a cloth, as it may then be lifted out of the saucepan without any detriment to its appearance.

* * *

Match boxes easily get mislaid, but if a piece of tape or ribbon is tied around the box it can then be hung near the gas-bracket, and a match is then close at hand.

* * *

When making coffee, sprinkle a little salt on the coffee before pouring on boiling water, and the flavor will be wonderfully improved. Always see that the pot is warmed before making coffee.

Done By Deputy

At a marriage service performed in a little country church, when the minister said in solemn tones, "Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" instead of the woman answering for herself, a gruff man's voice answered, "I will!" The minister looked up, very much perplexed, and paused. He repeated the sentence, and again the same gruff voice answered, "I will!" Again the minister looked up, when a man seated at the end of the first row said, "She's deef, parson, an' I'm answerin' for her!"

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77 ROUTE VALLON

Secret German Queries

Questions And Instructions For Spies Here And Abroad Fell In Hands Of The Allies

Not all the secret agents maneuvered from the Wilhelmstrasse during the war were working solely for Germany. Some of them were on two pay rolls, and in reality were devoted to the allied cause. Thus Great Britain and France and the United States were well informed about what subjects especially interested Berlin, and what movements were the cause of exceptional worry. For the questionnaires sent out periodically to the German secret agents fell sooner or later into the hands of the Allies or the Americans.

Even at this late day these lists of instructions and questions are interesting. Especially is it illuminating to learn how solicitous the Germans were about hospital ships, in view of what they did to hospital ships whenever an opportunity arose. This, for instance, is taken from the secret questionnaire issued from Berlin in June, 1918, to all secret agents sent to the United States:

"Did you see any hospital ships? How were they painted? *Were there any troops, munitions, or any other war material on board such ships?*"

The italics are the Germans. The last question in the paragraph was underscored in the secret orders. Other questions in that same list were as follows:

"What warships have you seen in the ports? (It is desired to know their names, their class, and their nationality.)

"Was there a great traffic of merchant ships? What were they carrying, what did they bring in, and from where did they come?

"Did you see any ship construction plants? What kind of ships were being constructed?

"Did you see any troops? How many? What kind? Number of regiments?

"Did you see any munition factories? Of what kind of munitions? Where were they situated?

"The prices of different foodstuffs?

"War preparation; what is thought of it?

"The entrance to ports; how are they watched? By what kind of ships? By aviators? Any mine fields? How are the entrances marked, buoyed, etc.? What instructions are given? How are the crews made up and what do they think of the submarines? How are they paid? What indemnity do they receive when they are torpedoed?

"Do ships always navigate with convoy, or do they travel at times alone? What route is followed? Where do they meet and how is their meeting place guarded?

"What signals are employed when traveling with convoy, and what formation is adopted at night?

"Are there any means of defense on board, apparatus for generating smoke, bombs, etc.?

"Did you hear of ships being torpedoed while traveling with convoy? When, where, tonnage and cargo of ships?

"Where are there any factories, construction plants, dry docks, and depots accessible from the sea?"

One may suppose that superiors in Berlin, reading their agents' reports about food and food prices in the United States, suffered certain inward qualms, not of conscience. But their chief concern was about shipping and the effect of the submarine warfare, and occasionally, in looking through a stack of these questionnaires, there leaps out a sharp inquiry as to the number of American troops in France.

"Does the submarine warfare make life conditions miserable in England?" was a hopeful inquiry of August 27, 1917, and "What are the British measures against submarines?" Berlin asked on April 18, 1918. In August agents here were asked, "What is the feeling in mercantile circles about submarine war?"

These questions in different form were asked again and again, and the most minute information was besought regarding the defensive equipment of ships, the position of the hydrophone, the crews and appearance of the famous British "Hush-hush" boats, where they were built, and their speed, what guns the British U-boat chasers carried, the ports from which and to which transports from the United States sailed, and a multitude of other details. Reading these papers one marvels that America transported her 2,000,000 so safely to the other shore. Either Berlin could not get the information because the agents were stupid, or they couldn't get at the transports. For instance, on Dec. 2, 1917, a questionnaire was sent out containing these questions:

"What routes are taken by the American transports to Europe?"

"In which French ports have the American troops been landed up to the present?"

"How many troops have been landed there?"

"What is the composition of such troops? (fighting units, labor battalions)."

"In which French ports is the American war material landed?"

"Which French ports are being specially enlarged by the Americans?"

"From which French ports are railways being specially laid to the front?

"What naval forces are used by the Americans for the guarding of their bases in France?

"Which are the American bases in England and Ireland?

"How many American troops are there in England?

"Where are these troops stationed?

"Are American troops being landed and trained in Portugal also?"

Again and again, in later documents, questions of similar import bobbed up. In regard to British naval affairs the German curiosity was even keener. Berlin wanted to know about the caliber of guns on specified ships, the Lion, the Orion, the King George, the Queen Elizabeth, the Furious, the Revenge, the Arethusa, the Calliope—the list might be prolonged almost indefinitely. And Berlin manifested an unhealthful curiosity, too, about the size, speed, armor, armament, and "side towers" (siete thurm) of such French warships as the Lamotte, the Piquet, the Namen. Berlin wanted to know how the destroyers worked in connection with balloons, what aircraft protection there was on British coasts, details of coast defense construction, mine fields and floating batteries for coastal attacks. Berlin seemed to have an insatiable curiosity. It is safe to say that it never was satiated.

The British secret service was another course of worry. Who, Berlin wanted to know, was in charge of that service in Bergen and Christiania, what British Vice-Consuls were detailed to espionage work in Bergen, whom did they work with, what foreigners were being used, what German deserters were helping them, did the Norweigian police give their assistance and did the British pay for such aid. The food conditions in Norway were another source of curiosity.

As to American troops, Berlin was specially anxious on Sept. 5, 1918, to know their location at the front.

"Is it long," the secret agents were asked, "since these divisions have been in rest?"

"The names of the General officers commanding?

"Number of American troops in France?

"Particulars as to how American troops are used at the front?

"What has become of the French troops available owing to having been relieved by the Americans?

"What has become of the Russian troops in France?"

The foregoing questions were given to a German agent sent on a mission into France early in August, 1919, through Spain.

In June, 1918, Berlin became concerned about British military plans.

"Is the offensive intended?" agents were asked. "Where? Place and time? Source?

"English divisions in Italy?

"Will Italy be left to its own devices?

"The same concerning Salonica, Palestine, and Mesopotamia?

"How do the English mix a division with a French division?

"Foch's reserve army? Does it really exist? What does it consist of? Where is it now?

"Air attacks on Germany? What intentions? When and where?"

In the last question a certain nervousness makes itself manifest. In other questionnaires, Berlin asked for specific details about the effect of air raids on London, the loss of life, the damage to property, the effect on morale. If the answers to those questions ever reached the Williamstrasse, and were truthful, they must have been disappointing, even disquieting.

"What" Berlin wanted to know in March, 1918, "are the relations of the United States with regard to the productive possibilities of the country? Tonnage, financial and material independence?" (Apparently this question was intended to probe the dependence of the Allies on us for supplies.) "What is the extent of the United States' credit (to Great Britain)? What advances have been made to the other allies?"

Many questions were asked about military movements and plans, about the British intentions toward Ostend and Zeebrugge, about the recruiting or conscription of new troops, about railroad traffic, about the number of batteries with each battalion and their location, about the caliber of British and French and American guns, about airplanes and tanks, the engines used in planes, their speed, the location of munition depots, troop encampments, barracks, anything everything.

It must have been a gay life serving as secret agent for the Williamstrasse!

Bobbie And His Pa

By William F. Kirk

Pa & Ma & Me is went to Chippewa Falls, wich is in Wisconsin, wich is in the Middel West of the U. S. A.

This is a grate little town, sed Pa. It is climing & climing & one day it will be another Milwaukee. Pa sed.

I hoap it will not be bilt up entirely sur-rounded by brewrys, sed Ma.

Not any moar, sed Pa. The last ekos of the Stine Song is dying away into the Dreemless Past, sed Pa. The wurld is gitting wiser, beeing different from the Kiser sed Pa, wich is a jolly true jingel

Pa took us driving in Irvine Park, it is as swell as Central Park in New York only thare isent so many big flats around it, or animiles such as monkeys etc. in it.

As we whirl along here, fillins our lungs with the wine like Wisconsin air, sed Pa, I am reeminded of many thrilling things wich happened to me in my boyhood sed Pa. It was here that I romed seeing the buties of nater & plugging chipmunks with my slingshot sed. Pa. I nearly drownd in a crick onst, sed Pa. If a braiv boy had not saved me, sed Pa, I wuddent be here now & the wurld wud have had to dig up sum other man to talk my plaice, Pa sed.

I am so glad the wurld was spared all that trubbel, sed Ma This is truly a butiful park. I bet if a lot of Eastern Ers cud see it, sed Ma, thay wud want to cum out here & live.

What is Eastern Ers, I asked Ma.

Peepul wich lives in the East bounded on the West by the setting sun, sed Ma. Thay doant know what thay are missing by not seeing this butiful littel city. It is the most butiful littel plaice I have evver saw, sed Ma.

You mite have knew, sed Pa, that I wuddent pick out anything but a butiful plaice in which to spend my boyhood in, sed Pa.

Of course, of course, sed Ma. I suppose you was a grate heero here in yure yunger days.

I was, if I may be permitted to say so, sed Pa. I was sum fiter, too, wen I was a kid. I hoap Bobbie, here nevver gits as what I was, sed Pa.

Just then a man caim up to Pa and said, Well, well, hello.

Why, hello, sed Pa. How is tricks?

Pritty level, sed he. Do you remember how I used to throw you around wen we was kids.

I can't say I do, sed Pa.

I doant blaim you for forgitting it sed Pa's frend, & then he saw Ma & he got kind of red in the face but not half (½) as red as Pa.

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Just Like All Women!

A married man buttonholed another and told him a terrible scandal. "Don't let this go any farther, George," he said. "No, certainly not," said the other. "But how did you happen to hear it?" "Oh, from the wife, of course," was the answer. "She's just like all woman—can't keep a secret."

Scientific Research

Philip, who had received as a birthday present a beautiful new microscope, presently astounded cook with the exclamation: "Hey, cook, lend me a flea, will you? I'll give it you back in three minutes!"

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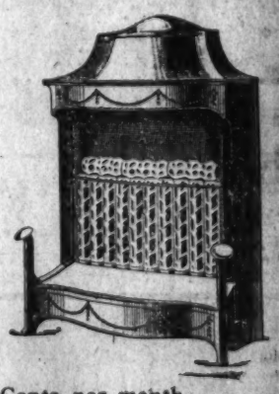

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Nanyang Maru**, Captain K. Takesita, will be despatched from N. Y. K. Mail Wharf on Saturday, December 6, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tatung**, Captain Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Sunday, December 7, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Hwahta**, Capt. Geo. H. Mayne will leave on Sunday night. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Talee Maru**, Capt. H. Yamasaki, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Monday, December 8, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Laicnho**, 2,868 Tons, Captain Jackson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, December 8, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Manager. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Laeyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, December 8, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

PUKOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shengking**, Captain K. E. Tuebben, will leave on Tuesday, December 9, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang Maru**, Capt. H. Yamasita, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Tuesday December 9, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage, apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Suiwo**, 2,671 Tons, Captain Smith, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, December 9, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Manager. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on Tuesday, December 9, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS—The Co.'s Steamer **Fenyang Maru**, Captain S. Takauo, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on Wednesday, Dec. 10, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chungking**, Captain Legge, will leave on Wednesday, December 10, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, December 12, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, December 13, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ngankin**, Captain Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, December 15, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shengking**, Captain K. E. Tuebben, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, December 16, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on Saturday afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

SWATOW AND HONGKONG, CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean**, Captain Wm. McDonald, will leave from the Watung Wharf on Sunday, Dec. 7, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY.—The Str. **Tungwah**, Captain J. G. Newbery, will leave on Sunday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Keelung Maru**, Capt. Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on December 7, at 10 a.m. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain Roberts, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, December 8, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shantung**, Capt. Monkman, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, December 9, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Sunning**, Captain W. Benson, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, December 11, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chenan**, Captain H. E. Laver, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, December 13, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Chicago Maru**, Captain S. Yamane will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on December 16. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang**, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, December 16, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Chenan**, Capt. H. E. Laver, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, December 6, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHINWANGTAO direct.—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the following str. **Patriot**, on December 9. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 319.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow**, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, December 11, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the Watung Wharf on Saturday, December 13, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fengtien**, Capt. McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, December 13, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN & DAIREN.—The Steamer **Keelung Maru**, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on December 21, at ——. —— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at —— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

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For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

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S.S. Colombia	Jan. 31	S.S. Colombia	Jan. 10
		S.S. Venezuela	Feb. 7

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

CARGO STEAMERS
"West Conob" "West Vaca" "West Sequana"
"Archer" "West Inskip" "West Caddon"
"West Selene" "West Neris"

EAST INDIA SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM MANILA (subject to Change)

For Saigon, Singapore, Calcutta and Colombo		For San Francisco via Honolulu	
S.S. Santa Cruz	Dec. 15	S.S. Colusa	about Jan. 10

PANAMA SERVICE
Regular Sailings from San Francisco
MEXICO—CENTRAL AMERICA—PANAMA

BALTIMORE SERVICE
Sailings from San Francisco via
Central America, Panama Canal, Puerto Colombia and Havana

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Solano"

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
(Subject to Alteration)

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR HAMBURG and LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*ALPS MARU	18,000	T. Yamaguchi,	Dec. 8	Dec. 10
*BORNEO MARU	15,000	K. Tahido,	end of Dec.	
HIMALAYA	15,000	S. Yamaga,	Beg. of Jan.	
*AMUR MARU	18,000	I. Hamada,	February	

FOR MARSEILLES Via Singapore, Colombo and Portsaid.

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

ARABIA MARU	18,000	T. Saito,	Dec. 24	Dec. 25
MEXICO MARU	12,000	K. Kamiya,	Dec. 27	Dec. 29

FOR HONGKONG

CHICAGO MARU	12,00	S. Yamane,	Dec. 15	Dec. 16

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen).

KEELUNG MARU	3,000	Y. Fukami,	Dec. 22	Dec. 24

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

KEELUNG MARU	3,000	Y. Fukami,	Dec. 4	Dec. 7

*Fully booked for passage.

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, New Orleans, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside
Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209 Union Building, 4 The Bund
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai, Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235.

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)

Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

TENYO MARU ..... December 21

All steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LD.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager.
North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings
Telephone No. 3229. Entrance 71 Szechuen Road.

STRUTHERS AND DIXON, INC.

OFFICES: San Francisco and Seattle, U.S.A.; Shanghai, China; Manila, P.I.; Kobe, Japan and Hongkong.

Operating the following Far Eastern services for account of the United States Shipping Board:

U.S.A. PACIFIC COAST—JAPAN, CHINA AND PHILIPPINES

INWARD	HOMEWARD
S.S. "Brave Couer" from Seattle due Dec. 7th.	S.S. "Elkhorn" for San Francisco December
S.S. "Hathaway" from San Francisco due Dec. 16th.	S.S. "Brave Couer" for Seattle Dec. 28th.
S.S. "West Cajoot" from San Francisco due Dec. 23rd.	S.S. "Hathaway" or S.S. "West Cajoot" for San Francisco January 16th.

also
"WEST HELIX", "WEST HENSHAW", "WEST ISON", "WESTERN GLEN", "BAKERSFIELD", "DEVOLENTE", "EDITOR", "STANLEY", "WEST CACTUS", "WEST SEGOVIA", "WEST ISLIP", "VINITA".
arrivals to be announced later.
Through rates quoted and through B/L's issued to all overland points in U. S. and Canada.

SHANGHAI OFFICE: No. 7 JINKEE ROAD.
Tel. No. Central 2557.
L. EVERETT, Vice-President J. S. EMENS, Agent.

P. & O., British India and Apcar Lines

(Companies Incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON
via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT
S.S. "NOVARA" leaving about 15th December
S.S. "KASHGAR" daylight 28th December

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO
S.S. "DILWARA" leaves December 12

FOR CALCUTTA via JAPAN
S.S. "ARRATOON APCAR" 8th December

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.
Wireless Telegraphy fitted on all steamers.
All cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.

For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
AGENTS
24 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephones: Central 169 & 2069

THE ADMIRAL LINE

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.

TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

SEATTLE

S.S. "ENDICOTT"	About	DEC. 16
S.S. "ELKTON"	Middle	DEC.
S.S. "ELDRIDGE"	Late	DEC.
S.S. "EDMORE"	Early	JAN.

PORTLAND

S.S. "WABAN"	Early	DEC.

Through Bills of Lading issued to all United States and Canadian Overland Points.
FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO
THE ADMIRAL LINE
53 SZECHUEN ROAD.
JOHN J. GORMAN, GENERAL AGENT
FRED C. CHARMAN AGENT.
Telegraphic Address—ADMIRALINE.
Telephone, Central 1471

BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

NEW YORK & BOSTON
VIA PANAMA

S. S. "IDA" ..... About January 6th
S. S. "CAFE MAY" ..... Late January

Operated for Account of U. S. Shipping Board

For rates and further particulars apply to
THE ADMIRAL LINE
53 Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1471
26779

CANADIAN PACIFIC

OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED

TRANS-PACIFIC LINES

S. S. METHVEN

Will leave Shanghai on or about 26th December
FOR
VANCOUVER
via
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Victoria, B. C.

For bills of lading, freight rates, etc., apply to
P. A. COX, Agent,
Cor. Peking and Yuenmingyuen Roads, Shanghai.
Tel. Central 181.
26716

CPOS

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC
To
CANADA, UNITED STATES AND EUROPE
SAILINGS

To Vancouver		To Manila & Hongkong	
Em. of Russia	Dec. 27	Em. of Russia*	Dec. 14
Monteagle	Jan. 7	Monteagle†	Dec. 18
		Em. of Japan†	Jan. 7

*Via Manila
†To Hongkong direct

DOMINION EXPRESS TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SOLD

ATLANTIC SERVICE
Frequent sailings to Liverpool and Glasgow. Fast luxurious Empress of France. Special suites and rooms with bath.

For Fares, Tickets and other information apply to

Freight Office	Passenger Office
Cor. Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads,	Palace Hotel 19 The Bund
Telephone Central 181	Telephone Central 182

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES

"Sooner or later" is a smooth-sounding phrase, but the man who uses Want Ads knows that it pays to DO IT NOW

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

Passengers and Freight

S.S. "NANKING"
(15,000 TONS)

S.S. "CHINA" (10,200 TONS) S.S. "NILE" (11,000 TONS)

(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI FOR

SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S. "NILE"	DEC.	23rd
S.S. "NANKING"	JAN.	16th
S.S. "CHINA"	FEB.	3rd

*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "NILE"	DEC.	10th
S.S. "NANKING"	JAN.	3rd
S.S. "CHINA"	JAN.	21st

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
J. P. WILLIAMS, AGENT.
CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773 Cable Address: "CHIMAIL"

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE.

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles and England:

	Tons	Capt.	
MISHIMA MARU	16,000	S. Takano,	Dec. 14
SADO MARU	12,500	T. Hori,	Dec. 22

EUROPEAN LINE AUXILIARY CARGO SERVICE.

For Portsaid, Marseilles, Liverpool via ports.

TSUSHIMA MARU ...	15,000	K. Teramoto,	Dec. 6
PENANG MARU	11,500	G. Shinomiya,	Dec. 30
AWA MARU	12,500	S. Hirata,	Jan. 18

For Portsaid, London, Antwerp and Hamburg via ports:

DURBAN MARU		E. Takahashi,	Dec. 24
TOYAMA MARU	15,000	K. Yasuhara,	Jan. 10

AMERICAN LINE

For Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington, Shanghai, Kobe and Osaka Line (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	T. Irisawa,	Dec. 17
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Jan. 25

NEW YORK LINE Via PANAMA.

TOKUSHIMA MARU..	15,000	Y. Okuno,	about Dec. 28

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

	Tons	Capt.	
YAMASHIRO MARU .	7,000	T. Terada,	Dec. 9
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Y. Yoshida,	Dec. 12
KASUGA MARU	7,000	K. Inatsu,	Dec. 15

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
YAWATA MARU	7,000	H. Mojiri,	Dec. 6
OMI MARU	7,000	M. Yamamaki	Dec. 10
KUMANO MARU	9,500	T. Sosaki,	Dec. 13
TAKESHIMA MARU ..	4,500	D. Awoshima,	Dec. 17

FOR JAPAN

	Tons	Capt.	
INABA MARU	12,500	T. Kusano,	Dec. 15

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	M. Machida,	Feb. 7

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Dec. 31

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing From Hongkong).

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

	Tons	Capt.	
TANGO MARU	14,000	M. Nishimura,	Dec. 24
NIKKO MARU	10,000	G. Yamazaki,	Middle of Jan.
AKI MARU	12,500	S. Shibata,	middle of Feb.

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

November 1, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line		Mail 4.
20.35	8.35	0	dep. Peking arr.		19.50
23.45	11.12		arr. Tientsin-Central dep.		17.00
23.50	11.17	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.		16.53
24.00	11.25		arr. Tientsin-East dep.		16.45
19.35	. .	524	arr. Mukden dep.		

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line		Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
6.45	10.10	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East arr.	16.40	15.05	22.16
6.55	10.20	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central dep.	16.30	14.55	22.06
7.25	10.40	11.55		dep.	Tientsin-Central arr.	16.15	14.39	21.46
12.32	14.18	15.10	78	dep.	Tsangchow dep.	13.21	11.21	16.36
18.35	17.18	17.56	148	dep.	Techow dep.	10.45	8.39	11.56
22.28	20.05	20.21	220	arr.	Tsinanfu dep.	8.06	5.50	8.20
7.								8.
8.00	20.55	20.31	—	dep.	Tsinanfu arr.	7.56	5.30	18.40
11.14	23.20	22.31	266	dep.	Taianfu dep.	6.01	3.15	15.54
14.17	1.22	0.34	318	arr.	Yanchowfu dep.	3.49	0.35	12.23
14.42	1.52	0.49	—	dep.	Yanchowfu arr.	3.39	0.02	11.58
18.23	4.54	3.16	377	dep.	Liaocheng dep.	1.20	21.24	8.26
21.27	6.39	4.50	420	arr.	Hsuchowfu dep.	23.36	19.20	5.20
9.								10.
7.25	7.00	4.57	—	dep.	Hsuchowfu arr.	23.29	19.00	19.56
13.10	11.03	8.35	523	arr.	Pengpu dep.	19.53	14.55	13.36
13.25	11.18	8.40	—	dep.	Pengpu arr.	19.46	14.37	13.16
18.26	15.16	11.52	600	dep.	Chuchow dep.	16.48	10.50	8.27
20.05	16.48	13.00	631	arr.	Pukow dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40

R. Exp.	Exp.		Shanghai-Nanking Line		Exp.	R. Exp.
23.00	14.20	0	dep.	Nanking-Ferry arr.	14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193	arr.	Shanghai-North dep.	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Liaocheng-Tsochuang Branch Line						
3.55	14.50	d. Yenchowfu a.	11.15	23.40	4.50	9.20	21.25	d. Liaocheng a.	7.55	17.55	0.40
4.50	15.45	a. Tsiningchow d.	10.20	22.45	6.00	10.30	22.35	a. Tsochuang d.	6.45	16.45	23.30

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco

West Islip	Nov.	2
West Sequana	Nov.	8
Colombia	Nov.	8
Nanking	Nov.	8
Sylvan Arrow	Nov.	9
Tascalusa	Nov.	11
Astral	Nov.	12
Stanley Dollar	Nov.	16
West Harts	Nov.	18
Silver Shell	Nov.	22
China	Nov.	25
Korea Maru	Dec.	5
Venezuela	Dec.	6

For Tacoma

Africa Maru	Nov.	27

For Seattle

Suwa Maru	Nov.	5
Seattle Spirit	Nov.	15
Wheatland of Montana	Nov.	22
Kashima Maru	Nov.	30

For New York

Naneric	Nov.	4
Benoni	Nov.	19
Eurylochus	Nov.	22
Tokiwa Maru	Dec.	2
Slavic Prince	Dec.	3

For Vancouver

Empress of Russia	Nov.	1
Empress of Japan	Nov.	22
Empress of Asia	Nov.	29

For London etc.

Mentor	Nov.	6
Bendoran	Nov.	9
Yokohama Maru	Nov.	10
Carnarvonshire	Nov.	13
Glenade	Nov.	14
City of Melbourne	Nov.	18
Tatsuno Maru	Nov.	20
Rhesus	Nov.	22
Tamba Maru	Dec.	1
Cardiganshire	Dec.	2

For Liverpool

Lycaon	Nov.	8

For Marseilles

Bansei Maru 5	Nov.	1
Celebes Maru	Nov.	7
Yugao Maru	Nov.	18
Indo Maru	Nov.	23

For Trieste

Italy Maru	Nov.	14
Scotland Maru	Nov.	18
Yonan Maru	Dec.	1

For Copenhagen

Rhodesia	Nov.	8

For Novorossisk (Black Sea)

Vitim	Nov.	15

For Bombay

Dunera	Nov.	4

For Singapore

Heffron	Nov.	9
Unda	Nov.	16
Methven	Nov.	23

For Java Ports

Tjikini	Nov.	13
Tjiliwong	Nov.	15

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
Japan Ports	Kashgar	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, and Europe	T'shima Maru	16.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..				17.00
Amoy	Tungwah	21.00	17.00	..	..	..	21.00
Foochow	Keelung M.	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Foochow	Keelung M.	16.30	..	..	..	..	16.00
Japan Ports	Kashgar	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train			..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Kiangteen	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Chefoo	Koonshing	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Chefoo and Tientsin	do		11.00	..	..	..	
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Tean	10.00	..	..	..	..	9.30
Swatow and Hongkong	Tean	..	10.00	..	..	..	..
Java Ports	Tjikaroem	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Monday, December 8.							
H'kong & United Kingdom via Suez	Euryades	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Choysang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Tuesday, December 9.							
Hongkong and Canton	Shantung	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Hongkong	do	..	11.00	..	..	..	..
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, and E'pe, via Suez	Sphinx	28.00	..	..	..	..	..
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, Ceylon, India & Europe Via Suez	do	..	28.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Y'shiro M.	9.30	10.00	..	..	..	9.00
Japan Ports	Omi Maru	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Wednesday, December 10.							
Amoy and Hongkong	Sunning	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sunning	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Thursday, December 11.							
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Tungchow	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Tungchow	..	9.00	..	..	..	..

*Correspondence marked via Suez and Parcel mail.

B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.

E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train

b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train

Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

DOLLAR LINE

REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

MANILA — HONGKONG — SHANGHAI

to

PACIFIC COATS PORTS

SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "West Ira" - - - - - Dec. 26th
S.S. "West Hepburn" - - - - Jan. 19th

SAILINGS FOR VANCOUVER

S.S. "Melville Dollar" - - - - Dec. 12th
S.S. "Harold Dollar" - - - - ,, 26th
S.S. "Bessie Dollar" - - - - Feb. 5th

DIRECT SAILINGS FOR NEW YORK

S.S. "Grace Dollar" - - - - - Jan. 22nd

Through Railway Bills of Lading issued to the Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.

For further information as to Freight Rates, etc. apply to

THE ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY

Union Building, Canton Road

TELEPHONE: CENRAL 2303

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" (MAIN LINE) **ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"**

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast E	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express E	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jenfield dep.	....	....	7.51	9.16	10.28	....	15.06	16.06	....
Siccawei dep.	....	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.38*	*15.06*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.36*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Sunkiang dep.	....	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashai dep.	....	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kasing dep.	....	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.28	19.20	....
Yehsah dep.	....	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Changpu dep.	....	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....
Hangchow dep.	....	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou arr.	....	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast E	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express E	Local
Zahkou dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	18.2
Hangchow dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	18.6
Changpu dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.2
Yehsah dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.4
Kasing dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.2
Kashai dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Sunkiang dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	*8.18*	*10.32*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Shanghai South arr.	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	10 30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Siccawei dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jenfield dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North arr.	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU (KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE) **ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO**

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow....	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou.....	arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao..	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.4

E. Bonnevaux Cm.

Vessels Loading

For Foreign Ports

HAMBURG & LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP AND ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer **Alps Maru,** Captain T. Yamaguchi, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on Dec. 10. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Arabia Maru,** Captain T. Saito, will be despatched on December 23. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. **Mexico Maru,** Captain K. Komiya, will be despatched on **December 29.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.—The Steamer **Borneo Maru,** Captain K. Tahido, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on end of December. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.—The Steamer **Himalaya Maru,** Captain S. Yamaga, will be despatched from Shanghai on beginning of **JANUARY 1920.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE COLOMBO, PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer **Amur Maru,** Captain H. Hamada, will be despatched from the Shanghai Wharf about **FEBRUARY 1920.** For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSON KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Fushimi Maru Dec. 16

For United Kingdom
Per B. & S. s.s. Euryades Dec. 8

For France, etc.
Per M.M. s.s. Sphinx Dec. 9

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro M. Dec. 8

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per C.M. s.s. Nile .... Dec. 12

From United Kingdom
Per B. & S. s.s. Tydeus Dec. 6

For India, etc.
Per P. & O. s.s. Dilwara Dec. 7

Siccawei Weather Report

4.—The new anticyclone has advanced between Lake Baikal and Chihli. Low pressures in Japan. The typhoon signalled N. of Mindanao appears to be proceeding towards W. or W.N.W. Overcast weather in China, with some rain in Fukien; colder temperature in the North. Monsoon along all our coasts.

5.—Weather overcast and misty, but improving. The Northerly breeze is still moderate. The pressure rises.

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
———	—	New York	Lowther Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
———	—	New York v. Suez	C. of Newcastle	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec. —	—	Portland	West Munham	Am.	A. Line
Dec. —	—	Portland	Nishmaha	Am.	A Line
Dec. 12	—	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 16	—	Seattle	Endcott	Am.	A. Line
Dec. 17	—	New York	Arna	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 17	—	Seattle	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 20	—	New York	M. S. Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 20	—	New York	Egremont Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
Dec. 21	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Dec. 23	—	San Francisco	Nile	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Dec. 25	—	New York	Knight Templar	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 25	—	Vancouver	Methven	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec. 26	—	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 27	—	Vancouver	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec. 28	—	Seattle	Brave Coner	Am.	S. & Dix.
Dec. 28	—	New York	Tokushima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 30	—	San Francisco	Cadaretta	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 30	—	New York	Celtic Prince	Br.	S. Tomes
Jan. 3	—	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan. 7	—	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan. 10	—	San Francisco	West Ira	Am.	Dollar Co.
Jan. 16	—	San Francisco	Hathaway	Am.	S. & Dix
Jan. 17	—	New York	Oanfa	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 19	—	San Francisco	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
Jan. 22	—	New York	Grace Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Jan. 25	—	Seattle	Katori Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 31	—	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan. 31	—	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Feb. 3	—	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Feb. 5	—	Vancouver	Bessie Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Dec. 6	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 6	—	Kobe, Yokohama	Glenapp	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Dec. 7	—	Kobe, Yokohama	Novara	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Dec. 9	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 10	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 12	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 13	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 15	—	Kobe	Inaba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 17	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Takeshima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 19	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Dec. —	—	Marseilles, Antwerp	Comdt. Dorise	Fr.	M. M. Cie.
Dec. 6	—	London	Alps Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Dec. 7	—	London	Methven	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec. 8	—	London, etc.	Euryades	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 8	—	Calcutta	Arratoon Apcar	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Dec. 8	—	London	Carmarthenshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Dec. 9	—	Marseilles	Sphinx	Fr.	M.M. Cie
Dec. 12	—	Liverpool	Teucer	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 12	—	Bombay	Dilwara	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Dec. 14	—	London	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 17	—	London	Novara	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.
Dec. 18	—	London, etc.	Idomeneus	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 22	—	London	Sado Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 28	—	Marseilles, London	Kashgar	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Dec. 31	—	Liverpool,	Tydeus	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 15	—	A'dam, L'don, A'werp	Teiresias	Br.	B. & S.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Dec. 6	4.00	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 7	11.00*	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 7	10.00*	F., K'lung, Takao	Keelung M.	Jap.	O. S. K.
Dec. 7	—	Amoy	Tungwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 8	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 8	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.N.N. Co.
Dec. 9	noon	Hongkong, Canton	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 9	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Choysang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec. 11	D.L.	Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 13	—	Hongkong	Nile	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Dec. 13	—	Manila, Hongkong	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Dec. 13	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 14	—	Manila, Hongkong	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec. 18	—	Hongkong	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Dec.	6	10.00*	Tsingtao	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	7	—	Tsingtau, Dairen	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Dec.	7	noon	Chefoo, Tientsin	Koonshing	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	9	noon	Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Dec.	9	D.L.	T'tau, C'foo, D'ren	Wingsang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	9	—	Chinwangtao	Patriot	Br.	K.M.A.
Dec.	11	11.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	12	2.00	Tsingtau, Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Dec.	13	D.L.	Tsingtao	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	13	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Dec.	6	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Dec.	7	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	7	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	7	D.L.	Wuhu	Wenchow	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	7	D.L.	Wuhu	Kiuking	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	8	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	8	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	8	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	8	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Dec.	9	D.L.	Pukow	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	9	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	9	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	9	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Dec.	10	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	10	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Waisling	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	10	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	11	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	11	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	12	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating
W.T.W.	———		Snipe	Br. gun-boat
W.T.W.	———		Nightingale	Br. gun-boat
P. & O. B.I.	Aug. 18		Wilmington	Am. gun-boat
S. Creek	Oct. 29		M.A.S. 226	Ital. sub-chaser
S. Creek	Oct. 29		M.A.S. 227	Ital. sub-chaser
O. D. W.	Nov 12		Elcano	Am. gun-boat
1 C.	Nov. 15		Shirayuki	Jap. destroyer
			Nowaki	Jap. destroyer
				Am. gun-boat

CABLES MOORE - SHANGHAI ESTABLISHED 1874 TELEPHONE CENTRAL 155

L. MOORE & Co. LIMITED

AUCTIONEERS : VALUERS : LAND BROKERS
45 KIANGSE ROAD - SHANGHAI

AUCTION INDEX

SATURDAY, December 6.—At Salesrooms 10 a.m. Good Household Furniture and Sundries.

SATURDAY, December 6.—At Nanking Road Jetty noon sharp MOTOR BOAT "Joel" with Cabin, Bunks etc., also 1 Sailing Boat.

MONDAY, December 8.—Superior Household Furniture and Effects at 18 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

TUESDAY, December 9.—The whole of the stock of Cheap Jack at 1287 Broadway at 10 a.m continuing on Wednesday and Thursday.

WEDNESDAY, December 10.—A splendid collection of books in Salesroom at 2:30 p.m.

SATURDAY, December 20th.—A fine collection of Postage Stamps in Salesroom 2.30 p.m.

The Ault & Wiborg (Shanghai) Co.

Manufacturers of:	Agents for:
Letter Press Inks	Miehle Presses
Litho Inks	Scott Offset Presses
Offset Inks	Scott News Presses
Litho Supplies	Scott Litho Presses
Bronze Powders	U.P.M. Bronzing Machine
Carbon Papers	Seybold Paper Cutters
Typewriter Ribbons	Seybold Embossers
Aniline Dyes	Champion Paper Co.
Dry Colours	
Carbon Blacks	

37 Canton Road, Shanghai.

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ON SALE BY ALL GROCERS

VACUUM PACKED—ALWAYS FRESH
The most popular Coffee in the Market

AMERICAN MACHINERY & EXPORT Co.,
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THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

KAIPING Coke Coal

For all Industrial and Household Purposes

No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai

HUNS CALM OVER GREAT WAR DEBT

Bankers And Erzberger Think Financial Chaos Is Also Affair Of Entente

LEAGUE LOAN SUGGESTED

Mark, Almost Worthless Abroad, Must Be Re-Established, It Is Held

Berlin, October 30.—In The Berlin Zeitung am Mittag a statement appeared today to the effect that the German mark had reached the lowest value yet recorded on the Swiss Exchange. At the time this paper appeared Erzberger, Germany's Finance Minister, was explaining to the National Assembly the estimated expenditure for the financial year 1919-1920 was, in round figures 57,500,000,000 marks and that at the close of the financial year the national debt would probably amount to nearly 213,000,000,000 marks. In addition to this debt there are, of course, various municipal and other local debts. Nor can the full estimate yet be made of Germany's indebtedness, as her liability under the Peace Treaty for reconstruction has not yet been fixed.

MARK WORTHLESS

These figures are rather staggering even for a post-war budget. Nor is the effect lessened when one remembers that the mark is now practically worthless abroad, that Germany is still without raw materials, that she is to lose large tracts of territory and large numbers of her population and that her coal and transport difficulties are very great.

Yet the body of the people do not seem to be in the least staggered at the debts they have incurred. They still spend their paper money royally wherever it is to be spent. Probably a greater recognition of their difficulties with the ensuing restriction of luxuries would lead to some amelioration of Germany's financial plight. Or do the Germans believe it is not worth while saving unless and until the Allies come to aid them out of the difficulties which they do not believe themselves capable of surmounting? Probably, for every scheme of regeneration envisages almost inevitably Entente action. One scheme I heard discussed among bankers is one whereby Germany's finances can be restored only by the re-establishment of her mark value by means of a large loan granted by the League of Nations. This loan would be large enough to re-establish values all over Central Europe and would be subscribed to by members of the League, the interest to last during the period of European recuperation being the first charge upon each country's finances.

FLOATING CREDITS

The calculation of the bankers whom I heard discuss this scheme is that each country has lost the war financially; that such a League of Nations loan would depreciate all war loans, and that this depreciation would then be the measure of each country's loss.

Erzberger in his speech today touched upon matters of credits and exchanges and the ability to fulfill treaty obligations, and, while proposing or asking for no heroic schemes, yet he made his opinion abundantly clear that Germany's financial chaos is an affair of the Entente as well as of Germany. Within Germany itself he said much can be done. Production can be increased. He pointed out that floating credits, both inland and abroad, can be consolidated, while the market must be preserved against the folly of unnecessary loan issues.

"But only work can really help us," he said amidst cheers. Perhaps the cheers would have been greater had he been able to say what German workmen were to employ themselves upon.

Launch Services

Tuesday, December 9, 1919

The tender Whangpoo conveying passengers and mails on board the M.M. s.s. Sphinx will leave the M.M. Jetty (French Bund) at 10 a.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the kaki Maru will s jetty at 11 a.m.

nber 12, 1919

conveying pas- ils on board the Maru will leave y at 1 p.m.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date			From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Aug.	10	—	Tsingtau	Ralph Moller	Br.	M. & Co.
Aug.	26	—		Taiten Maru	Jap.	
Oct.	7	—		Chinpu		
Oct.	22	—	Japan	Anamba		
Oct.	30	—	Cruise	Senzan Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai
Nov.	3	—	Cruise	Chuentiao	Chi.	Customs
Nov.	8	—		Store Nordiske	Dan.	G. N. T. Co.
Nov.	12	—	Hongkong	Astra	Br.	
Nov.	13	—	Cruise	St. Dominic	Br	S. Tomes
Nov.	17	—	River ports	Pingching	Chi.	Customs
Nov.	20	—	Japan	Meihu	Am.	Socony
Nov.	22	—	Chinwangtao	Hwahyih	Chi.	D. & Co.
Nov.	24	—	Japan	Hwahchie	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Nov.	24	—	Japan	Nissho Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai
Nov.	25	—	River ports	Nisshu Maru	Jap.	
Nov.	25	—	Tsingtau	Meifoo	Am.	Socony.
Nov.	26	—		Yeinin Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Nov.	28	—	Chinwangtao	Ogawa Maru	Jap.	
Nov.	28	—	Japan	Yei Maru	Jap.	M. T. Co.
Nov.	30	—	Tsingtao	Kaitsu Maru	Jap.	
Nov.	30	—	Chinwangtao	Nippon	Ital.	D. & Co.
Dec.	1	—		Hwahhsin	Chi.	Ch. R. Shaw
Dec.	1	—	Japan	Ceylon	Swed.	E.F.A.
Dec.	1	—	London, ports	Yohiko Maru	Jap.	
Dec.	1	—	Ningpo	Kashgar	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Dec.	1	—	Seattle	Meinan	Am.	Socony.
Dec.	1	—	Japan	Justin	Am.	B.A.T. Co.
Dec.	1	—	Japan	Sado Maru 6	Jap.	S. Shokai
Dec.	2	—	Japan	Tokei Maru	Jap.	M.S.K.
Dec.	2	—	Japan	Shunku Maru	Jap.	
Dec.	2	—	Japan	Taiho Maru	Jap.	
Dec.	2	—	Japan	Carmarthenshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Dec.	2	—	Vladivostok	Euryades	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	2	—	London, ports	Penza	Rus.	R. V. F.
Dec.	2	—	U.S.A.	Glenapp	Br.	G.L.E.A.
Dec.	2	—	Cruise	Wytheville	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	2	—		Likin	Chi.	Customs
Dec.	2	—	Chinwangtao	Meichuen	Am.	Socony
Dec.	2	—	Japan	Upolu	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Dec.	3	—	Swatow	Dainikaio Maru	Jap.	M.S.K.
Dec.	3	—		Paoting	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	4	—	Japan	Tientsin	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	4	—	New York	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec.	4	—	Hongkong	Knight Templar	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	4	—	Dairen	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	4	—	Japan	Keelung M.	Jap.	O. S. K.
Dec.	4	—	Newchwang	Hakushin M.	Jap.	S.M.R.
Dec.	4	—	Dairen	Tungwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Dec.	4	—	Tsingtau	Memnon	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	4	—	Japan	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	4	—	Chinwangtao	Yoro Maru	Jap.	M.S.K.
Dec.	4	—	River ports	Koukai Maru	Jap.	K.M.A.
Dec.	4	—	River ports	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	4	—	River ports	Lingyun	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	4	—	River ports	Tafoo Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Dec.	4	—	Japan	Wooling Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Dec.	4	—	Manila	Shintoku M. 4	Jap	M.B.K.
Dec.	4	—	Japan	Elkhorn	Am.	S. & Dix
Dec.	4	—	Cruise	Tsushima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec.	5	—	Tientsin, ports	Liuhsing	Chi.	Customs
Dec.	5	—		Koonshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	5	—	Japan	Tungshing	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	5	—	Japan	Kenkyu Maru 3	Jap.	M.B.K.
Dec.	5	—	Tsingtau	Sumiyoshi Maru	Jap.	
Dec.	5	—	Chinwangtao	Fumi Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Dec.	5	—	Japan	Rotorua	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	5	—	Hongkong	Toyo Maru	Jap.	M.S.K.
Dec.	5	—	River ports	Wingsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	5	—	River ports	Tehhsing	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	5	—		Nanyang M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
Dec.	5	—	Tientsin	Hozan Maru	Jap.	
Dec.	5	—	Hongkong	Irene	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	5	—		Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
				Ryuyo Maru	Jap.	

Shipping Items

The C.N. s.s. Shengking left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Thursday and is due here tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The N.K.K. s.s Suiyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning left Hongkong for Shanghai on Thursday.

The I-C. s.s. Choysang is due in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow today.

The B.I. s.s. Arratoon Apcar, from Calcutta, left Hongkong on Wednesday at 10 a.m. and is due in Shanghai this morning.

The I-C. s.s. Waishing left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s Chungking left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Tydeus, from Liverpool, left Hongkong at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon and is due in Shanghai this morning at 9 o'clock

The C.M. s.s. Kwangchi left Foochow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchi left Foochow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachi Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Kiukiang left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Thursday and is due here tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Wenchow is due in Shanghai from Swatow today.

The C.N. s.s. Ichang is due in Shanghai from Swatow next Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Yingchow will leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Kutwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Hopsang is due in Shanghai from Hongkong and Swatow next Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro Maru left Nagasaki on Thursday and is due in Shanghai this morning. The Yamashiro will dock at the N.Y.K. Wharf about 7 o'clock.

The M.M. s.s. Sphinx will sail for Marseilles via Hongkong and ports next Tuesday at noon punctually. Passengers may embark at the S.M.R. Whangpoo Wharf from 8 o'clock the same morning and heavy baggages must be delivered to the M.M. godown not later than 2 p.m. Monday.

The P.M. s.s. Venezuela arrived at the Socony Buoy yesterday evening and will sail for Japan ports, Honolulu and San Francisco at 6:30 o'clock this morning. The passenger tender left at 9 o'clock last night.

AMUSEMENTS

VICTORIA THEATRE

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

"The Triumph of Venus"

A strong story, with exceptional and beautiful settings, with aristic photography that spells a perfect picture.

Admission $1.50 and $1.00

Those holding Coupon tickets can use same by paying the difference.

SPECIAL NOTICE

"INTOLERANCE"

will be shown at a Special Matinee, Today, December 6th, at 3.15 p.m.

USUAL MATINEE PRICES

New Helen Theatre
Haining Road.

PROGRAMME for Saturday and Sunday, 6th and 7th.

"The Secret Kingdom"
1st and 2nd Episodes. In 6 Parts.

ALSO SHOWING
One Part Chaplin.

Today Matinee
"The Lightning Raider"
9th and 10th Episodes. and Comedies.

Sunday Matinee
"The Lightning Raider"
9th and 10th Episodes. and
"The Secret Kingdom"
1st and 2nd Episodes.

Dress Circle, 30 Cents: Stalls 20 Cents.

OLYMPIC THEATRE

TONIGHT

GEORGE BEBAM

IN

A QUAINT APPEALING PHOTOPLAY

"HIS SWEETHEART"

A Masterful Blending of Humor, Pathos and Human Interest. A Supreme Photoplay that Tugs at the Heartstrings

ISIS THEATRE

PROGRAMME for Saturday and Sunday, 6th and 7th December

"THE HIDDEN HAND"
3rd and 4th Episodes
Also Three Amusing Comedies

Today Matinee
"THE HIDDEN HAND"
1st, 2nd 3rd and 4th Episodes.

No Matinee on Sunday
Theatre let out to Chinese Students.

Four Episodes of
"THE HIDDEN HAND"
will be shown every week. Two on Monday's Programme and Two on Thursday's Programme.

Amusements

TOWA CINEMA
No. 4 Woochang Road

PROGRAMME for 6th and 7th December

Special Presentation

A CHINESE DRAMA
In Six Reels
and
One Good Comedy

AMUSEMENTS

APOLLO THEATRE

December 6th and 7th
Presents Beautiful and Vivacious

OLIVE THOMAS

"THE BELLE OF BROADWAY!!!!"
AS MASKET CABARET DANCER
in her Terpsichorean Masterpiece

"INDISCREET CORINNE"

This film will be a thrilling surprise for you!! *BECAUSE* You have never lived! In your life there have been no purple moments with bitter-sweet regrets? Your life would be insipid if you miss this picture of the luxury and real life of a nice girl.

You have to see the beautiful young woman with a "past," etc., who creates a furore as a mysterious masked dancer in a downtown cabaret. YOU WILL FALL A VICTIM TO HER CHARMS. Sure!

PATHE'S BRITISH GAZETTE
Two parts Triangle Comedy "WHOSE BABY?"
Time and Prices as Usual

Matinee Saturday 4 p.m. "THE PRIMITIVE CALL" 5 Part Drama

Matinee Sunday 3 p.m. "THE PROFITEERS" 5 Part Drama

Good Things to Eat and Drink
Short Orders a Specialty

THE TROCADERO
4 Astor Road Phone: North 1664

APOLLO THEATRE

December 8th, 9th and 10th

THRILLING!
EXCITING!
PLEASING TO ALL!

A SERIAL OF AMAZING ADVENTURES

THE WORLD'S GREATEST CRIMINALS

THE FIRST TWO Episodes in Six Reels of Tense SENSATION!!

The scenes will be found full of exciting incidents and remarkable episodes.

"THE VAMPIRES" TOLD IN NINE GREAT EPISODES

THE FIRST TWO EPISODES entitled

"ON THE TRACK OF THE VAMPIRES"

THIS IS THE FIRST OF A NEW SERIES OF DETECTIVE STORIES. IT INTRODUCES US TO CHARLES DE LA RUE, one of the staff of "LE CRI DE PARIS," who, as the journal's crime investigator, seeks to unravel the mysteries surrounding the criminal exploits of the "Vampires," a notorious gang of criminals.

Time and Prices as Usual

BOOKING AT ROBINSON'S